

2024 Regional Career Trends

For Career and Technical Education

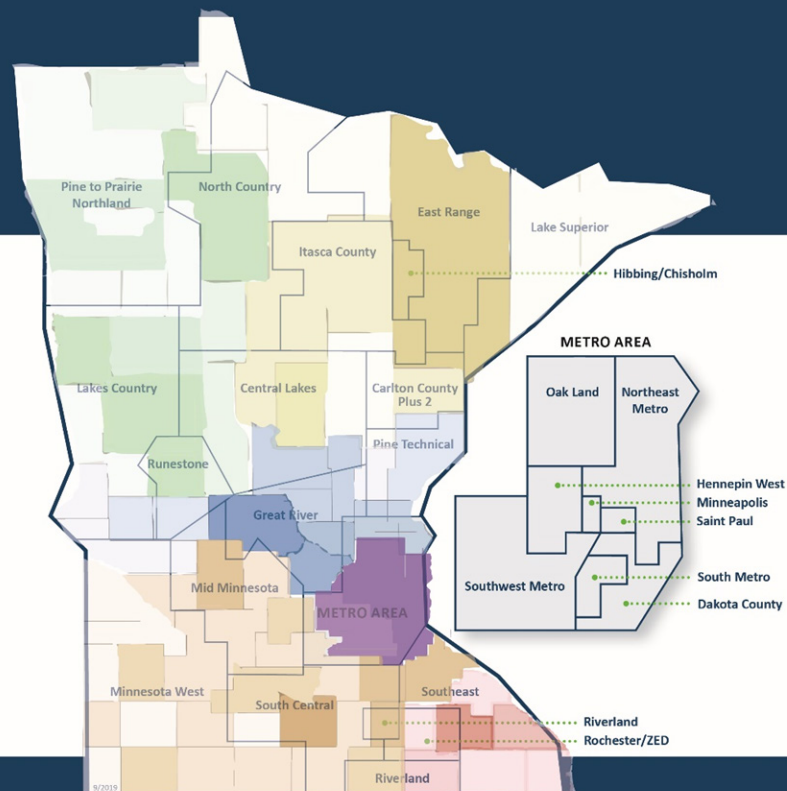


Minnesota

RealTime Talent
370 Wabasha Street N.
St. Paul, MN 55102

Minnesota State
30 East 7th Street
St. Paul, MN 55101

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Overview

Minnesota's workforce landscape is undergoing a dramatic transformation, shaped by a confluence of demographic shifts, technological advancements, and evolving economic needs. As Baby Boomers retire and younger generations enter the labor market, employers are facing an urgent demand for skilled workers across industries ranging from healthcare and manufacturing to tech and green energy. At the same time, the rise of automation and remote work is redefining traditional job roles, prompting businesses to rethink recruitment strategies and workforce development. In this dynamic environment, Minnesota must navigate the challenges of upskilling its existing workforce, ensuring young people have access to well-paying local careers, and attracting new talent to ensure long-term economic growth and resilience.

The local job market remains strong in Minnesota, with a variety of high-quality career opportunities available in every career field. As of October 2024, Minnesota's unemployment rate remained at 3.4% for the fourth consecutive month, with labor force participation also holding steady at 67.7%. The state continues to have more available jobs than jobseekers—about 75 jobseekers for every 100 jobs. Although the job market has changed dramatically since 2018 or 2020, Minnesota is still experiencing significant talent shortages plaguing every industry and career cluster.

This report details the current workforce landscape of Minnesota and the regional nuances of talent demand by career field. The content is intended to support Minnesota Perkins Consortia in navigating changes in their local labor market and guide their understanding of how these changes may impact enrollment, industry, career advancement, and the needed programs of study by region.¹ Each report includes:

- Regional economic and demographic overview
- Career field analysis including regional importance of each sector, key labor market statistics, and forecasting for future demand and talent shortages in the six career fields:
 - Health Science Technology
 - Human Services
 - Arts, Communications, and Information Systems
 - Business, Management, and Administration
 - Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology
 - Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources
- An Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target model analysis for how to help move students from entry points into their field of interest into other aligned careers

About This Report

This report was developed by RealTime Talent for the Career and Technical Education Consortia of Minnesota with funding provided by Minnesota State. The contents of this publication were made possible through the Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins V) Federal grant from the United States Department of Education administered through Minnesota State Colleges and Universities.

¹ All labor market data in this report comes from Chmura Economics JobsEQ Dataset 2024Q1 unless otherwise noted. www.jobseq.com

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Minnesota

Introduction

This report examines the current and future talent needs statewide Minnesota, with highlights of similarities and differences across six regions of the state. Beginning with an analysis of local demographics, unique opportunities, and the key industries driving the regional economy, this macroeconomic overview is designed to help educators and administrators align educational programs with the evolving needs of local businesses. By grouping regional careers by wage, skill requirements, and demand, the report aims to guide the education community in anticipating future workforce demands and ensuring that curricula are tailored to prepare students for relevant career opportunities in the region.

This series has been developed in partnership with Minnesota State through the Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins V) annually since 2020. The 2024 iteration of this report has shifted from a definition of “high-wage” aligned to average (mean) wages to one which more closely aligns to Minnesota’s official definition, “occupations that have an annual median salary higher than the area’s composite median salary of all occupations.” For more information on this and other Career and Technical Education (CTE) definitions, please refer to Minnesota’s Perkins Glossary.²

This report uses an Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupation model, used by the Rework America Alliance and modified in this report by RealTime Talent, and illustrates promising likely and aligned pathways into each career field. This model supports students looking for entry points from an initial occupation of interest into other aligned careers, considering automation, remote work, and the changing work environment. The model is shown below, along with the definitions of each grouping of occupations.

² Perkins Glossary. Section 14. Accessed November 30, 2024 at <https://www.minnstate.edu/system/cte/operational-guide/section-14-glossary.html>

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target (OGT) Model

Target Occupations

High wage (above regional median)

High skill (require some credential)

High demand (2/4 indicators: under 3% unempl, higher than average 5-year growth, total 5-year demand >50% of current empl, high job posting volume)

*often also high occupation gap and award gap

Gateway Occupations

Mid wage (\$45,000 – regional median)

Low-middle skills (HS diploma, some OJT)

Sufficient demand (3-5% unemployment and/or high volumes of current opportunities)

Origin Occupations

Low wage (<\$45,000/year)

Low skill (no credential)

Varied demand (may have over 5% unemployment, low growth, low replacement demand, and/or low job postings)

Origin Occupations are roles that are low-wage (<\$45,000 median annual wages), typically do not require a postsecondary credential, and may or may not be in high demand.

Gateway Occupations are good jobs that can lead to Target Occupations as skills and experience are developed. These typically offer between \$45,000 up to the regional median wage (\$54,100 in Minnesota). Gateway occupations offer a wage uplift to those previously employed in Origin Occupations and offer longer-term economic mobility and career advancement opportunities. These are most often best suited for adult workforce programming and first postsecondary experiences.

Target Occupations refer to high-wage occupations that pay at or above the region's median wage (\$54,100 in Minnesota). These positions are also high-skill—meaning that they require an industry credential, certification, or higher education—and high-demand. Many of these Target Occupations are also facing Opportunity Gaps and Award Gaps locally, labeled below as “OG” and “AG” respectively.

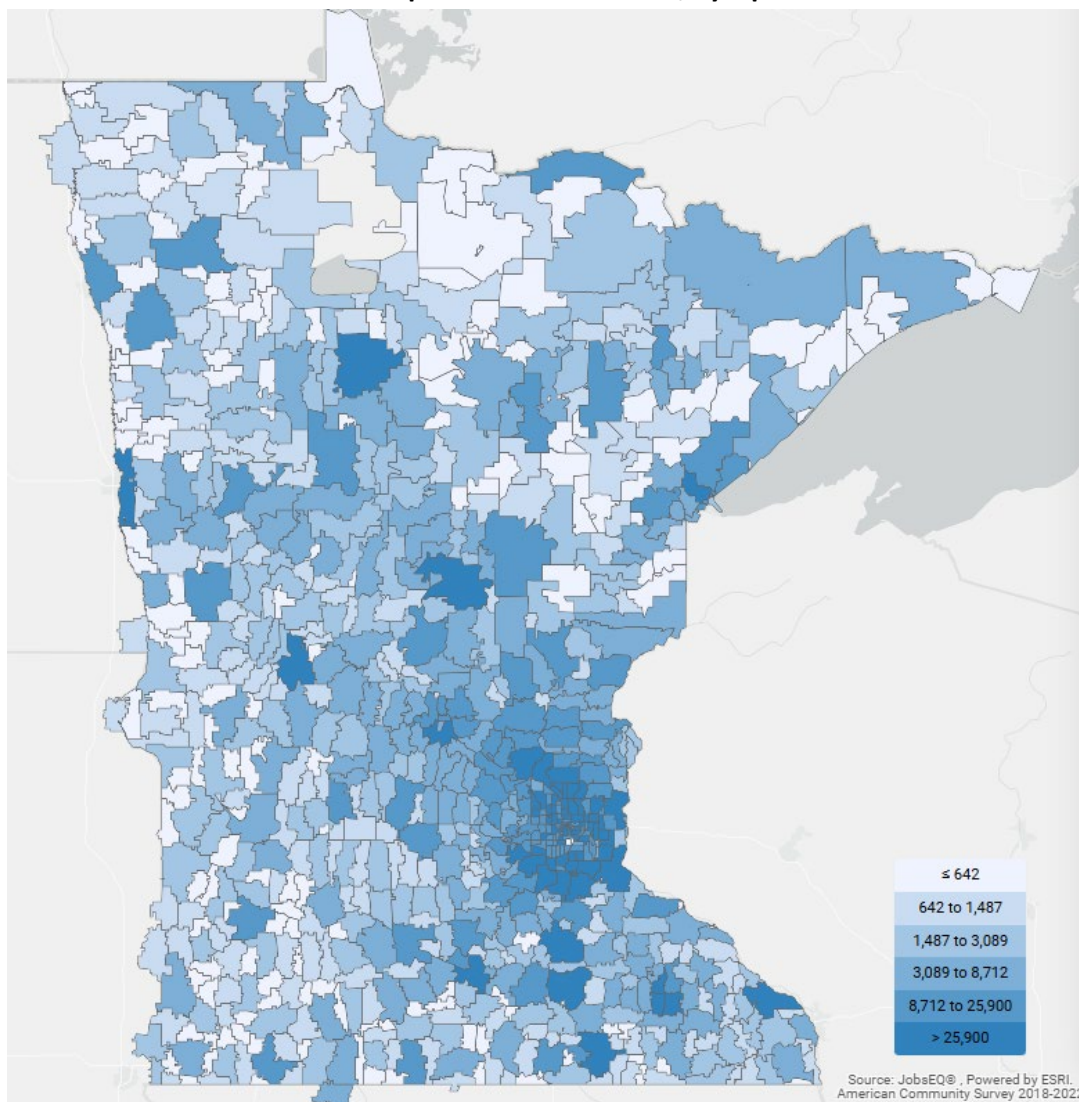
Community Profile

Demographics

POPULATION

- Total population in Minnesota: 5,695,292
 - Change from prior year: +24,820 people
 - Smaller increase than seen in the past two years
- Largest local concentration of population: Minneapolis Saint Paul metro area, with about 55% of the state's population
- Most populous county: Hennepin (22% of the state's population)
- Median age: 38.5 years
 - Comparison to nationwide median (38.5 years): identical
 - Minors under 18 years of age are 23% of Minnesota's population

Resident Population of Minnesota, by Zip Code



American Community Survey 2018-2022.

RACE AND ETHNICITY

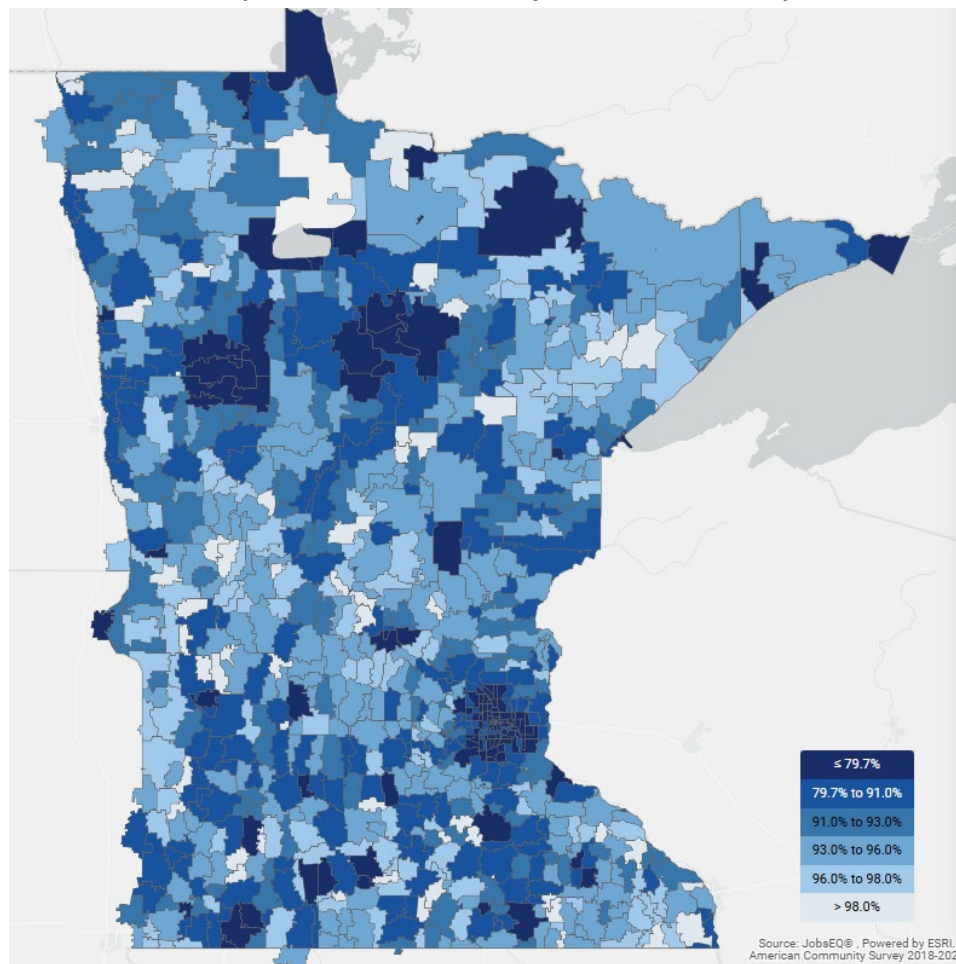
Minnesota is home to residents of many racial and ethnic backgrounds, though 79.7% of residents are white.

- 20.3% of residents are Black, Asian, American Indian, Native Hawaiian, two or more race(s), or some other race other than white (BIPOC), while 5.7% are of Hispanic/Latine ethnicity
- Minnesota has higher share of white residents than the United States as a whole (79.7% in MN compared to 65.9% in the US)
- Minnesota has a slightly higher share of American Indian residents than the US, with 0.9% American Indian residents, vs. 0.8% nationwide
- All other races besides white and American Indian/Alaska Native make up smaller shares of the Minnesota population than they do nationally
- Racial and ethnic diversity in Minnesota continues to increase, trending steadily upward

Diversity varies by region of Minnesota, with diverse populations found all over the state:

- The MSP Metro is the most diverse region by race, with 27.5% BIPOC residents
- Southwest Minnesota has the largest share of Hispanic/Latine residents, at 7.9%
- Several small communities, Minnesota's local American Indian tribal nations, and the very tip of Minnesota's Arrowhead region have higher than the state average share of BIPOC residents (>20.3%, shown in dark blue in the map below)

Share of Population that is White by Race, Minnesota Zip Codes



American Community Survey 2018-2022.

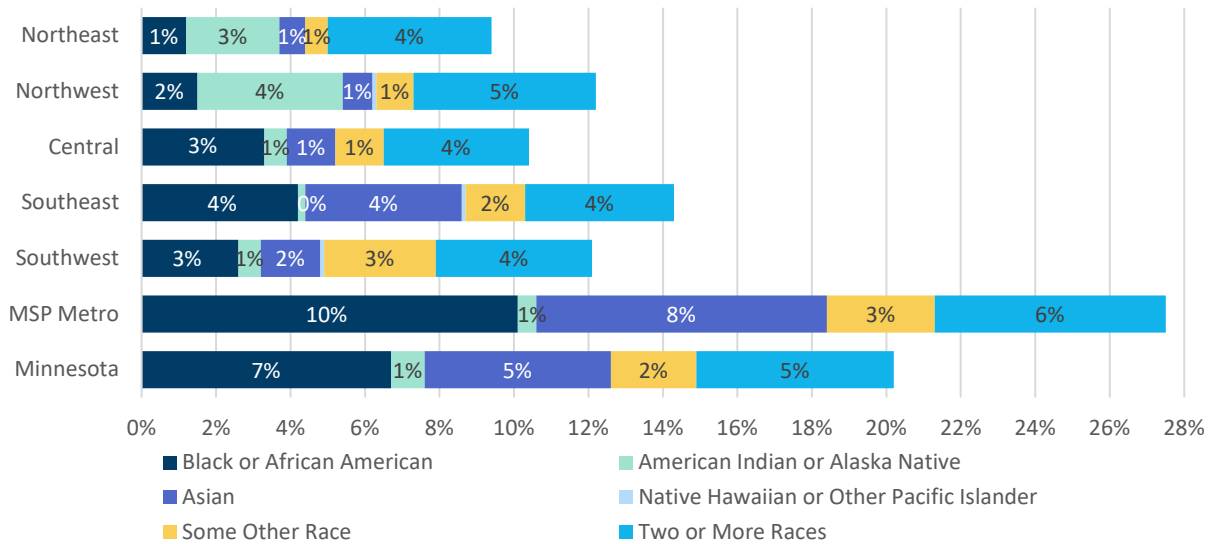
Race and Ethnicity Summary Info

Geography	% BIPOC by Race	% white by Race	% Hispanic/Latine Ethnicity
Northeast	9.3%	90.7%	1.8%
Northwest	12.2%	87.8%	3.8%
Central	10.4%	89.6%	3.2%
Southeast	14.3%	85.7%	5.3%
Southwest	12.1%	87.9%	7.9%
MSP Metro	27.5%	72.5%	6.7%
Minnesota	20.3%	79.7%	5.7%

American Community Survey 2018-2022.

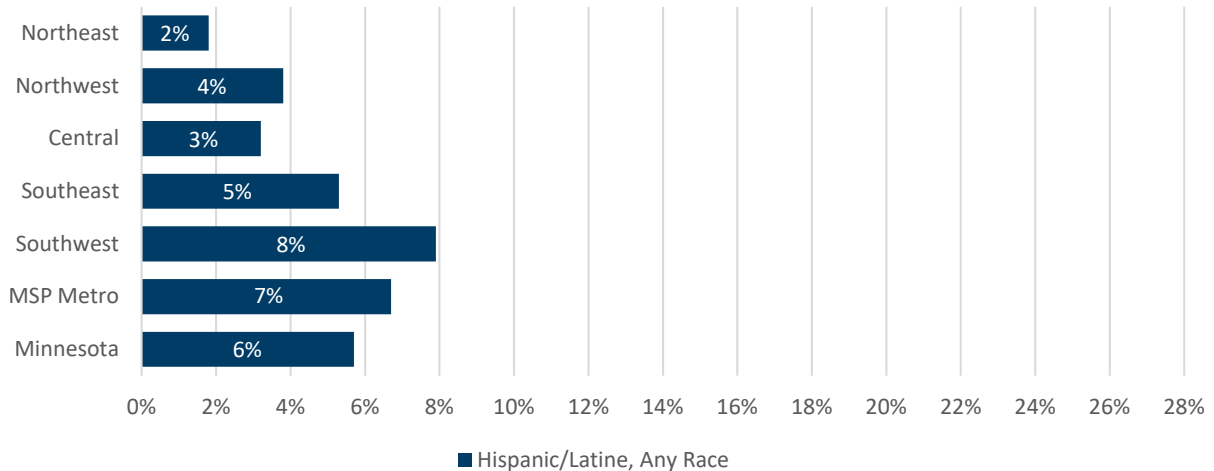
BIPOC residents are those who identify as Black, Asian, American Indian, Native Hawaiian, two or more races, or some other race other than white
Hispanic/Latine ethnicity is reported separately from race in the American Community Survey.

Population Race of BIPOC Residents, All Ages



American Community Survey 2018-2022.

Population Hispanic/Latine Ethnicity, All Ages



American Community Survey 2018-2022.

Detailed Community Demographics

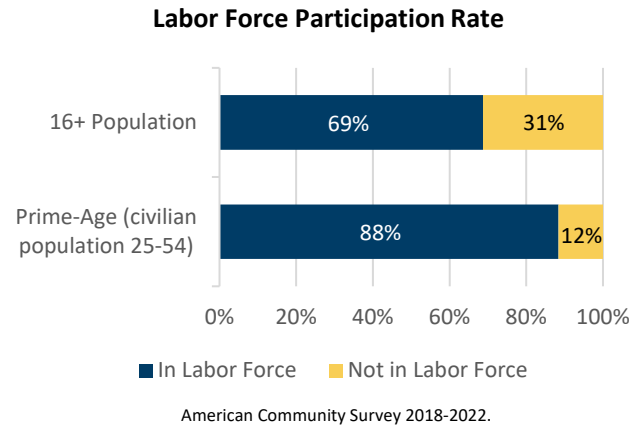
Demographics	Region			Region			Region (Value)		
	Rural Greater MN	Urban Greater MN	Suburban Twin Cities Metro	MSP Metro	Minnesota	USA	MSP Metro	Minnesota	USA
Population (ACS)	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,148,367	5,695,292	331,097,593
Male	50.8%	50.4%	49.6%	49.8%	50.2%	49.6%	1,567,647	2,857,964	164,200,298
Female	49.2%	49.6%	50.4%	50.2%	49.8%	50.4%	1,580,720	2,837,328	166,897,295
Median Age ²	—	—	—	—	—	—	37.6	38.5	38.5
Under 18 Years	23.1%	22.2%	23.9%	23.1%	23.0%	22.1%	725,970	1,307,084	73,213,705
18 to 24 Years	8.3%	12.0%	7.3%	8.6%	9.0%	9.4%	269,588	513,816	31,282,896
25 to 34 Years	11.0%	12.4%	12.6%	14.6%	13.2%	13.7%	459,318	751,997	45,388,153
35 to 44 Years	12.1%	12.5%	13.9%	14.0%	13.2%	12.9%	439,630	751,128	42,810,359
45 to 54 Years	11.6%	10.9%	12.9%	12.3%	11.9%	12.4%	385,986	675,835	41,087,357
55 to 64 Years	14.3%	12.9%	13.7%	12.8%	13.3%	12.9%	404,317	756,036	42,577,475
65 to 74 Years	11.2%	9.8%	9.3%	8.8%	9.7%	9.7%	278,540	550,838	32,260,679
75 Years, and Over	8.4%	7.3%	6.3%	5.9%	6.8%	6.8%	185,018	388,558	22,476,969
Race: White	89.2%	87.2%	77.0%	72.5%	79.7%	65.9%	2,283,001	4,537,219	218,123,424
Race: Black or African American	1.6%	4.4%	7.7%	10.1%	6.7%	12.5%	316,468	382,082	41,288,572
Race: American Indian and Alaska Native	1.7%	0.8%	0.4%	0.5%	0.9%	0.8%	15,906	51,434	2,786,431
Race: Asian	1.2%	2.2%	6.8%	7.8%	5.0%	5.8%	246,215	286,146	19,112,979
Race: Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	757	2,324	624,863
Race: Some Other Race	1.9%	1.2%	2.4%	2.9%	2.3%	6.0%	91,227	133,098	20,018,544
Race: Two or More Races	4.3%	4.1%	5.6%	6.2%	5.3%	8.8%	194,793	302,989	29,142,780
Hispanic or Latino (of any race)	5.1%	3.7%	5.7%	6.7%	5.7%	18.7%	210,024	327,049	61,755,866

American Community Survey 2018-2022.

Economic and Social Characteristics

LABOR FORCE PARTICIPATION

- Civilian labor force: 3,112,649 workers (an increase of 6,865 from the prior year)
- Labor force participation rate: 68.7%
 - This surpasses the national rate by over 5 percentage points
- Participation rate for the prime working-age population (ages 25 to 54): 88.4%.
 - This surpasses the national rate of 82.8%



SOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

- Minnesota has a lower share of veterans and of people with disabilities than the national average:
 - Veterans are 3.5% of the state population vs. 4.3% nationwide
 - People with disabilities are 9.2% in the state vs. 10.5% nationwide
- Labor force participation for those groups is higher in Minnesota than statewide:
 - Veteran labor force participation in Minnesota is 81.1% vs. 77.1% nationwide
 - Labor force participation rate for people with disabilities is 54.4% in the state vs. 45.5% nationwide
- Minnesota has a lower share of residents in poverty than the national average:
 - 9.3% in Minnesota vs. 12.5% nationwide
- Poverty rates vary between communities:
 - Suburban Twin Cities Metro has the lowest rate, at 6.0%
 - Urban Greater Minnesota has the highest rate, at 11.6%

Detailed Economic and Social Characteristics

Characteristic	Region			Region			Region (Value)		
	Rural Greater MN	Urban Greater MN	Suburban Twin Cities Metro	MSP Metro	Minnesota	USA	MSP Metro	Minnesota	USA
Labor Force Participation Rate and Size (civilian population 16 years and over)	64.8%	67.5%	70.8%	71.0%	68.7%	63.3%	1,776,931	3,112,649	167,857,207
Prime-Age Labor Force Participation Rate and Size (civilian population 25-54)	87.1%	88.2%	89.8%	89.1%	88.4%	82.8%	1,143,680	1,924,211	106,380,520
Armed Forces Labor Force	0.1%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.5%	1,929	4,104	1,236,378
Veterans, Age 18-64	4.2%	3.9%	3.3%	3.0%	3.5%	4.3%	58,744	119,296	8,636,019
Veterans Labor Force Participation Rate and Size, Age 18-64	78.0%	78.8%	86.2%	83.9%	81.1%	77.1%	49,303	96,710	6,656,238
Median Household Income ²	—	—	—	—	—	—	\$94,934	\$84,313	\$75,149
Per Capita Income	—	—	—	—	—	—	\$50,581	\$44,947	\$41,261
Poverty Level (of all people)	9.5%	11.6%	6.0%	8.5%	9.3%	12.5%	263,051	516,284	40,521,584
Households Receiving Food Stamps/SNAP	7.4%	8.3%	5.2%	7.2%	7.4%	11.5%	89,613	167,713	14,486,880
Enrolled in Grade 12 (% of total population)	1.4%	1.3%	1.6%	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	46,478	80,290	4,476,703
Disconnected Youth ³	2.1%	1.6%	1.3%	1.6%	1.7%	2.5%	2,463	5,089	430,795
Children in Single Parent Families (% of all children)	28.3%	28.1%	25.1%	28.4%	28.3%	34.0%	198,921	355,832	23,568,955
Uninsured	5.4%	4.1%	3.7%	4.4%	4.6%	8.7%	137,032	260,483	28,315,092
With a Disability, Age 18-64	10.3%	10.1%	7.6%	8.4%	9.2%	10.5%	163,686	313,760	20,879,820
With a Disability, Age 18-64, Labor Force Participation Rate and Size	52.1%	54.2%	57.5%	55.8%	54.4%	45.5%	91,325	170,629	9,492,098
Foreign Born	3.5%	5.3%	10.5%	12.0%	8.5%	13.7%	377,728	481,922	45,281,071

American Community Survey 2018-2022.

*Median values for certain aggregate regions (such as MSAs) may be estimated as the weighted averages of the median values from the composing counties.

**Disconnected Youth are 16-19 year olds who are (1) not in school, (2) not high school graduates, and (3) either unemployed or not in the labor force.

Education

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

- Overall, Minnesota residents have higher education attainment than the national average
 - In Minnesota, 5.9% of adults aged 25-64 do not have a high school diploma or equivalent—compared to 10.1% nationwide

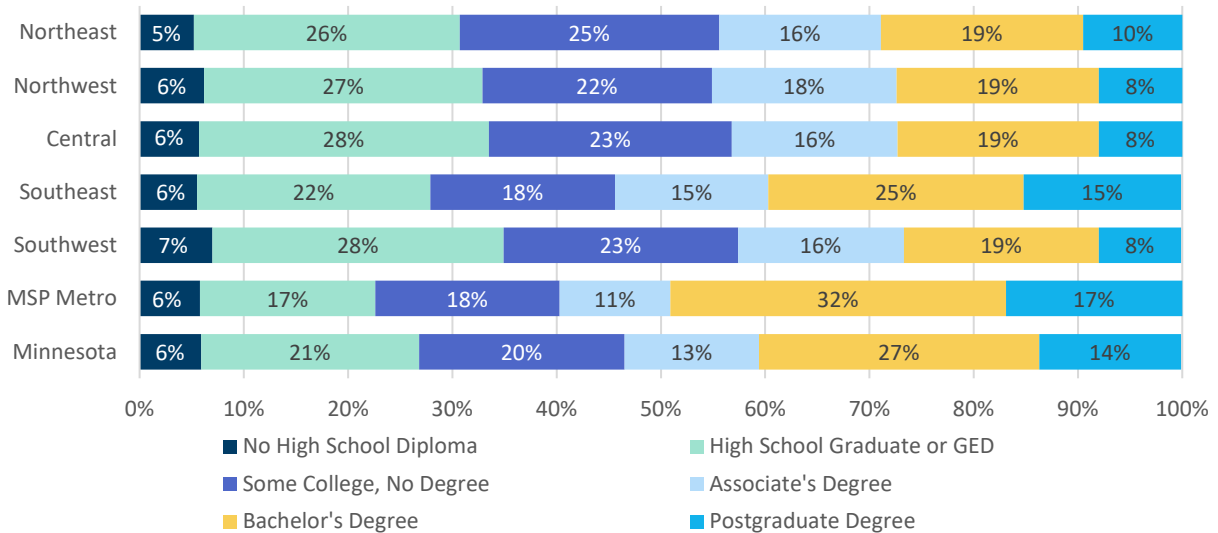
- A high school diploma is the highest level of education for 20.9% of adults in Minnesota, compared to 25.1% in the U.S.
- 53.4% of Minnesota adults have an associate degree or higher, compared to 45.0% nationally
- Educational attainment varies among regions of Minnesota:
 - The MSP Metro is the most highly educated region, with 49.1% holding a bachelor’s degree or higher
 - Southwest Minnesota has the largest share of its population that didn’t finish high school or holds a high school diploma as their highest education, at 34.9%

Educational Attainment of Minnesota Residents, Age 25-64

Educational Attainment	Region			Region			Region (Value)		
	Rural Greater MN	Urban Greater MN	Suburban Twin Cities Metro	MSP Metro	Minnesota	USA	MSP Metro	Minnesota	USA
No High School Diploma	6.5%	5.2%	4.5%	5.8%	5.9%	10.1%	98,721	173,843	17,373,867
High School Graduate	28.7%	22.4%	17.3%	16.8%	20.9%	25.1%	283,912	614,415	43,176,248
Some College, No Degree	23.0%	21.4%	18.3%	17.7%	19.7%	19.7%	298,796	578,062	33,916,989
Associate Degree	16.1%	15.7%	11.6%	10.6%	12.9%	9.2%	179,225	377,910	15,886,884
Bachelor’s Degree	18.3%	23.0%	32.4%	32.2%	26.9%	22.4%	543,183	790,857	38,451,123
Postgraduate Degree	7.5%	12.4%	15.8%	16.9%	13.6%	13.4%	285,414	399,909	23,058,233

American Community Survey 2018-2022.

Educational Attainment, Age 25-64



American Community Survey 2018-2022.

REGIONAL COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES

Minnesota has 91 institutions of higher education that offer both degree and non-degree awards, two-year degrees, four-year degrees, and graduate degrees. This list includes Minnesota-based schools with fully online

programming.³ The table below shows these postsecondary institutions sorted by total awards conferred from all programs during SY2022-23. Total awards continued to drop, at 105,176 awards conferred in the region in SY2022-23, compared to 107,337 awards conferred in the region in SY2021-22. Capella and Walden Universities, which both offer a broad range of online programming, ranked first and third by total awards conferred, with the University of Minnesota-Twin Cities ranking second.

Postsecondary Awards by Institution, School Year 2022-23

School	Certificate		Associate	Certificate		Bachelor's	Post-Bacc	Master's	Post Master's/Doctorate	Total Awards	Total School Enrollment	Avg Net Price*
	< 1 Yr	1+ but < 2 Yr		2+ but < 4 Yr	5+ Yr							
Capella University	0	3	0	0	0	7,543	653	6,955	1,077	16,231	39,727	\$17,840
University of Minnesota-Twin Cities	187	11	0	0	0	8,508	221	3,100	1,804	13,831	54,955	\$17,468
Walden University	0	0	0	0	0	1,399	327	8,833	1,732	12,291	42,312	\$18,772
Minnesota State University-Mankato	161	0	71	0	0	2,704	215	606	85	3,842	14,590	\$15,832
University of St Thomas	0	0	44	17	0	1,533	200	886	207	2,887	9,025	\$30,099
University of Minnesota-Duluth	37	0	0	0	0	2,070	1	202	3	2,313	9,675	\$16,960
Saint Cloud State University	41	0	111	0	0	1,372	124	505	19	2,172	10,420	\$13,615
Rasmussen University-Minnesota	323	170	1,087	0	0	141	0	252	12	1,985	3,058	\$18,239
Century College	504	382	1,041	35	0	0	0	0	0	1,962	7,646	\$10,901
Concordia University-Saint Paul	2	0	30	0	0	893	27	880	123	1,955	5,544	\$15,944
Metropolitan State University	9	11	0	0	0	1,567	22	206	15	1,830	6,294	\$16,830
Winona State University	0	0	40	0	0	1,447	30	198	61	1,776	6,154	\$17,283
Saint Mary's University of Minnesota	0	0	0	0	0	385	115	985	135	1,620	4,133	\$21,606
Hennepin Technical College	662	422	478	51	0	0	0	0	0	1,613	3,974	\$11,194
Minnesota State University Moorhead	46	0	13	0	0	1,042	10	282	70	1,463	4,682	\$17,254
Normandale Community College	255	0	1,115	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,370	9,346	\$12,354
St Catherine University	15	0	154	0	0	616	46	421	93	1,345	3,577	\$19,252
Minneapolis Community and Technical College	422	150	733	7	0	0	0	0	0	1,312	6,030	\$12,314
The College of Saint Scholastica	10	0	0	0	0	706	98	285	197	1,296	3,207	\$25,744
Saint Paul College	350	297	526	65	0	0	0	0	0	1,238	5,365	\$12,391
Bethel University	15	0	34	0	0	638	35	286	38	1,046	3,546	\$28,840
Bemidji State University	16	6	40	0	0	891	0	88	0	1,041	4,023	\$15,594

³ This was the second year where five campuses in the Minnesota State system were reported together as Minnesota North College, dropping the total number of schools down by four. There still remain multiple campuses for Minnesota North College.

School	Certificate		Associate	Certificate		Bachelor's	Post-Bacc	Master's	Post Master's/ Doctorate	Total Awards	Total School Enrollment	Avg Net Price*
	< 1 Yr	1+ but < 2 Yr		2+ but < 4 Yr	5+ but < 6 Yr							
Anoka-Ramsey Community College	56	17	967	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,040	7,902	\$10,929
Minnesota State Community and Technical College	60	216	654	69	0	0	0	0	0	999	5,282	\$10,119
Hamline University	3	9	0	0	475	163	266	71	0	987	2,638	\$20,239
Minnesota North College	180	122	598	82	0	0	0	0	0	982	3,044	\$9,151
Rochester Community and Technical College	166	67	668	36	0	0	0	0	0	937	4,482	\$13,522
St Olaf College	0	0	0	0	926	0	0	0	0	926	3,046	\$27,729
Lake Superior College	140	100	612	46	0	0	0	0	0	898	3,849	\$13,682
North Hennepin Community College	350	17	512	0	0	0	0	0	0	879	4,896	\$11,368
Central Lakes College-Brainerd	135	198	490	53	0	0	0	0	0	876	4,633	\$12,279
St Cloud Technical and Community College	24	161	628	61	0	0	0	0	0	874	3,466	\$8,404
Anoka Technical College	434	188	166	71	0	0	0	0	0	859	1,580	\$12,407
Ridgewater College	58	123	560	105	0	0	0	0	0	846	2,904	\$11,014
Augsburg University	0	0	0	0	551	6	230	26	0	813	3,088	\$23,871
Dakota County Technical College	149	210	421	12	0	0	0	0	0	792	2,717	\$11,472
Riverland Community College	146	130	398	105	0	0	0	0	0	779	3,175	\$9,276
Minnesota West Community and Technical College	340	176	237	19	0	0	0	0	0	772	3,352	\$11,356
Alexandria Technical & Community College	158	132	397	54	0	0	0	0	0	741	2,865	\$13,189
Gustavus Adolphus College	0	0	0	0	686	0	0	0	0	686	2,072	\$27,657
Macalester College	0	0	0	0	684	0	0	0	0	684	2,175	\$30,939
Southwest Minnesota State University	11	0	20	0	456	14	161	12	0	674	6,930	\$14,061
University of Northwestern-St Paul	0	0	33	0	581	5	50	0	0	669	3,253	\$22,965
Inver Hills Community College	214	20	432	0	0	0	0	0	0	666	3,459	\$10,184
Northland Community and Technical College	122	166	339	31	0	0	0	0	0	658	2,495	\$11,952
South Central College	114	71	379	37	0	0	0	0	0	601	2,602	\$10,025
Carleton College	0	0	0	0	557	0	0	0	0	557	2,059	\$31,718
Mayo Clinic College of Medicine and Science	114	122	0	0	0	44	45	219	0	544	1,237	\$11,188
Concordia College at Moorhead	0	0	0	0	482	0	16	0	0	498	1,903	\$23,890
Dunwoody College of Technology	23	19	358	0	89	0	0	0	0	489	1,359	\$24,738

School	Certificate			Certificate		Bachelor's	Post-Bacc	Master's	Post Master's/Doctorate	Total Awards	Total School Enrollment	Avg Net Price*
	Certificate < 1 Yr	1+ but < 2 Yr	Associate	2+ but < 4 Yr								
Summit Academy Opportunities Industrialization Center	484	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	484	440	\$16,725
College of Saint Benedict	0	0	0	0	429	0	0	0	0	429	1,470	\$28,269
Pine Technical & Community College	201	89	129	0	0	0	0	0	0	419	1,873	\$10,971
University of Minnesota-Crookston	9	0	0	0	398	0	0	0	0	407	2,303	\$11,925
Minnesota State College Southeast	103	110	173	2	0	0	0	0	0	388	1,923	\$14,965
Saint Johns University	0	0	0	0	351	0	26	0	0	377	1,645	\$27,750
Aveda Arts & Sciences Institute Minneapolis	181	162	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	343	508	\$17,977
Crown College	1	1	29	0	183	0	129	0	0	343	1,583	\$25,513
Mitchell Hamline School of Law	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	308	0	327	1,192	
Herzing University-Minneapolis	0	61	50	0	172	0	7	0	0	290	815	\$22,055
Northwestern Health Sciences University	0	23	45	0	18	1	35	153	0	275	1,031	\$23,003
University of Minnesota-Morris	0	0	0	0	263	0	0	0	0	263	1,068	\$11,652
Martin Luther College	59	1	0	3	174	0	17	0	0	254	880	\$21,988
Northwest Technical College	40	27	122	49	0	0	0	0	0	238	721	\$12,540
North Central University	0	0	0	0	207	0	14	0	0	221	992	\$24,232
Fond du Lac Tribal and Community College	30	37	144	0	0	0	0	0	0	211	1,648	\$10,307
Minneapolis College of Art and Design	0	0	0	0	125	0	40	0	0	165	821	\$28,520
University of Minnesota-Rochester	0	0	0	0	159	0	0	0	0	159	630	\$14,198
Bethany Global University	1	17	6	0	108	0	15	0	0	147	261	\$19,093
Bethany Lutheran College	0	8	0	0	129	0	7	0	0	144	830	\$17,640
Luther Seminary	0	0	0	0	0	0	135	4	0	139	410	
Nova Academy of Cosmetology	46	86	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	132	193	\$17,312
Nova Academy of Cosmetology Woodbury	76	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	114	150	\$16,730
Empire Beauty School-Bloomington	57	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	142	\$16,566
Model College of Hair Design	49	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	115	\$12,185
PCI Academy-Plymouth	58	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	73	
Adler Graduate School	0	0	0	0	0	1	75	9	0	85	227	

School	Certificate		Associate	Certificate		Bachelor's	Post-Bacc	Master's	Post Master's/Doctorate	Total Awards	Total School Enrollment	Avg Net Price*
	< 1 Yr	1+ but < 2 Yr		2+ but < 4 Yr	4+ Yr							
The Salon Professional Academy Maplewood	25	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	54	0	
Bethlehem College & Seminary	0	0	1	0	18	0	34	0	0	53	242	\$7,500
Hazelden Betty Ford Graduate School	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	50	147	
Empire Beauty School-Spring Lake Park	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	95	\$15,342
Leech Lake Tribal College	0	2	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	42	172	\$9,947
United Theological Seminary of the Twin Cities	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	5	0	32	224	
Red Lake Nation College	0	0	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	29	184	\$6,956
White Earth Tribal and Community College	6	0	21	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	102	\$8,562
Avalon School of Cosmetology	8	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	23	26	\$9,861
Oak Hills Christian College	0	2	7	0	6	0	0	0	0	15	102	\$20,855
Academy College	0	0	5	0	9	0	0	0	0	14	105	\$24,488
Hastings Beauty School	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	13	\$12,926
American Academy of Health and Wellness	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	1	0	6	23	
Total	7,486	4,592	15,187	1,010	41,691	2,377	26,354	6,479	105,176			

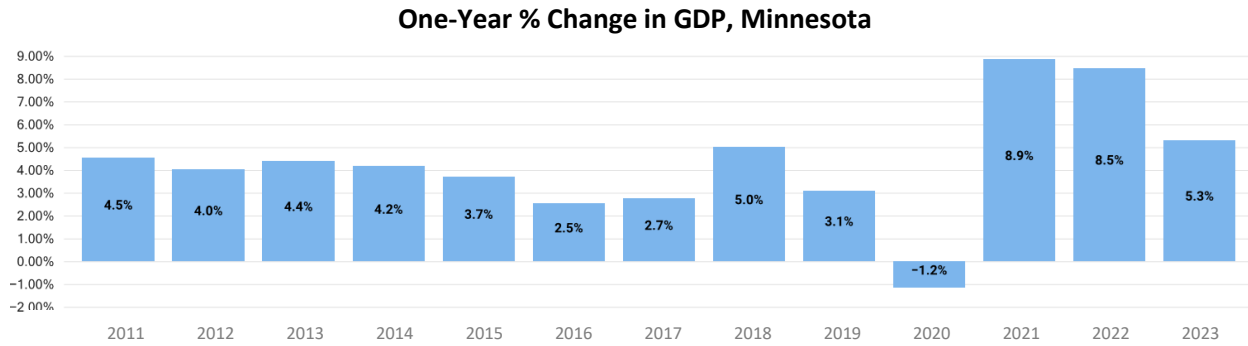
* Average net price represents full-time beginning undergraduate students who paid the in-state or in-district tuition rate and were awarded grant or scholarship aid from federal, state or local governments, or the institution. Data as of the 2022-2023 academic year.

Economy

Economic Indicators

GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) is the total value of goods and services produced by a region. In 2023, nominal GDP in Minnesota expanded 5.3%. This follows growth of 8.5% in 2022. As of 2023, total GDP in Minnesota was \$471,820,009,000—of which \$308,412,695,000 is attributed to the MSP Metro.



Gross Domestic Product data are provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, imputed by Chmura where necessary, updated through 2023

INDUSTRY CONTRIBUTIONS TO GDP

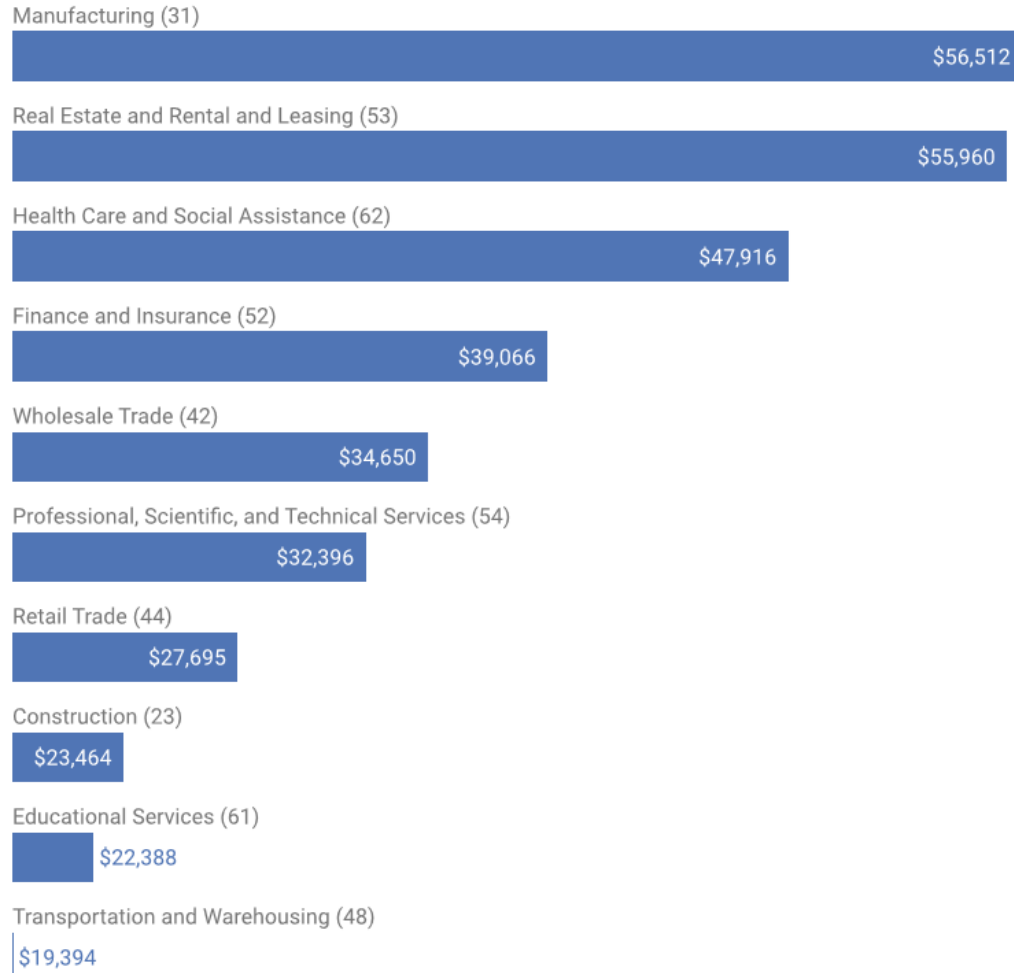
Top Industry Contributions to GDP (2023):

1. Manufacturing: \$56.5 billion
2. Real Estate and Rental and Leasing: \$56.0 billion
3. Health Care and Social Assistance: \$47.9 billion
4. Finance and Insurance: \$39.0 billion

Key Changes:

- While most industries saw increased output, two of the four top industries did not: Manufacturing and Finance and Insurance both decreased
- Transportation and Warehousing rose to 10th place in 2023
- Management of Companies and Enterprises fell of the list of top ten industry contributions to GDP

Industry Contributions to GDP in Minnesota (in \$ Millions), 2023



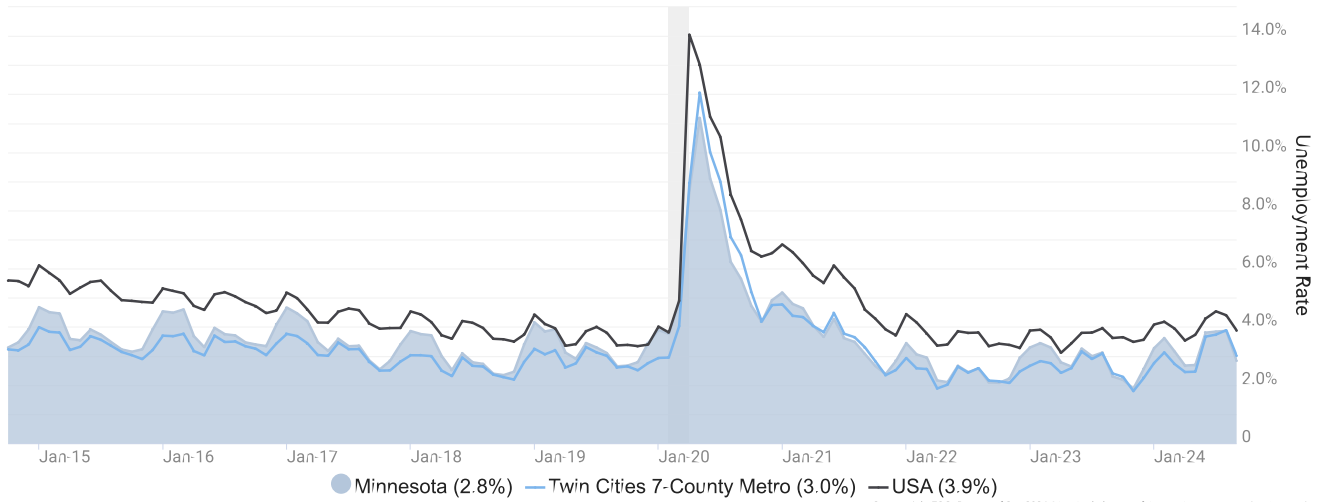
Gross Domestic Product data are provided by the Bureau of Economic Analysis, imputed by Chmura where necessary, updated through 2023.

Labor Market

UNEMPLOYMENT TRENDS

- The unemployment rate in Minnesota was 2.8% as of September 2024
 - The regional unemployment rate was lower than the national rate of 3.9%
 - One year earlier, in September 2023, the unemployment rate in Minnesota was 2.3%.

Unemployment for Minnesota



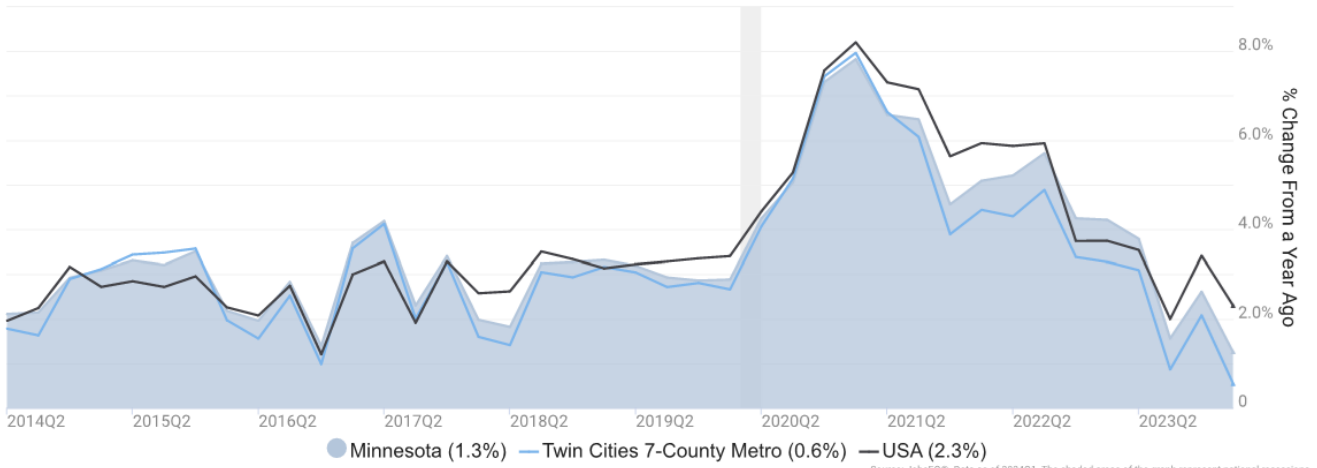
Unemployment rate data are from the Local Area Unemployment Statistics, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and updated through September 2024.

WAGE TRENDS

- In Minnesota, average annual wages were \$70,230 as of 2024Q1
 - This is an increase of 1.3% over the past four quarters, as compared to a 5.0% increase the previous year
- Nationwide, average annual wages were \$70,857 as of 2024Q1
 - This represents an increase from \$70,318 as of 2023Q2 and \$67,777 in 2022Q2

Change in Average Annual Wages for Minnesota

Average Annual Wages for Minnesota

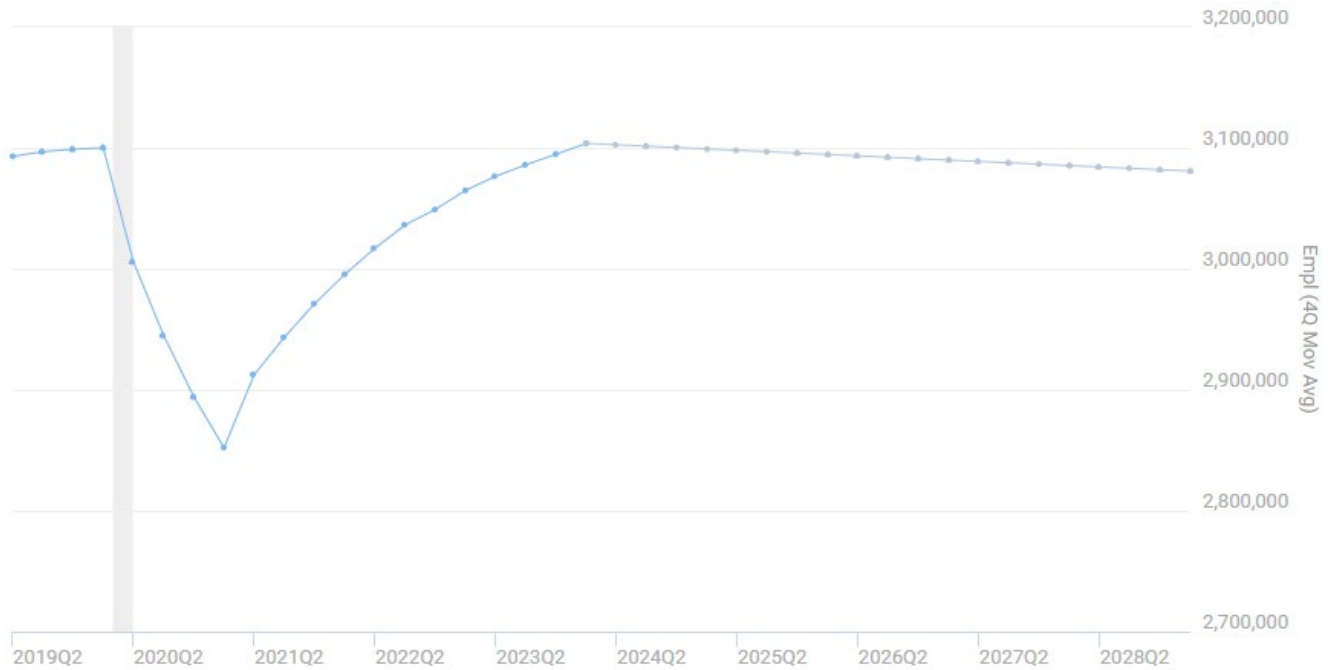


Annual average wages per worker data are derived from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages, provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics and imputed where necessary. Data are updated through 2023Q4 with preliminary estimates updated to 2024Q1.

EMPLOYMENT TRENDS AND FORECAST

Employment rose by 1.0% in Minnesota between 2023Q1 and 2024Q1, growing more slowly than the prior 12 months. Employment in the region is forecast to decline by -0.1% on average annually through 2029Q1 in a baseline scenario.

5-Year Employment Forecast in Minnesota



INDUSTRY CLUSTER FORECASTS

Employment forecasts vary considerably by industry. An industry cluster is a geographic concentration of interrelated industries or occupations. The chart below shows industry clusters employing talent in Minnesota. The larger the circle, the more concentrated the industry is in the region (compared to the national average); this is called a Location Quotient (LQ). Clusters are positioned on the chart based on their wages and forecast employment. Clusters higher up on the Y-axis of the chart have higher average wages, and clusters located further to the right on the X-axis of the chart have higher forecasted employment growth. In summary, large circles in the top-right corner of the chart would be considered high-wage, high-growth, uniquely important clusters for the region's economy. Smaller circles further to the bottom-left corner of the chart would be lower-wage, declining, underrepresented clusters.

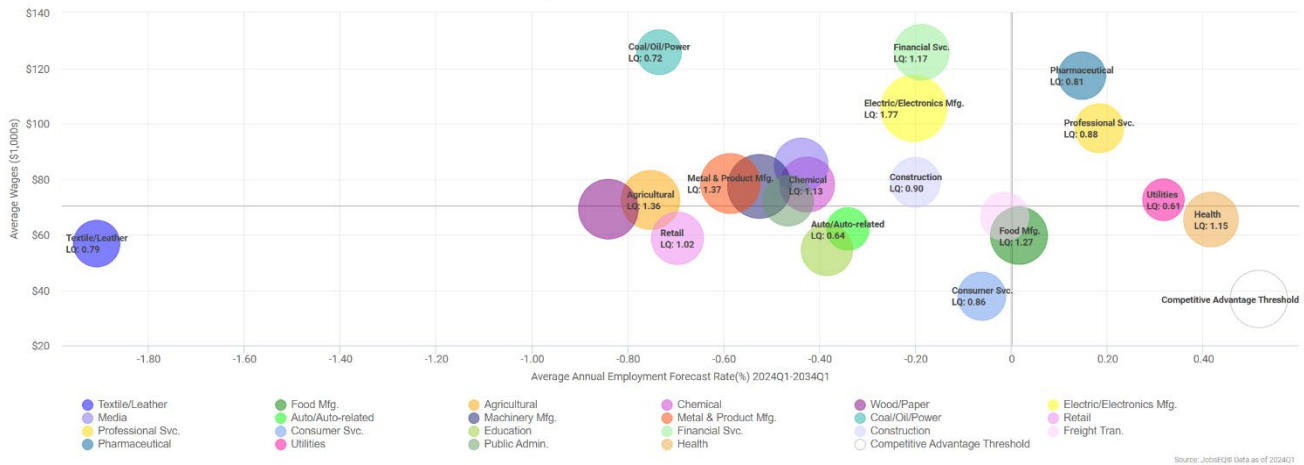
The most highly concentrated cluster in Minnesota is Electric/Electronics Manufacturing:

- Location Quotient: 1.77 (equal to 2023)
- Employment: 57,826 workers (up by ~100 from 2023)
- Average Wage: \$105,486 (down ~ \$500 from 2023)
- Employment Forecast: Projected to decline by -0.2% annually over the next 10 years

Industry Cluster Employment Forecast Trends:

- Health, Utilities, Professional Services, Pharmaceutical, and Food Manufacturing are the only industry clusters projected to have positive average employment growth in the region; all others are forecast to shrink
- Most industries saw worsening forecasted employment from 2023Q2 to 2024Q1

Industry Clusters for Minnesota as of 2024Q1



Quantifying Talent Shortages

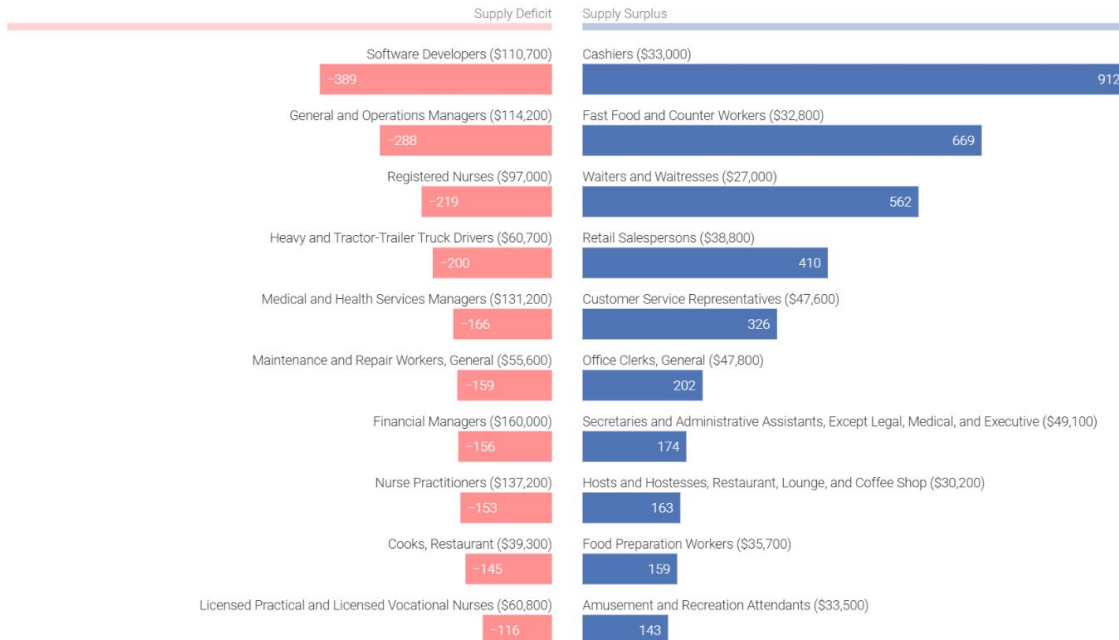
Occupation Gaps

The chart below shows the potential average annual talent gaps by occupation in Minnesota over the next ten years. This summary estimate is based on a forecast comparing occupation demand growth to the local population growth and the projected educational attainment of those residents, matched to specific related programs offered locally. When an area, for example, has an occupation expected to grow quickly but the educational requirement for the occupation does not match well with the educational attainment of its residents, there is a high potential for an occupation shortfall in the region. Alternatively, slow-growing or contracting occupations often represent potential supply surpluses. While this an important high-level analysis for determining local occupation needs, the occupation gap should be considered along with other regional data including growth and separation forecasts, unemployment rates, wage trends, award and skill gap analyses, as well as local employer insights.

Key Insights:

- Software Developers, General and Operations Managers, and Registered Nurses are the top occupations in talent shortage, although these shortages are smaller than those seen in 2023
- Growing talent shortage of Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers and Maintenance and Repair Workers
- Continuing talent surplus of Cashiers, Fast Food and Counter Workers, Waiters and Waitresses, and Retail Workers
- Amusement and Recreation Attendants is newly on the list of top occupation shortages, and Bartenders is no longer on the list

Average Annual Occupation Gaps (i.e. Talent Shortage), 2024Q1 through 2034Q1



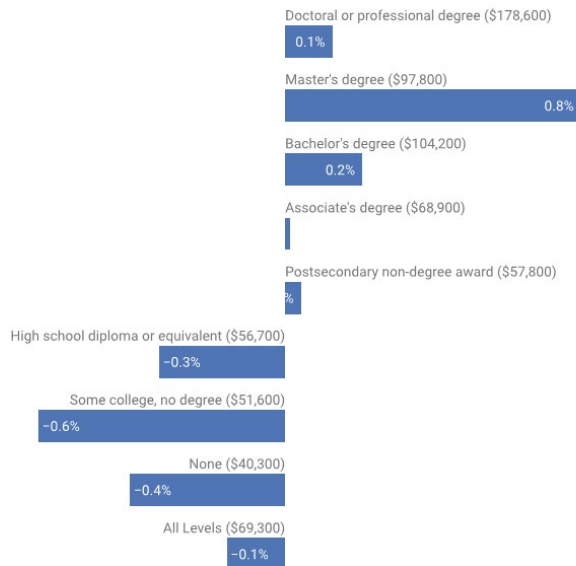
The Role of Education

EMPLOYMENT FORECAST BY EDUCATION

While overall employment in Minnesota is forecast to decline by -0.1% annually on average, expected forecasts for occupations vary by the education required:

- Occupations requiring no education, high school, or some college (but no degree) have the biggest forecast declines (-0.3% to -0.6%)—larger declines than previously forecast in 2023Q2
- Roles typically requiring a master’s degree are expected to grow the most (+0.8)
- Occupations requiring any other postsecondary credential are forecast to grow more modestly or remain flat (0.0% to +0.2%)

Annual Average Projected Job Growth by Education Required for Minnesota, 2024Q1

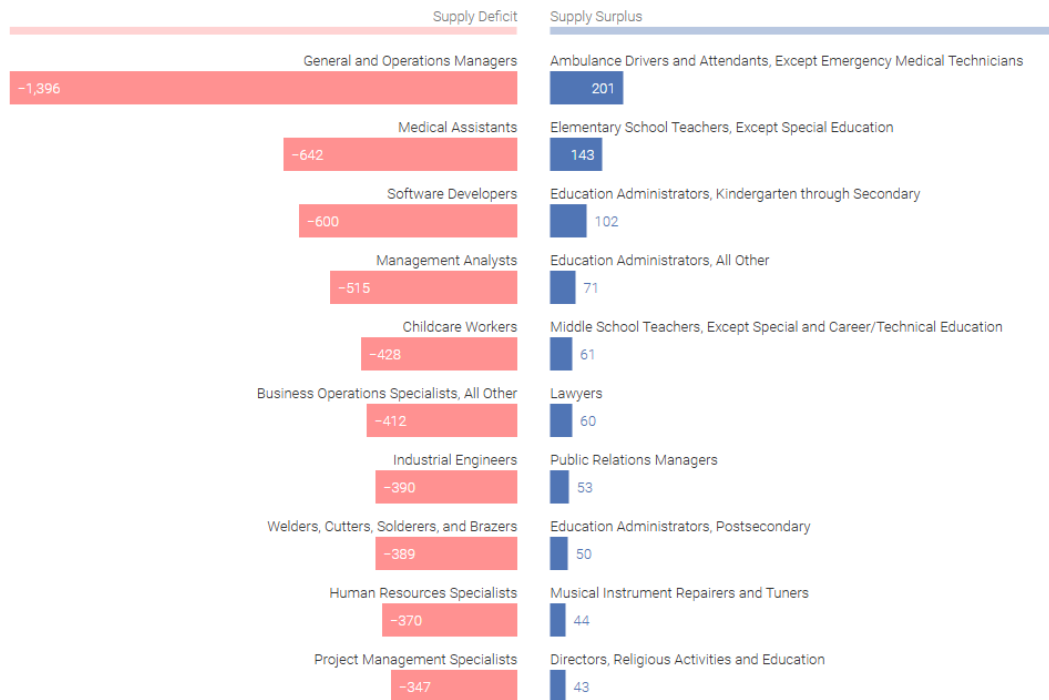


Employment by occupation data are estimates as of 2024Q1. Education levels of occupations are based on BLS assignments. Forecast employment growth uses national projections from the Bureau of Labor Statistics adapted for regional growth patterns.

AWARD GAPS

Award gaps quantify the total number of postsecondary award completions in a region tied to an occupation benchmarked against national rates. In Minnesota, local postsecondary programs are now likely underproducing General and Operations Managers, Medical Assistants, Software Developers, and Management Analysts. There is a small oversupply of Ambulance Drivers and Elementary School Teachers (Except Special Education) completing local postsecondary programs compared to national volumes.

Award Gaps, All Occupations, Minnesota, 2024Q1



Source: JobsEQ®
Data as of 2024Q1

Occupations in Current Shortage

Several occupations have zero unemployed talent in Minnesota as of 2024Q1 estimates, resulting in an estimated unemployment rate of 0%. The occupations listed below have nonexistent unemployed talent at the regional level and 75 people or more working in these positions locally. Some of these roles have low volumes of online job postings due to unique methods of recruiting talent for specialty roles, while others show high posting volumes which indicates unmet demand and significant likely shortages. Many of these roles pay over the state median of \$54,100 annually, with many significantly higher.

Occupations with No Unemployed Workforce and Employing over 75 Workers, Minnesota 2024Q1

SOC	Occupation	Current						5-Year History		5-Year Forecast				
		Empl	Median Ann Wages ²	LQ	Unempl	Unempl Rate	30-Day Online Job Ads ³	Empl Change	Ann %	Total Demand	Exits	Transfers	Empl Change	Ann % Change
33-9093	Transportation Security Screeners	644	\$60,700	0.68	0	n/a	32	54	1.8%	274	135	154	-15	-0.5%
27-2091	Disc Jockeys, Except Radio	469	\$42,000	0.99	0	n/a	7	-28	-1.2%	178	86	95	-4	-0.2%
49-2097	Audiovisual Equipment Installers and Repairers	379	\$54,100	0.76	0	n/a	72	-148	-6.4%	159	47	128	-16	-0.8%
11-9131	Postmasters and Mail Superintendents	310	\$89,300	1.21	0	n/a	80	-14	-0.9%	88	45	62	-19	-1.2%
51-8012	Power Distributors and Dispatchers	215	\$118,300	1.12	0	n/a	6	16	1.6%	70	29	54	-13	-1.3%
51-8011	Nuclear Power Reactor Operators	202	\$130,200	1.71	0	n/a	1	35	3.9%	84	29	54	0	0.0%
53-6099	Transportation Workers, All Other	198	\$43,300	0.81	0	n/a	n/a	-57	-4.9%	102	38	65	-1	-0.1%
29-9092	Genetic Counselors	157	\$97,600	2.23	0	n/a	9	17	2.3%	55	27	22	7	0.8%
19-2012	Physicists	115	\$119,500	0.29	0	n/a	20	13	2.4%	33	14	19	0	0.0%
11-9071	Gambling Managers	108	\$77,300	0.99	0	n/a	7	-57	-8.2%	58	22	35	0	0.1%
29-1029	Dentists, All Other Specialists	98	\$232,400	1.01	0	n/a	17	3	0.5%	14	11	3	0	0.0%
Total - All Occupations		3,103,775	\$54,100	1.00	89,472	2.8%	248,532	15,052	0.1%	1,629,916	729,502	923,342	-22,928	-0.1%

Job Posting Trends in Minnesota

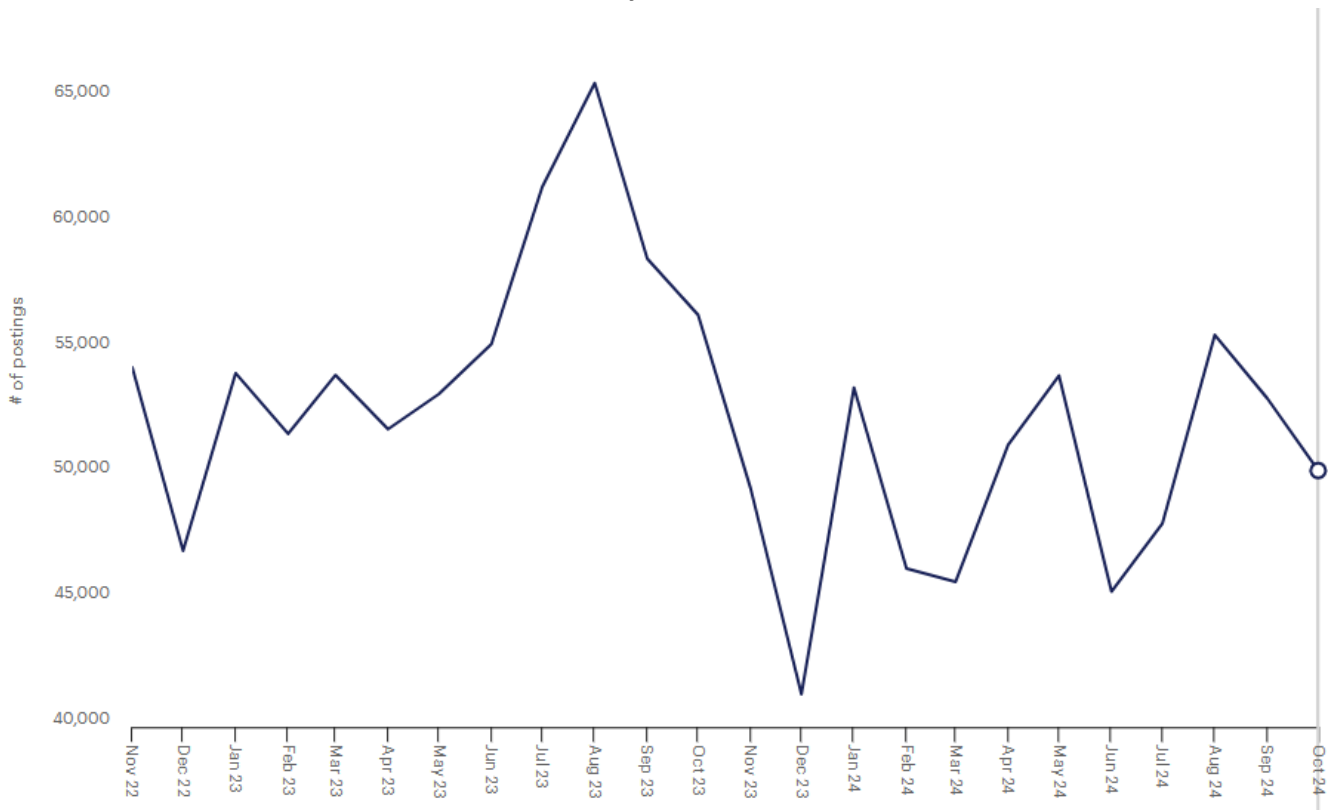
Online job posting data reveals much about employer demand for certain skills, certifications, qualifications, and occupational competencies.

TOTAL JOBS

Total job postings in the past 12 months (11/1/23 – 10/31/24):

- 594,113 unique postings statewide
 - -10% compared to the 12 months prior

Total Jobs Advertised Monthly in Minnesota, October 2023-2024



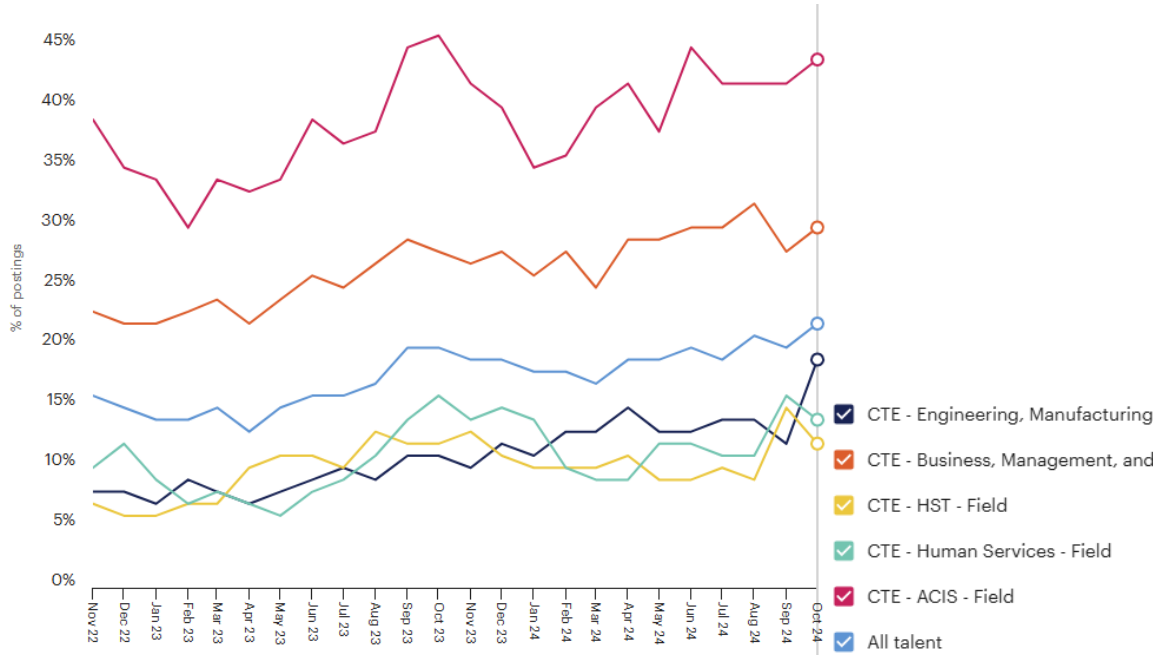
SOURCE: TalentNeuron accessed 11/1/2024

REMOTE AND HYBRID POSITIONS

Remote and hybrid positions have been shifting greatly in the past five years, and this trend plays out differently across Career and Technical Education (CTE) fields:

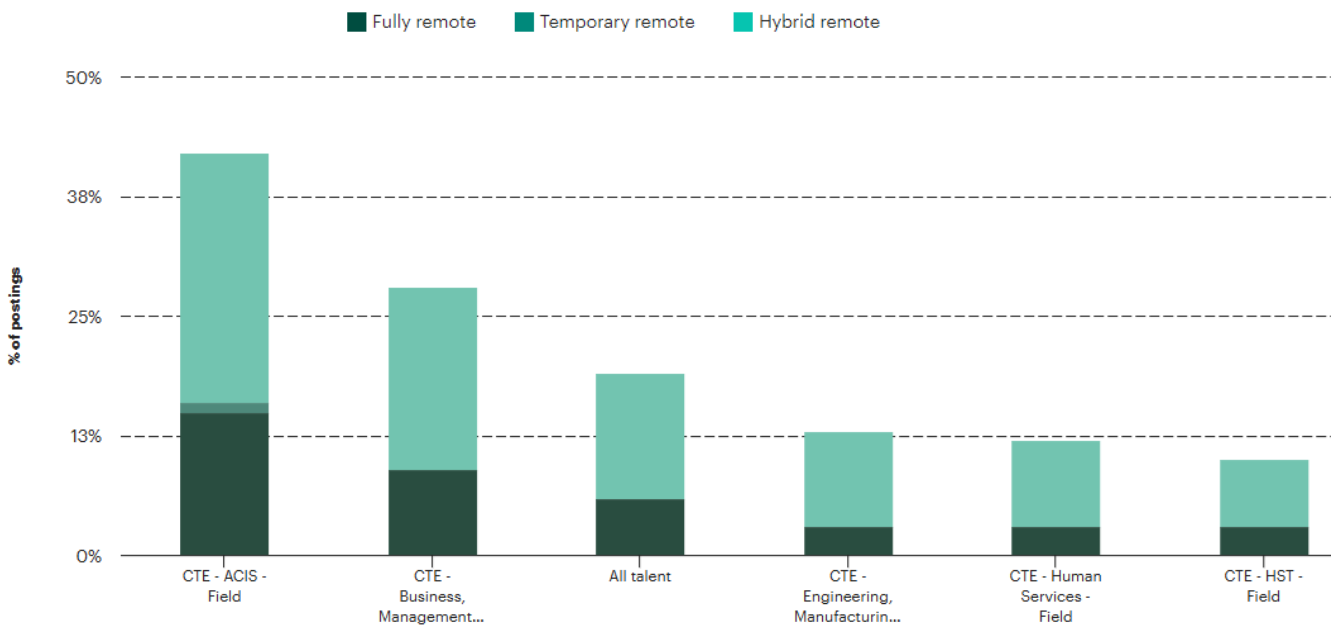
- 19% of all positions advertised in the past 12 months were explicitly listed as remote, hybrid, or telecommute roles—either permanently or temporarily
- Remote work is increasing year over year
 - Among all positions, the share of positions that are remote and hybrid remote increased by four percentage points from the prior year
 - Hybrid remote roles grew the most, representing 13% of all postings
 - Arts, Communications and Information Systems and Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology roles have particularly seen increases (by five percentage points in both cases from the prior year)

Total Remote Job Postings Advertised Monthly in Minnesota, October 2023-2024



SOURCE: TalentNeuron accessed 11/1/2024

Remote Job Postings by Career Field Advertised in Minnesota, October 2023-2024



Talent Profile ▾	% of postings				
	Unspecified /Onsite ▾	Total remote ▾	Fully remote ▾	Temporary remote ▾	Hybrid remote ▾
CTE - ACIS - Field	58% ▼ -5 pp	42% ▲ 5 pp	15% ▲ 0 pp	1% ▲ 0 pp	26% ▲ 5 pp
CTE - Business, Management, and Administration - Field	72% ▼ -3 pp	28% ▲ 3 pp	9% ▼ -1 pp	0% ▼ -1 pp	19% ▲ 5 pp
All talent	81% ▼ -4 pp	19% ▲ 4 pp	6% ▲ 0 pp	0% ▲ 0 pp	13% ▲ 4 pp
CTE - Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology - Field	87% ▼ -5 pp	13% ▲ 5 pp	3% ▲ 1 pp	0% ▲ 0 pp	10% ▲ 4 pp
CTE - Human Services - Field	88% ▼ -3 pp	12% ▲ 3 pp	3% ▲ 0 pp	0% ▲ 0 pp	9% ▲ 3 pp
CTE - HST - Field	90% ▲ 0 pp	10% ▲ 0 pp	3% ▼ -1 pp	0% ▲ 0 pp	7% ▲ 1 pp

SOURCE: TalentNeuron accessed 11/1/2024






EVOLVING SKILLS

Talent accumulates valuable skills in ways beyond just work and education. Everything from self-study to apprenticeships and internships, workforce training programs and general life experience all develop relevant skills for career success. Assessing experience in terms of skills unearths a person’s qualifications and more clearly identifies training needs for career growth. Skill gap analysis at the occupation level supports postsecondary planning, workforce development, and employer talent strategy.

Evolving skills key trends:

- Most of the **newest** skills on the rise statewide are tied to human resources law and public safety training
- **Core** skills have remained relatively consistent with human skills such as communication and relationship management ranking in high importance

Top Evolving Skills in Minnesota, October 2023-2024

 <p>New</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Wage and Hours Laws 2. Officer Training <p>New skills whose future is uncertain.</p>	 <p>Emerging</p> <p>There are no Emerging skills in the market</p> <p>Relatively new skills that are becoming more prevalent.</p>	 <p>Growing</p> <p>There are no Growing skills in the market</p> <p>Fast-growing skills that are becoming core skills.</p>	 <p>Core</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Collaboration 2. Scheduling 3. Relationships <p>Skills that have been present in a high percentage of job postings for some time.</p>	 <p>Declining</p> <p>There are no Declining skills in the market</p> <p>Skills that used to be essential but are becoming obsolete.</p>
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Career Fields

Each of the six Career and Technical Education (CTE) career fields has unique talent demand and employment forecasts, based on its mix of occupations and industry needs.

Employment volume ranges from 144,824 in Arts, Communications, and Information Systems, to nearly ten times that in Business, Management, and Administration (1.3 million). All career fields have a concentration in Minnesota that is close to the national average (LQ 0.98-1.06). Unemployment is low to moderate among career fields, with the lowest rate seen for Health Science Technology (1.5%) and the highest for Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology (3.4%).

Wages are lowest on average in the Human Services career field, at a median of \$59,200. By contrast, those in Arts, Communications, and Information Systems can expect the highest wages of all career fields, at a median \$91,300.

CTE Field Employment and Wages in Minnesota, 2024Q1

CTE Field (occupation overlap exists, will not sum)	Current 2024Q1 Estimates							5-Year History	
	Empl	Avg Entry-Level Wages	Median Wages	LQ	Unempl	Unempl Rate	Online Job Ads ³	Empl Change	Ann %
Health Science Technology	305,501	\$41,200	\$71,300	1.06	4,787	1.5%	45,098	2,831	0.2%
Human Services	494,381	\$44,000	\$59,200	1.01	11,034	2.2%	31,321	20,804	0.9%
Arts, Communications, and Information Systems	144,824	\$63,100	\$91,300	1.03	3,167	2.2%	10,638	-2,979	-0.4%
Business, Management, and Administration	1,343,061	\$43,500	\$61,700	0.98	42,634	3.1%	86,963	-14,967	-0.2%
Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology	752,391	\$46,700	\$62,600	0.99	26,195	3.4%	40,370	10,341	0.3%
Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources*	159,325	\$42,700	\$60,900	0.99	4,597	2.8%	7,955	1,545	0.2%
Total - All Occupations	3,103,775			1.00	89,472	2.8%	217,197	15,052	0.1%

Data as of 2024Q1 unless noted otherwise

Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding and overlap in occupations between career fields. All clusters are distinct occupations except for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, which overlaps with other clusters. Employment by place of work.

1. Data based on a four-quarter moving average unless noted otherwise.

2. Wage data represent the average for all Covered Employment

3. Data represent found online ads active 10/1/2024-11/1/2024 in the selected region. Due to alternative county-assignment algorithms, ad counts in this analytic may not match that shown in RTI (nor in the popup window ad list). Ad counts for ZCTA-based regions are estimates.

CTE Field Baseline Employment Forecast for Minnesota, 2029Q1

CTE Field (occupation overlap exists, will not sum)	Current	5-Year Growth 2029Q1				
	Empl	Total Demand	Exits	Transfers	Empl Change	Ann % Change
Health Science Technology	305,501	128,674	60,240	62,406	6,027	0.4%
Human Services	494,381	260,750	122,863	134,039	3,847	0.2%
Arts, Communications, and Information Systems	144,824	55,065	20,501	31,600	2,965	0.4%
Business, Management, and Administration	1,343,061	785,428	356,873	458,044	-29,488	-0.4%
Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology	752,391	362,167	151,871	216,945	-6,649	-0.2%
Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources*	159,325	87,067	36,846	51,801	-1,580	-0.2%
Total - All Occupations	3,103,775	1,629,916	729,502	923,342	-22,928	-0.1%

Data as of 2024Q1 unless noted otherwise

Note: Figures may not sum due to rounding and overlap in occupations between career fields. All clusters are distinct occupations except for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, which overlaps with other clusters. Employment by place of work.

1. Data based on a four-quarter moving average unless noted otherwise.

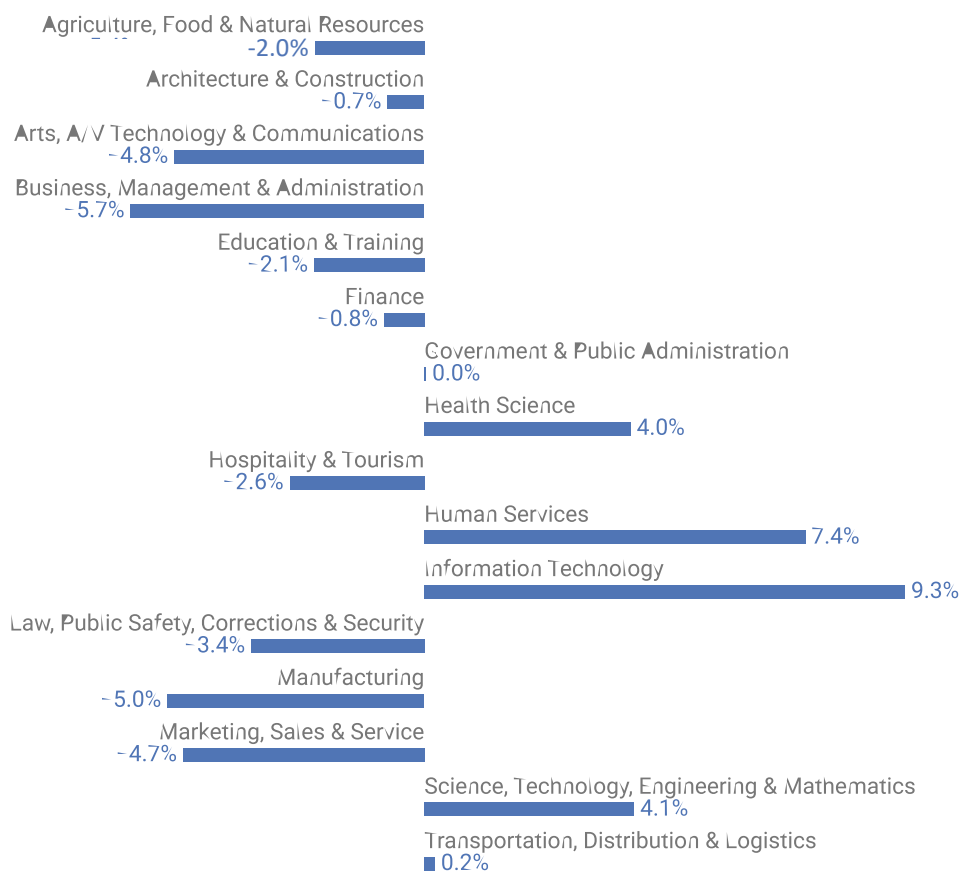
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Career Cluster Detail

Of the sixteen career clusters used by Career and Technical Education (CTE), ten are forecast to decline in overall employment over the next ten years as of 2024Q1 estimates. The four clusters with the highest forecast growth are Information Technology (+9.3%), Human Services (+7.4%), Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (+4.1%), and Health Science (+4.0%). All clusters saw worsening employment outlooks from the prior year's forecasts.

Baseline 10-Year Forecasts by Career Cluster, Minnesota, 2024Q1



Cluster forecasts estimated using Chmura, JobsEQ, based on 2024Q1 employment data. All clusters are distinct occupations except for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, which overlaps with other clusters.

An accurate assessment of future occupation demand requires that future growth, retirements, and other job exits be considered. In Minnesota, Hospitality and Tourism, Business, Management, and Administration, and Marketing, Sales, and Service clusters are expected to have the highest annual job demand by volume of opportunities—due to retirements and job changes.

Half of the sixteen career clusters have average wages above the average occupation wage in the region. The Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics cluster has the highest wages of the Career Clusters followed by the Information Technology and Finance clusters.

Employment, Wages, and Forecast by Career Cluster, 2024Q1

Career Cluster	Employment	Avg Ann Wages	Job Ads	Ann Empl Change	Ann Total Demand
Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics	48,128	\$111,500	7,239	192	3,133
Information Technology	95,072	\$108,100	8,873	850	6,528
Finance	124,713	\$100,400	9,798	-98	9,259
Health Science	305,501	\$93,600	45,150	1,196	25,627
Law, Public Safety, Corrections & Security	76,681	\$82,000	5,044	-261	6,707
Business, Management & Administration	562,225	\$78,600	27,764	-3,284	53,679
Government & Public Administration	27,002	\$76,700	2,183	1	2,366
Architecture & Construction	194,822	\$72,100	6,813	-141	16,855
Arts, A/V Technology & Communications	49,752	\$66,400	1,826	-245	4,475
Education & Training	187,810	\$66,300	10,253	-407	16,283
Marketing, Sales & Service	317,141	\$63,700	26,761	-1,510	36,631
Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources	159,325	\$62,500	8,813	-334	-0.2%
Transportation, Distribution & Logistics	234,855	\$57,400	12,182	45	26,382
Manufacturing	274,585	\$57,000	14,240	-1,399	26,241
Human Services	202,887	\$48,600	14,112	1,452	26,691
Hospitality & Tourism	338,983	\$36,900	22,923	-894	58,435
Total - All Occupations	3,103,775	\$69,000	217,794	-4,599	326,725

*Cluster forecasts estimated using Chmura, JobsEQ, based on 2024Q1 employment data. All clusters are distinct occupations except for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, which overlaps with other clusters.

CAREER CLUSTER FORECASTS

Employment statewide is forecast to decline slightly, with only Central Minnesota forecast to see overall employment growth over the next ten years. Previously, MSP Metro had been forecast to grow, but the outlook for the metro has soured. On the other hand, forecasts improved across the board in Northeast, Northwest, Central and Southwest Minnesota, with a majority of career clusters in each seeing a more positive outlook than in 2023Q2.

Cluster Ten-Year Total Employment Change Forecasts by Region, 2024Q1

Career Cluster	Minnesota	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Agriculture, Food & Natural Resources*	-2.0%	-1.0%	-3.0% (+)	-4.0% (+)	1.0% (+)	-8.0% (+)	-5.0% (+)
Architecture & Construction	-0.7%	-2.0%	-1.8% (+)	0.0% (+)	4.7% (+)	-3.7% (+)	-2.2%
Arts, A/V Technology & Communications	-4.8%	-6.0%	-5.6% (+)	-5.1% (+)	-0.2% (+)	-10.5% (+)	-5.3%
Business, Management & Administration	-5.7%	-6.9%	-7.4%	-6.0% (+)	-1.8% (+)	-9.2% (+)	-6.7%
Education & Training	-2.1%	-3.2%	-1.5% (+)	-1.1% (+)	4.0% (+)	-4.8% (+)	-3.8%
Finance	-0.8%	-2.7%	-1.6% (+)	-0.1% (+)	3.5% (+)	-3.7% (+)	-0.6%
Government & Public Administration	0.0%	-1.6%	-0.7% (+)	-1.4%	5.4% (+)	-2.0% (+)	-0.6%
Health Science	4.0%	3.5%	2.2%	-4.4%	8.0% (+)	0.8% (+)	4.5%
Hospitality & Tourism	-2.6%	-3.5%	-3.3% (+)	-1.3% (+)	3.6% (+)	-5.0% (+)	-3.5%
Human Services	7.4%	7.4%	6.0% (+)	8.6% (+)	11.5% (+)	3.3% (+)	5.1%
Information Technology	9.3%	6.8%	3.5%	4.9% (+)	10.0%	1.8% (+)	4.2%
Law, Public Safety, Corrections & Security	-3.4%	-4.9%	-3.2% (+)	-1.2% (+)	2.6% (+)	-5.2% (+)	-2.5%
Manufacturing	-5.0%	-5.9%	-7.8% (+)	-6.1% (+)	0.3% (+)	-6.7% (+)	-6.1%
Marketing, Sales & Service	-4.7%	-5.5%	-7.3% (+)	-5.6% (+)	-1.2% (+)	-9.0% (+)	-7.3%
Science, Technology, Engineering & Mathematics	4.1%	2.8%	-0.3% (+)	2.7% (+)	9.2%	2.2% (+)	2.8% (+)
Transportation, Distribution & Logistics	-0.2%	-0.3%	-2.1% (+)	-0.7% (+)	4.1%	-3.7%	-1.9%
Total - All Occupations	-1.0%	-2.0%	-2.0% (+)	-2.0% (+)	3.0% (+)	-5% (+)	-2.0%

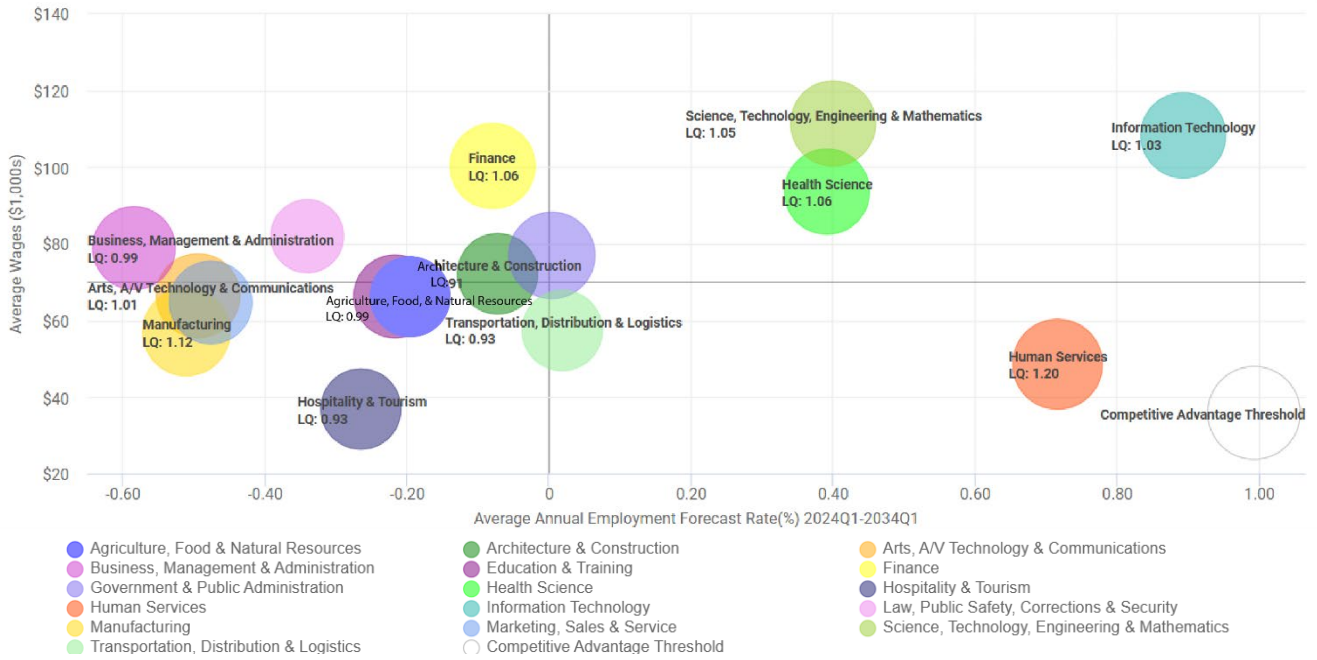
Cluster forecasts estimated using Chmura, JobsEQ, based on 2024Q1 employment data. *All clusters are distinct occupations except for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, which overlaps with other clusters.

Just as with industry clusters, it is possible to chart Career and Technical Education career clusters by wage, forecast, and local concentration. The chart below shows career clusters of employment in Minnesota. The larger the circle, the more concentrated the career cluster is in the region (compared to the national average); this is called a Location Quotient (LQ). Clusters are positioned on the chart based on their wages and forecast employment. Clusters higher up on the Y-axis of the chart have higher average wages, and clusters located further to the right on the X-axis of the chart have higher forecasted employment growth. In summary, large circles in the top-right corner of the chart would be considered high-wage, high-growth, uniquely important clusters for the region's economy. Smaller circles further to the bottom-left corner of the chart would be lower-wage, declining, underrepresented clusters.

The most highly concentrated career cluster in Minnesota is Human Services:

- Location Quotient: 1.20
- Employment: 202,887 workers
- Average Wage: \$48,600
- Employment Forecast: Projected to grow by 0.7% annually over the next 10 years

Career Clusters for Minnesota as of 2024Q1



Key Takeaways by Career Field

Health Science Technology	Human Services	Arts, Communications, and Information Technology
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Largest volumes of occupations forecasting shortages • Continued shortage of nurses (projected annual talent shortage of at least 219 Registered Nurses in most favorable scenario) • Unique high local concentration • Aging workforce in management and leadership roles 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • About 16% of Minnesota’s workers employed in this field • High share of workforce over-credentialed for the roles they currently hold; 50% of talent hold a bachelor’s degree or higher • High share of workers over 45 years of age, particularly in Northeast and Southwest 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Highest average entry-level wages • High educational attainment, with over 80% holding at least a two-year degree; highest in MSP Metro and Southeast Minnesota • Overrepresentation of male and non-Hispanic/Latine talent; most diverse workforces in the MSP Metro and Southeast Minnesota
Business, Management, and Administration	Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology	Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Largest share of employment by career field • Widest range of industries employing talent • Significant replacement demand needs • Shortages in management roles • Persistent undersupply General and Operations Managers (talent shortage of 288) and new graduates (award gap of 1,396) in the region 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building Equipment, Fright Trucking, and Building Finishing Contractors are prominent industries in the field, with a large share of forecasted demand • High share of Hispanic/Latine talent compared to other fields; particularly in Southwest and MSP Metro • Aging talent signaling exacerbation of talent shortage due to upcoming retirements with over 45% of workers in this field 45 years or older 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wide range of industry needs, with Animal Production, Building Services, Building Equipment Contractors, and Crop Production in highest employment volume • Highest share of Hispanic/Latine talent compared to other fields; particularly in Southwest and MSP Metro • Highest share of workforce with less than a high school diploma (11.5%)

Health Science Technology

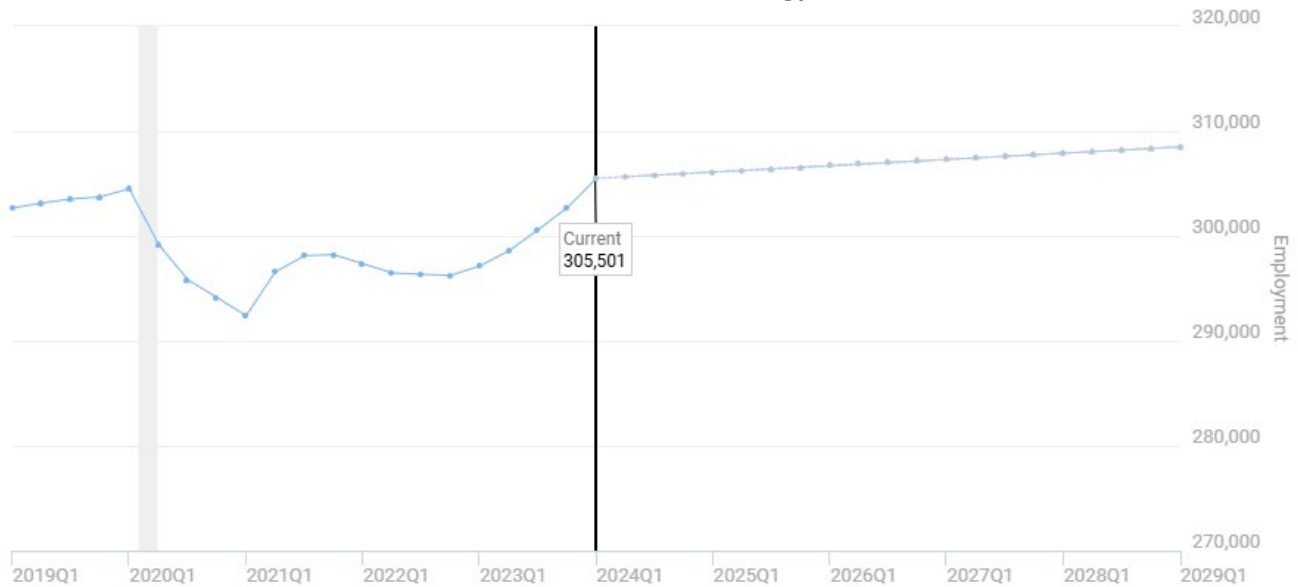
The Health Science Technology field includes an array of careers in the health sciences, including the following career pathways:

- Therapeutic Services
- Diagnostic Services
- Support Services
- Health Informatics
- Biotechnology Research and Development

EMPLOYMENT FORECAST

Over the next five years, Health Science Technology field employment is forecast to increase by 0.4% on average annually—a softening of prior stronger forecasts.

Baseline 5-Year Forecast for Health Science Technology Careers, Minnesota, 2024Q1



TOP OCCUPATIONS

A total of 305,501 people are employed in Health Science Technology roles in Minnesota, accounting for about 10% of all statewide employment. Medical and Health Services Managers and Home Health Aides are expected to have the highest growth among top occupations, at 2.0% and 1.4%, respectively.

Top Ten Health Science Technology Occupations by Employment Volume, Minnesota, 2024Q1

6-Digit Occupation	Empl	Median Wages	LQ	Historical 5-Year Empl Change	Forecast 5-Year Demand	Forecast Annual Change
Registered Nurses	66,248	\$98,100	1.08	2,455	17,683	0.0%
Nursing Assistants	27,885	\$43,600	1.05	-2,155	19,206	-0.2%
Home Health Aides	25,740	\$35,600	1.33	-4,599	17,045	1.4%
Medical Secretaries and Administrative Assistants	15,484	\$50,100	1.15	1,050	8,091	0.1%
Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses	15,120	\$61,000	1.19	-2,248	5,649	-0.1%
Medical Assistants	13,332	\$50,200	0.89	1,057	9,276	0.8%
Medical and Health Services Managers	10,410	\$120,500	1.05	1,286	4,964	2.0%
Pharmacy Technicians	7,963	\$47,600	0.94	429	3,543	0.0%
Pharmacists	6,383	\$153,000	1.01	177	1,121	-0.2%
Dental Assistants	6,319	\$64,700	0.89	315	4,444	0.2%
Health Science (CTE Field)	305,501	\$71,300	1.06	2,831	128,674	0.4%

“Forecast 5-Year Demand” is the projected need for new entrants into an occupation over the next five years. New entrants are needed due to expected growth and to replace workers who left the occupation due to factors such as retirement or switching careers.

“Forecast Annual Change” is the expected baseline (most pessimistic) yearly change in employment due to national, long-term trend projections (per the BLS) as well as local factors such as industry mix, labor force participation rates, and population growth (as computed and modeled by RealTime Talent in JobsEQ).

TOP INDUSTRIES

Nearly a third of talent in Minnesota working in Health Science Technology roles are employed by General Medical and Surgical Hospitals (30.5%), followed by Office of Physicians (18.1%). The next most common industries are and Nursing Care Facilities (8.0%) and Individual and Family Services (5.5%).

Health Science Technology Field Employment by Industry, Minnesota, 2024Q1

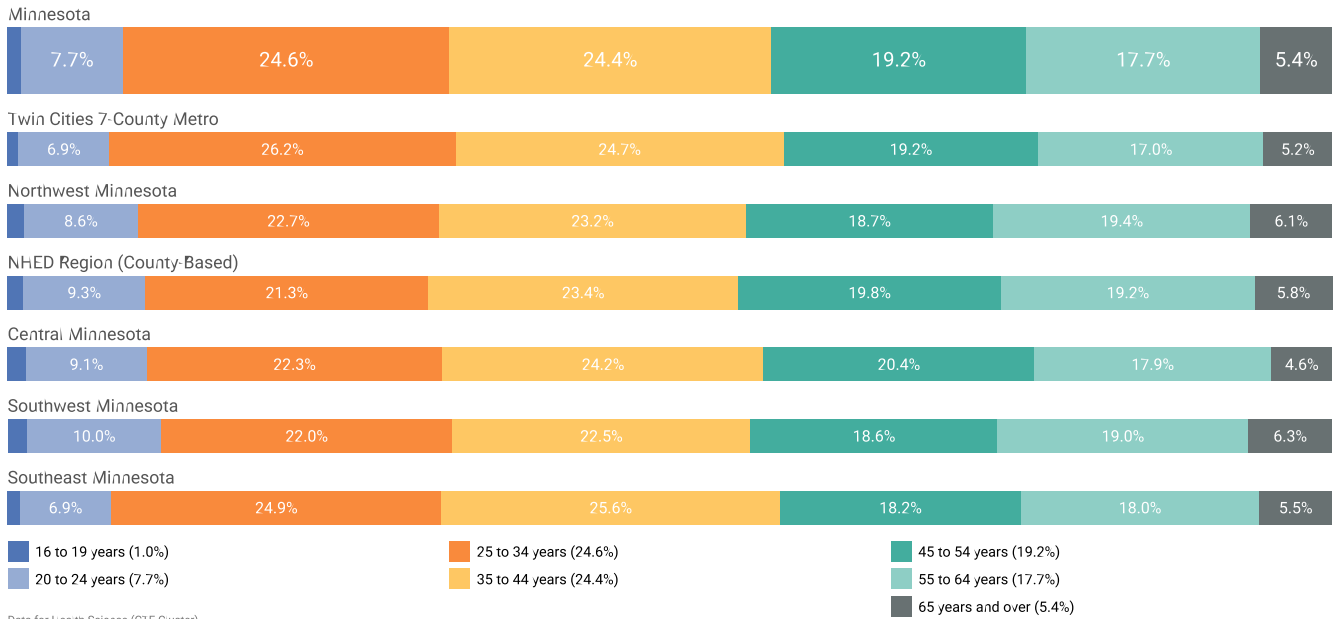
Industry Title	% of Career Field Empl	Career Field Empl	10-Year Separations	10-Year Empl Change	10-Year Total Demand
General Medical and Surgical Hospitals	30.5%	93,215	63,186	-72	63,114
Offices of Physicians	18.1%	55,433	39,273	2,769	42,042
Nursing Care Facilities (Skilled Nursing Facilities)	8.0%	24,408	24,512	-1,632	22,880
Individual and Family Services	5.5%	16,662	19,584	3,784	23,368
Offices of Dentists	4.6%	14,159	13,366	371	13,737
Home Health Care Services	3.8%	11,591	10,904	1,709	12,613
Offices of Other Health Practitioners	3.6%	10,954	8,416	1,334	9,750
Continuing Care Retirement Communities and Assisted Living Facilities for the Elderly	2.9%	8,866	10,121	907	11,027
Health and Personal Care Retailers	2.4%	7,481	5,524	-331	5,193
Residential Intellectual and Developmental Disability, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Facilities	2.3%	6,937	6,760	51	6,811
Outpatient Care Centers	2.2%	6,703	5,153	1,174	6,327
Other Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2.1%	6,281	6,542	1,088	7,631
Employment Services	1.3%	4,036	3,318	36	3,355
Elementary and Secondary Schools	1.2%	3,704	2,419	-19	2,401
Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	1.1%	3,260	2,072	21	2,093
Management of Companies and Enterprises	1.1%	3,221	2,301	229	2,530
Other Ambulatory Health Care Services	0.9%	2,778	2,488	350	2,838
Insurance Carriers	0.8%	2,291	1,452	130	1,581
Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories	0.7%	2,118	1,631	107	1,739
Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support	0.7%	2,034	1,565	-5	1,561
All Others	6.3%	19,369	14,795	171	14,967

CAREER FIELD DEMOGRAPHICS

- The Health Science Technology field is predominantly white (80.0%) by race, mirroring the population of Minnesota, and non-Hispanic/Latinx by ethnicity (96.5%)
 - The MSP Metro has the most diverse workforce by race and ethnicity
- Nearly four out of every five people employed in the field are female (78.1%)
 - Southeast Minnesota has a slightly more balanced gender mix, with 71.5% female workers

Health Science Technology Workforce Age by Region

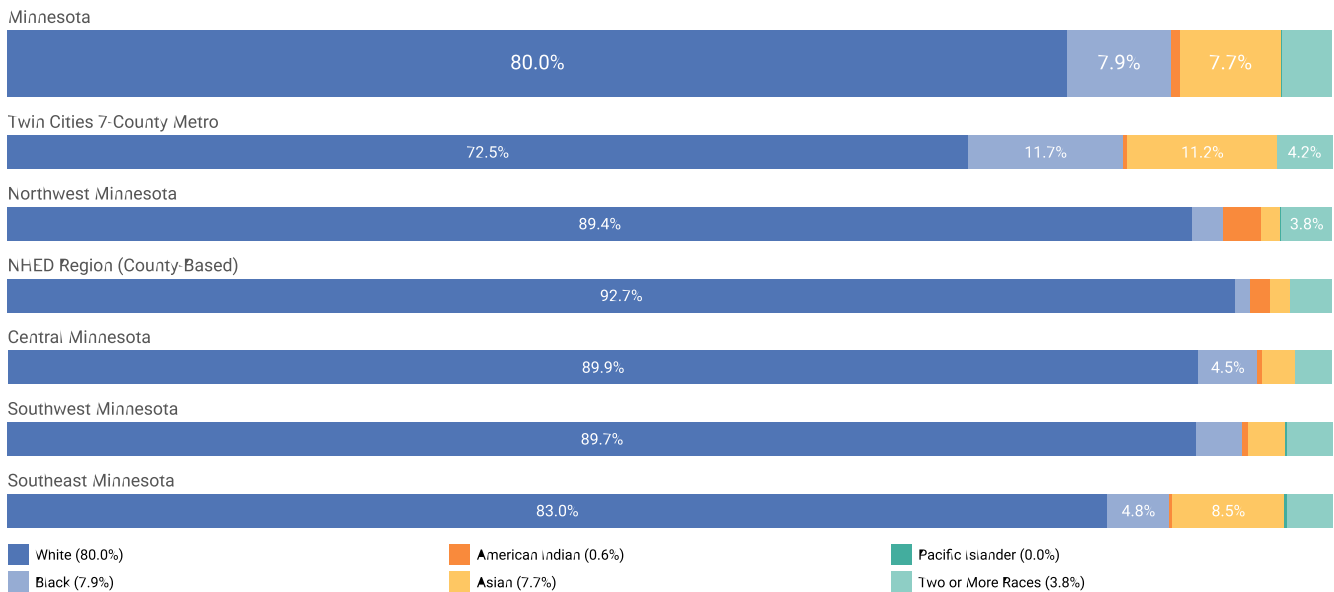
Age



Data for Health Science (CTE Cluster)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Health Science Technology Workforce Race by Region

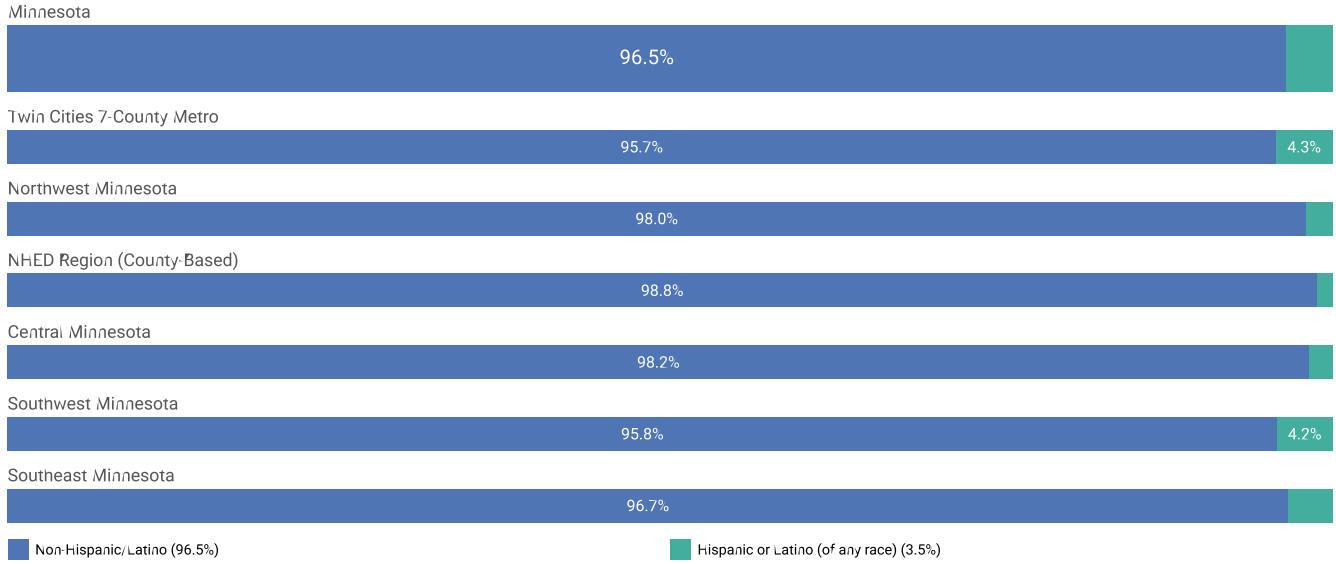
Race



Data for Health Science (CTE Cluster)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Health Science Technology Workforce Ethnicity by Region

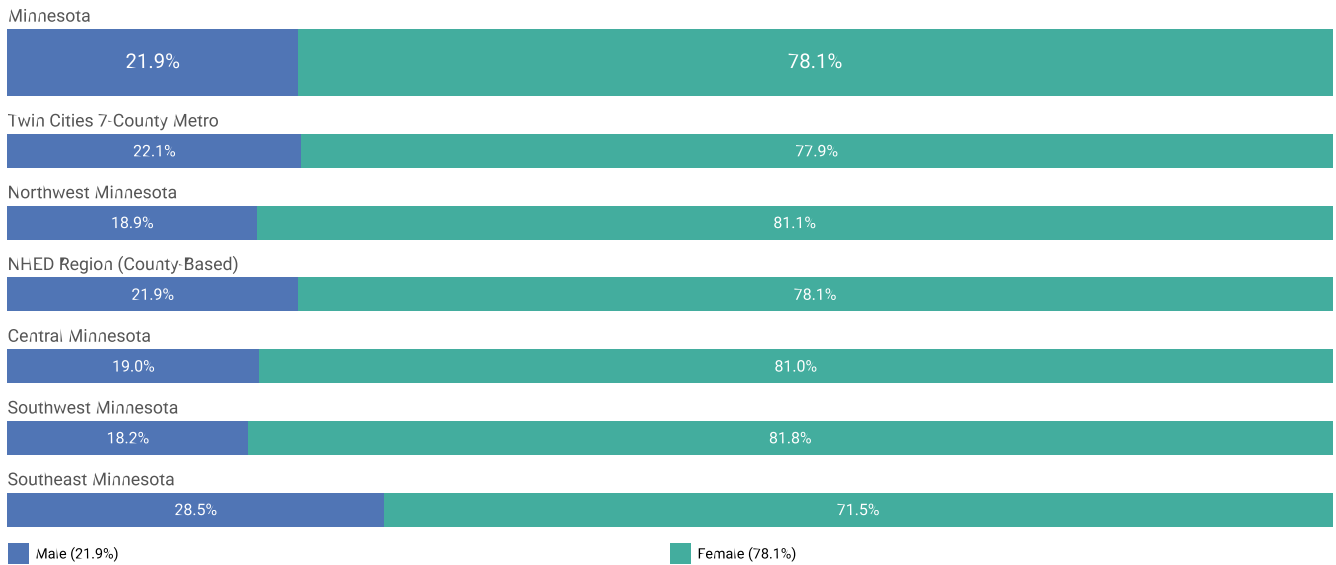
Ethnicity



Data for Health Science (CTE Cluster)
Source: JobsEQ®, Data as of 2024Q1.

Health Science Technology Workforce Gender by Region

Gender



Data for Health Science (CTE Cluster)
Source: JobsEQ®, Data as of 2024Q1.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT AND REQUIREMENTS

The charts below illustrate the estimated educational attainment of current workers in this career field, followed by the typical education and training requirements in the field.

- Approximately three out of every five of Health Science workers in Northwest (57.8%), Central (57.4%) and Southwest (58.5%) Minnesota have attained a high school diploma, some college, or a two-year degree
- The same approximate share of the field’s workforce in the MSP Metro (59.6%) and the Southeast regions (58.7%), by contrast, have attained a 4-year degree or higher
- The Northeast region is slightly more evenly split, with 54.2% who have obtained a high school diploma, some college, or a two-year degree and 44.2% who have obtained at least a four-year degree
- With two-year degrees or certificates being required in 30-40% of positions, this leaves an attainment gap for several regions including Northeast, Northwest, Central, and Southeast; and indicates a possible over attainment of education in the remaining regions
- Share of the field’s careers requiring less than a two-year degree are highest in the Metro (21.7% of field employment) and Southwest (18.3%) Minnesota and lowest in the Northwest (16.3%) and Southeast regions (15.0%)

Educational Attainment

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



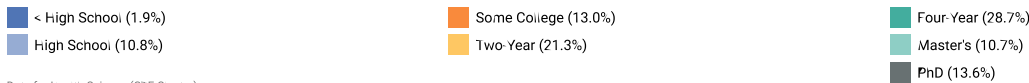
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota

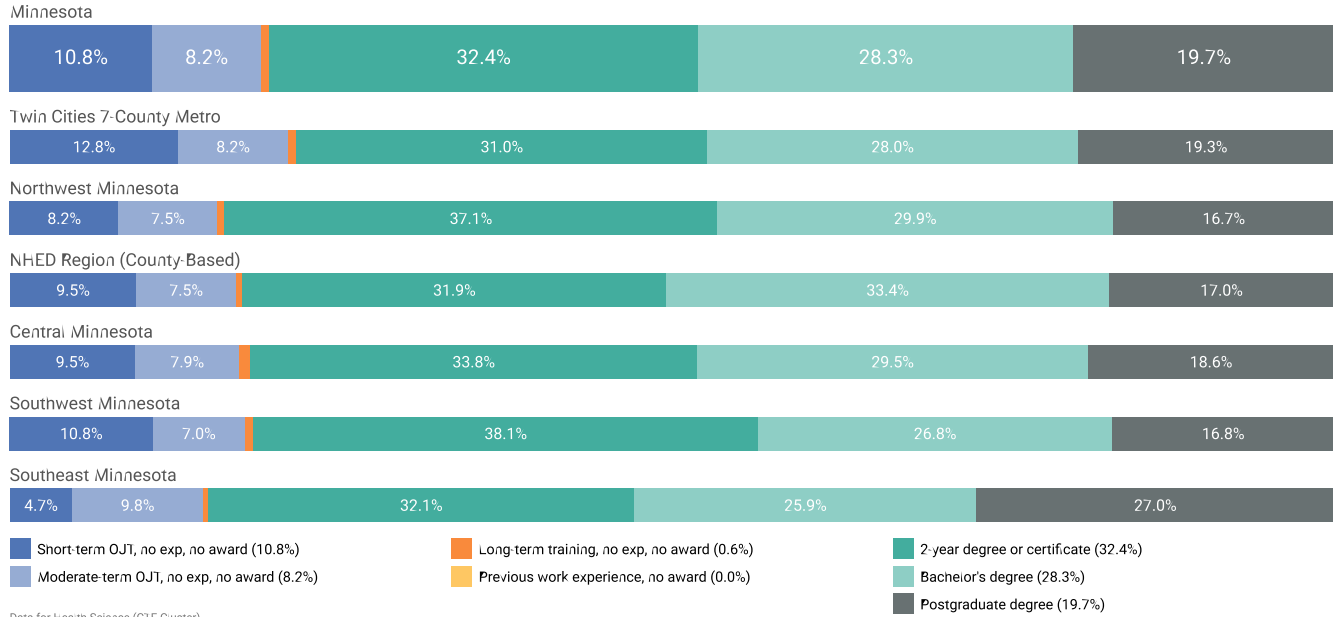


Southeast Minnesota



Data for Health Science (CTE Cluster)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Education and Training Requirements



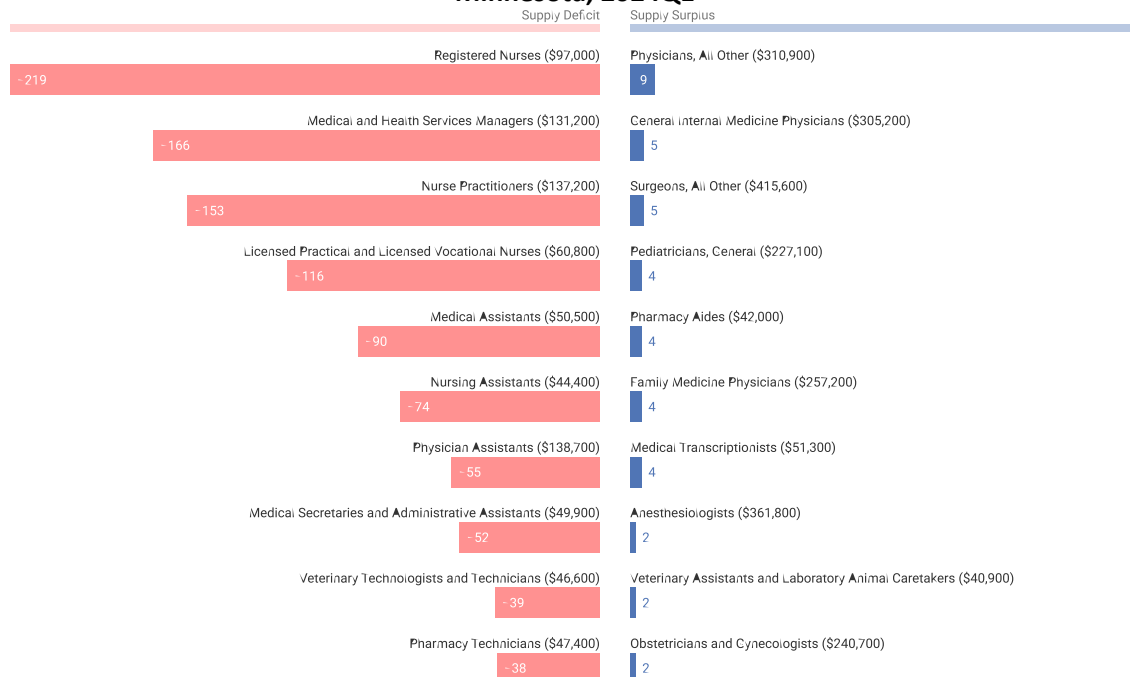
Data for Health Science (CIE Cluster)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

OCCUPATION GAPS

The chart below shows the potential average annual talent shortages over ten years across the state of Minnesota.

In the Health Science Technology field, Registered Nurses and Medical and Health Service Managers are the two occupations with the greatest annual shortages in Minnesota. Other occupations of high shortage have remained consistent with prior estimates. The top occupation forecasting a slight surplus is general Physician roles. There are several specialized medical doctor roles that also project slight surpluses as well as the roles of Pharmacy Aides and Medical Transcriptionists.

Annual Average Occupation Gaps (i.e. Talent Shortages) for the next 10 Years in Health Science Technology, Minnesota, 2024Q1



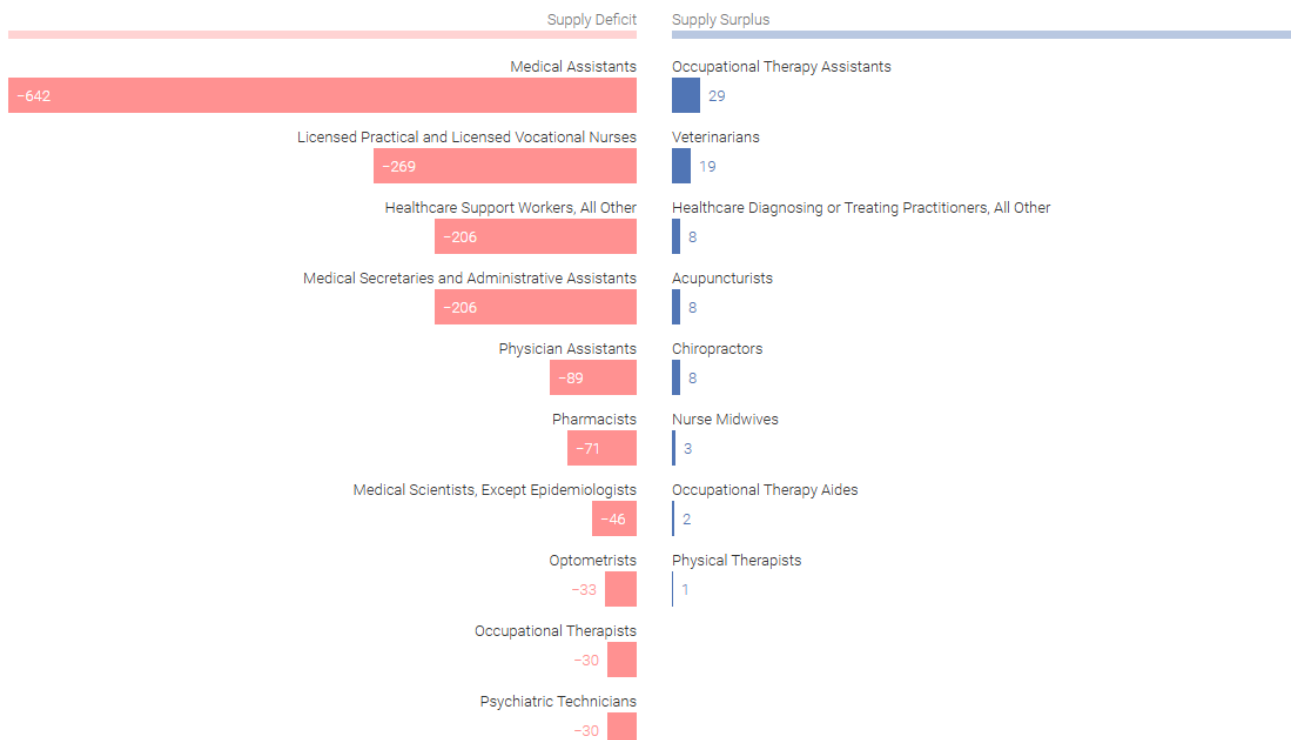
AWARD GAPS

The chart below shows the shortfall of new postsecondary graduates needed to meet local demand, benchmarked against national average volumes of graduates in the 2022-23 school year.

Minnesota has several Health Science Technology award shortages and some general misalignments:

- 51 of the 91 occupations in the Health Science Technology field (56%) have a local shortage of new graduates from local postsecondary programs, with local employers likely filling a large share of local job openings with talent trained outside of the state
- Minnesota colleges and universities are underproducing about 642 Medical Assistants, 269 Licensed Practical and Licensed Vocational Nurses graduates annually that are needed to fill positions open with employers in the state
- Although there is a large occupation gap amongst Registered Nurses, Minnesota postsecondary institutions are supplying a typical volume of new graduates benchmarked to national volumes

Award Gaps in Health Science Technology, Minnesota, 2024Q1



ORIGIN, GATEWAY, AND TARGET OCCUPATIONS

This section offers an Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target model analysis for how to help move students from entry points into their field of interest into both likely and other aligned careers, considering automation, remote work, and the changing work environment.

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Health Science Technology, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Target Occupations (All HW, HD, HS, OG)

Registered Nurses
 Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses (AG)
 Medical & Health Services Managers
 Pharmacists (AG)
 Dental Assistants

Gateway Occupations

Medical Secretaries (HD, OG, AG)
 Medical Assistants (HS, HD, OG, AG)
 Pharmacy Technicians (HD, OG, AG)
 Healthcare Support Workers, All Other (HD, AG)
 Veterinary Technologists & Technicians (HS, HD, OG, AG)

Origin Occupations

Nursing Assistants (HS, HD, OG)
 Home Health Aides (HD, AG)
 Psychiatric Technicians (HS, HD, OG, AG)
 Phlebotomists (HS, HD, OG)
 Veterinary Assistants & Laboratory Animal Caretakers (HD, AG)

HW = High-Wage; HS=High-Skill; HD=High-Demand; OG=Occupation Gaps; AG=Award Gaps

Other Promising Occupations

Another Health Science Technology occupation that is high-wage and high-demand yet does not meet the high-skill threshold to be considered a Target Occupation, may be a promising career for students to consider. This occupation may offer a fast track to good jobs for those interested in starting a career in the field without requiring a postsecondary credential. This occupation to consider is:

- Hearing Aid Specialists (OG)

High Location Quotient Occupations

The following are the most highly concentrated Health Science Technology occupations in Minnesota, relative to the national average.

Occupation	LQ
Surgeons, All Other	2.36
Genetic Counselors	2.23
Nurse Anesthetists	2.14
Dermatologists	2.09
Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	1.90

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Health Science Technology, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Mdn. Wage	Field: \$73,800	Field: \$67,900	Field: \$65,200	Field: \$68,300	Field: \$62,400	Field: \$80,600
Unempl	Region: 2.6% Field: 1.5%	Region: 3.6% Field: 1.9%	Region: 3.2% Field: 1.8%	Region: 3.3% Field: 1.8%	Region: 2.8% Field: 1.6%	Region: 2.3% Field: 1.2%
Origin Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Home Health Aides Veterinary Assistants & Laboratory Animal Caretakers Pharmacy Aides Physical Therapy Aides 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nursing Assistants Home Health Aides Pharmacy Technicians Healthcare Support Workers Veterinary Technologists & Technicians 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nursing Assistants Home Health Aides Medical Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Healthcare Support Workers Veterinary Technologists & Technicians 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nursing Assistants Home Health Aides Medical Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Veterinary Technologists & Technicians Healthcare Support Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nursing Assistants Home Health Aides Pharmacy Technicians Veterinary Technologists & Technicians Healthcare Support Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nursing Assistants Home Health Aides Phlebotomists Veterinary Technologists & Technicians Veterinary Assistants, & Laboratory Animal Caretakers
Gateway Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nursing Assistants Medical Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Medical Assistants Pharmacy Technicians Healthcare Support Workers, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medical Secretaries Medical Assistants Psychiatric Technicians Medical Equipment Preparers Medical Transcriptionists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pharmacy Technicians Medical Assistants Ophthalmic Medical Technicians Psychiatric Aides Medical Transcriptionists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medical Assistants Pharmacy Technicians 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medical Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Medical Assistants Psychiatric Aides Medical Equipment Preparers Medical Transcriptionists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medical Assistants Medical Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Pharmacy Technicians Healthcare Support Workers, All Other Opticians, Dispensing
Target Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registered Nurses Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses Medical & Health Services Managers Dental Assistants Nurse Practitioners 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registered Nurses Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses Medical & Health Services Managers Pharmacists Dental Assistants 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registered Nurses Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses Medical & Health Services Managers Dental Assistants Dental Hygienists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registered Nurses Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses Medical & Health Services Managers Dental Assistants Pharmacists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registered Nurses Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses Medical & Health Services Managers Dental Assistants Dental Hygienists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Registered Nurses Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses Nurse Practitioners Medical & Health Services Managers Physicians Assistants

High Location Quotient (LQ) Occupations for Health Science Technology, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
LQ > 1.20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bioengineers & Biomedical Engineers Orthotists & Prosthetists Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists Genetic Counselors Surgeons, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genetic Counselors Healthcare Support Workers, All Other Surgeons, All Other Nurse Anesthetists Epidemiologists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Healthcare Support Workers, All Other Genetic Counselors Epidemiologists Nursing Assistants Licensed Practical & Licensed Vocational Nurses 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Genetic Counselors Chiropractors Surgeons, All Other Nurse Anesthetists Healthcare Support Workers, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recreational Therapists Psychiatric Aides Chiropractors Healthcare Support Workers, All Other Veterinary Technologists & Technicians 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Dermatologists Surgeons, All Other Nurse Anesthetists Obstetricians & Gynecologists Cardiologists

Human Services

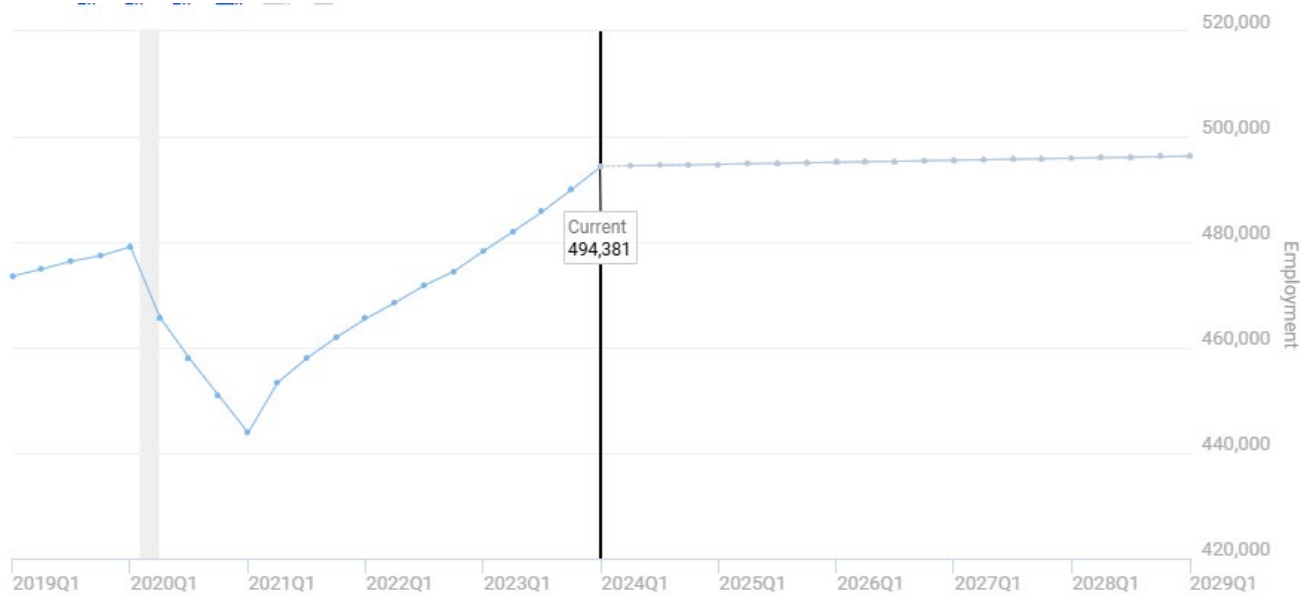
The Human Services field includes a wide range of career pathways sorted into the following career clusters:

- Education and Training
- Law, Public Safety, Corrections, and Security
- Government and Public Administration
- Human Services

EMPLOYMENT FORECAST

Over the next five years, Human Services employment is forecast to grow by 0.2% annually – slightly slower growth than was forecast in 2022Q2 (0.3%).

Baseline 5-Year Forecast for Human Services Careers, Minnesota, 2024Q1



TOP OCCUPATIONS

A total of 494,381 people are employed in Human Services roles statewide, accounting for about 16% of all Minnesota employment. Personal Care Aides have the highest forecast growth of top occupations, at 1.4%.

Top Ten Human Services Occupations by Employment Volume, Minnesota, 2024Q1

6-Digit Occupation	Empl	Median Wages	LQ	Historical 5-Year Empl Change	Forecast 5-Year Demand	Forecast Annual Change
Personal Care Aides	72,926	\$35,600	1.33	20,124	58,654	1.4%
Teaching Assistants, Except Postsecondary	33,441	\$40,500	1.38	34	18,440	-0.4%
Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	24,737	\$66,100	0.93	271	7,733	-0.3%
Secondary School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	18,920	\$70,000	0.95	381	5,379	-0.3%
Childcare Workers	17,933	\$33,400	1.14	-2,194	14,088	-0.5%
Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	13,481	\$40,400	1.39	-24	6,987	-0.1%
Lawyers	12,301	\$150,700	0.79	-388	2,461	0.2%
Security Guards	11,770	\$45,700	0.52	287	7,128	-0.7%
Social and Human Service Assistants	11,516	\$46,800	1.41	451	6,334	0.6%
Middle School Teachers, Except Special and Career/Technical Education	10,479	\$66,900	0.91	146	3,283	-0.3%
Human Services (CTE Field)	494,381	\$59,200	1.01	20,804	260,750	0.2%

"Forecast 5-Year Demand" is the projected need for new entrants into an occupation over the next five years. New entrants are needed due to expected growth and to replace workers who left the occupation due to factors such as retirement or switching careers.

"Forecast Annual Change" is the expected baseline (most pessimistic) yearly change in employment due to national, long-term trend projections (per the BLS) as well as local factors such as industry mix, labor force participation rates, and population growth (as computed and modeled by RealTime Talent in JobsEQ).

TOP INDUSTRIES

The largest share of regional Human Services talent in Minnesota is employed by Elementary and Secondary Schools (24.5%) or Individual and Family Services (11.6%). Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support is the third largest share, at 7.3%. Individual and Family Services continues to have high forecasted growth and replacement demand needs.

Human Services Field Employment by Industry, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Industry Title	% of Career Field Empl	Career Field Empl	10-Year Separations	10-Year Empl Change	10-Year Total Demand
Elementary and Secondary Schools	24.5%	121,133	102,295	-4,195	98,101
Individual and Family Services	11.6%	57,486	77,512	12,644	90,156
Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support	7.3%	35,928	30,881	-728	30,153
Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	4.9%	24,425	20,335	-43	20,292
Child Care Services	4.3%	21,102	26,414	-1,276	25,139
Residential Intellectual and Developmental Disability, Mental Health, and Substance Abuse Facilities	3.8%	18,837	22,863	-10	22,853
Religious Organizations	3.3%	16,284	16,230	-510	15,719
Personal Care Services	3.1%	15,320	20,268	899	21,167
Legal Services	2.9%	14,235	9,555	-627	8,928
Home Health Care Services	2.5%	12,279	17,497	1,685	19,181
Justice, Public Order, and Safety Activities	2.4%	11,810	9,820	-575	9,245
Other Schools and Instruction	2.3%	11,205	14,238	-60	14,178
Other Residential Care Facilities	1.7%	8,226	9,677	-327	9,349
Other Amusement and Recreation Industries	1.5%	7,560	13,201	594	13,796
Investigation and Security Services	1.5%	7,218	9,173	-339	8,834
Administration of Human Resource Programs	1.4%	7,118	5,824	-432	5,391
Continuing Care Retirement Communities and Assisted Living Facilities for the Elderly	1.4%	6,708	9,738	1,134	10,873
Offices of Other Health Practitioners	1.4%	6,680	5,795	1,048	6,843
General Medical and Surgical Hospitals	1.2%	6,126	5,516	-132	5,383
Junior Colleges	1.0%	5,111	4,204	-200	4,004
All Others	16.1%	79,591	82,877	-145	82,732

CAREER FIELD DEMOGRAPHICS

- The Human Services field is predominantly female (64.8%) and white (82.2%)
- The MSP Metro and southern regions of the state have the highest shares of Hispanic/Latine workers employed in the field
- Northeast and Southwest Minnesota have the highest shares over workers 45 years old or older

Human Services Workforce Age by Region

Age

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



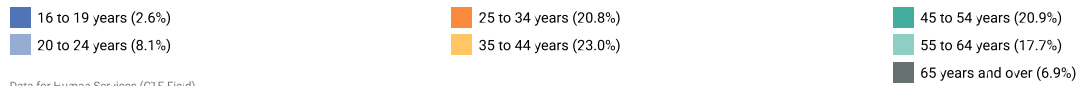
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota



Data for Human Services (C1E Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Human Services Workforce Race by Region

Race

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



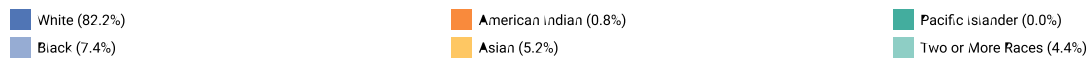
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota

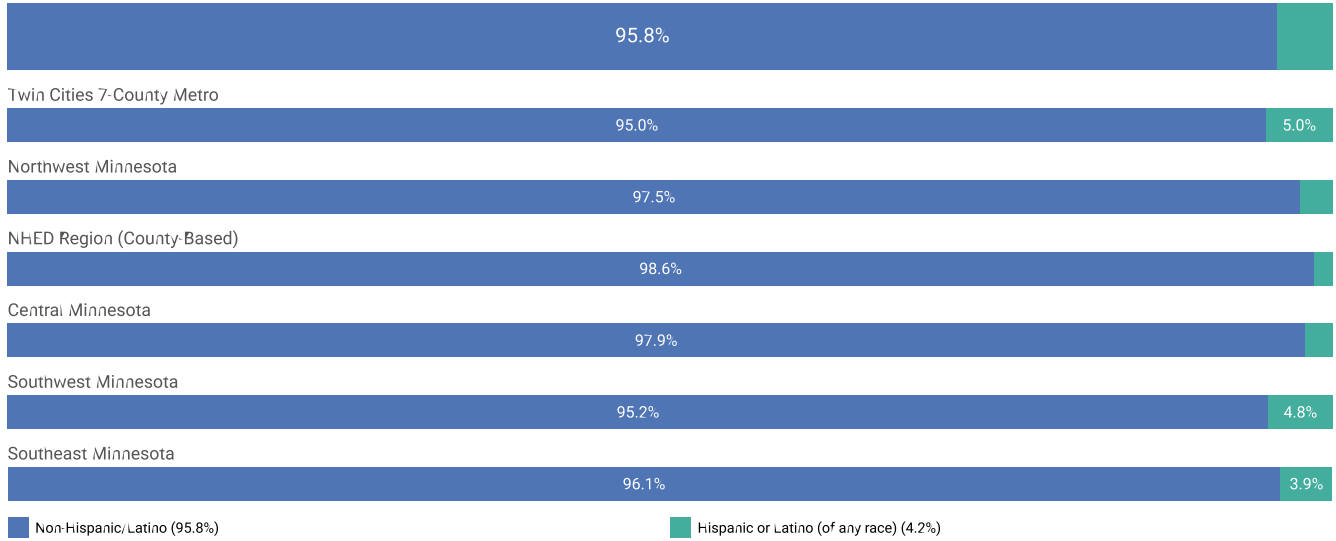


Data for Human Services (C1E Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Human Services Workforce Ethnicity by Region

Ethnicity

Minnesota

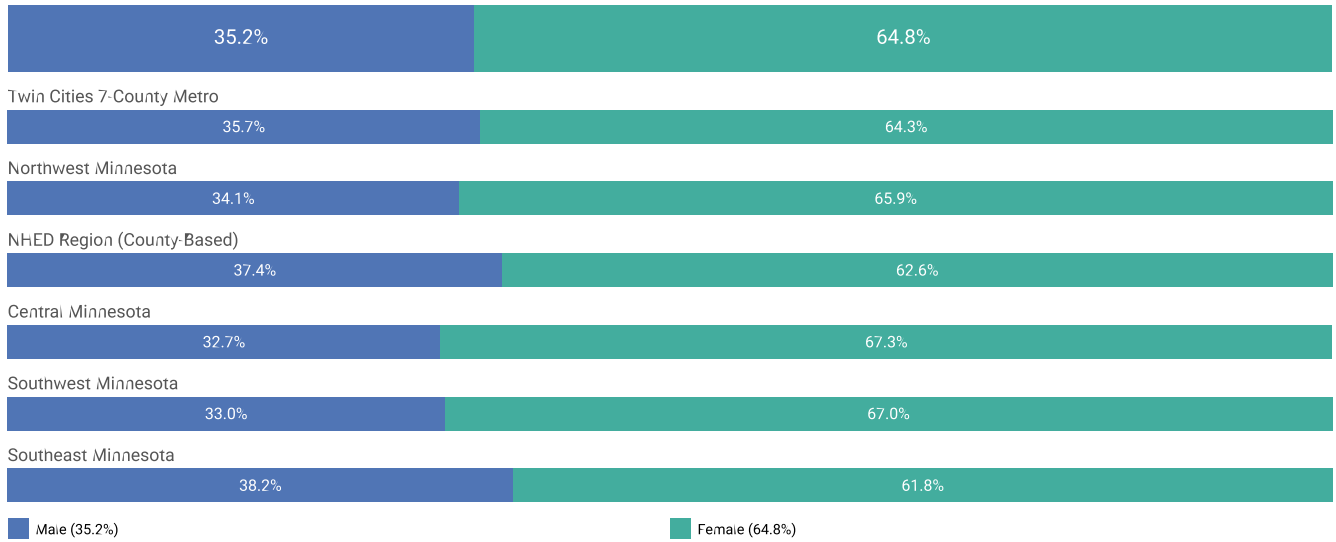


Data for Human Services (C1E Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Human Services Workforce Gender by Region

Gender

Minnesota



Data for Human Services (C1E Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT AND REQUIREMENTS

The charts below illustrate the estimated educational attainment of current workers in this career field, followed by the typical education and training requirements in the field.

- More than 50% of workers in the Human Services career field have attained a 4-year degree or higher, with the MSP Metro and Southeast regions both having the highest percentages (over 60%)
- Across all regions, more than 40% of the available roles in Human Services require less than a two-year degree or certificate and at least 30% require only short-term on the job training

Educational Attainment

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



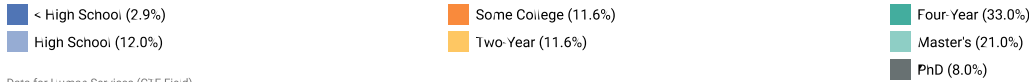
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



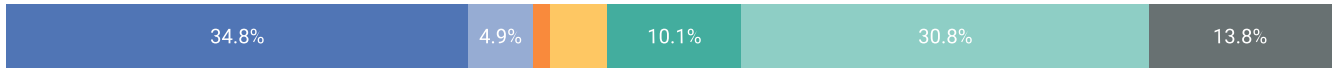
Southeast Minnesota



Data for Human Services (C1E Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Education and Training Requirements

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



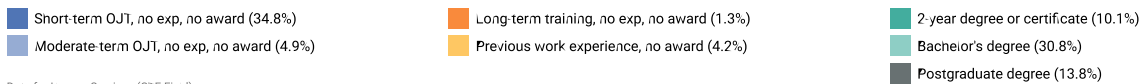
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota



Data for Human Services (C1E Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

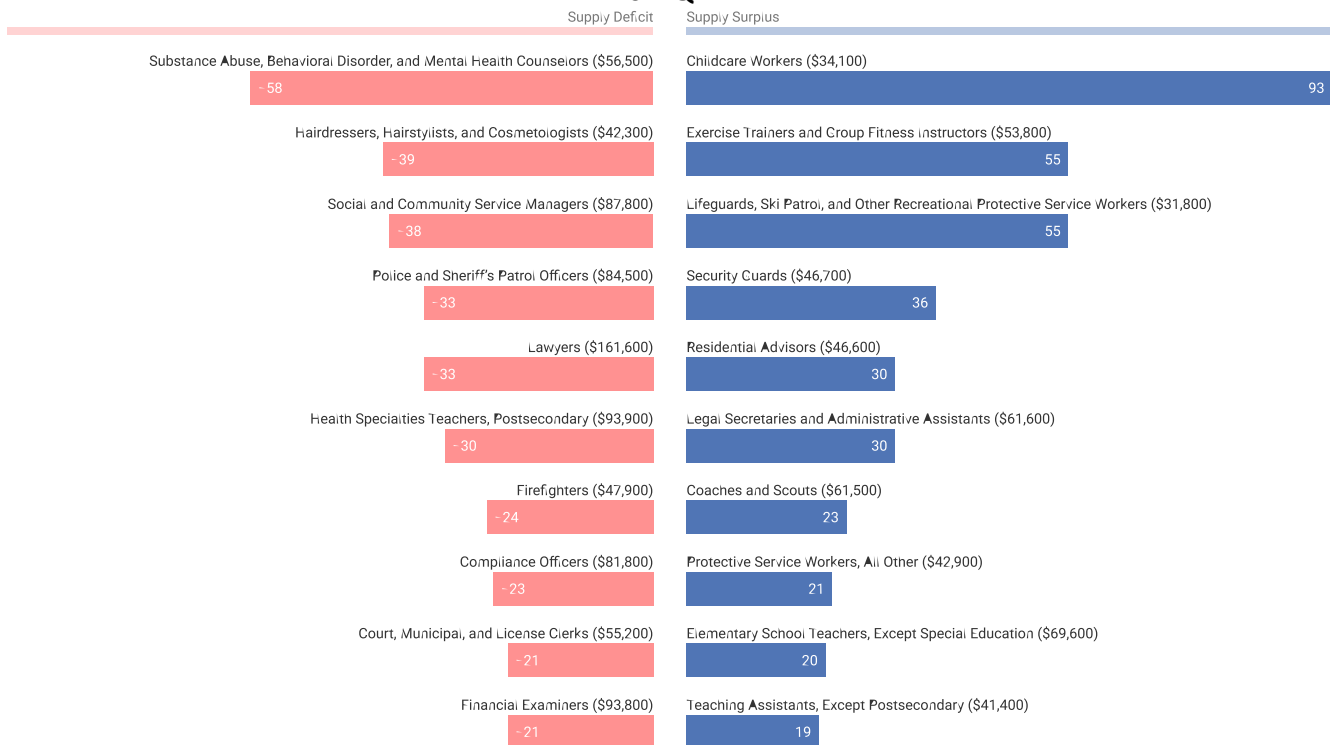
OCCUPATION GAPS

The chart below shows the potential average annual talent shortages over ten years.

In Human Services, Mental Health Counselors, Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists, as well as Social and Community Service Managers are the top occupations of shortage in the region (-38 or higher). These critical talent shortages in mental health counseling have shifted due in large part to forecasted employment growth and replacement demand needs due to retirements combined with insufficient talent coming through both secondary education and mental health counseling programs. Ten occupations continue to forecast moderate talent surpluses across the state in relation to demand. Of those, Childcare workers, Exercise Trainers, and Recreational Protective Service Workers are forecasting the highest surpluses (50+).

Annual Average Occupation Gaps (i.e. Talent Shortages) for the next 10 Years in Human Services, Minnesota,

2024Q1



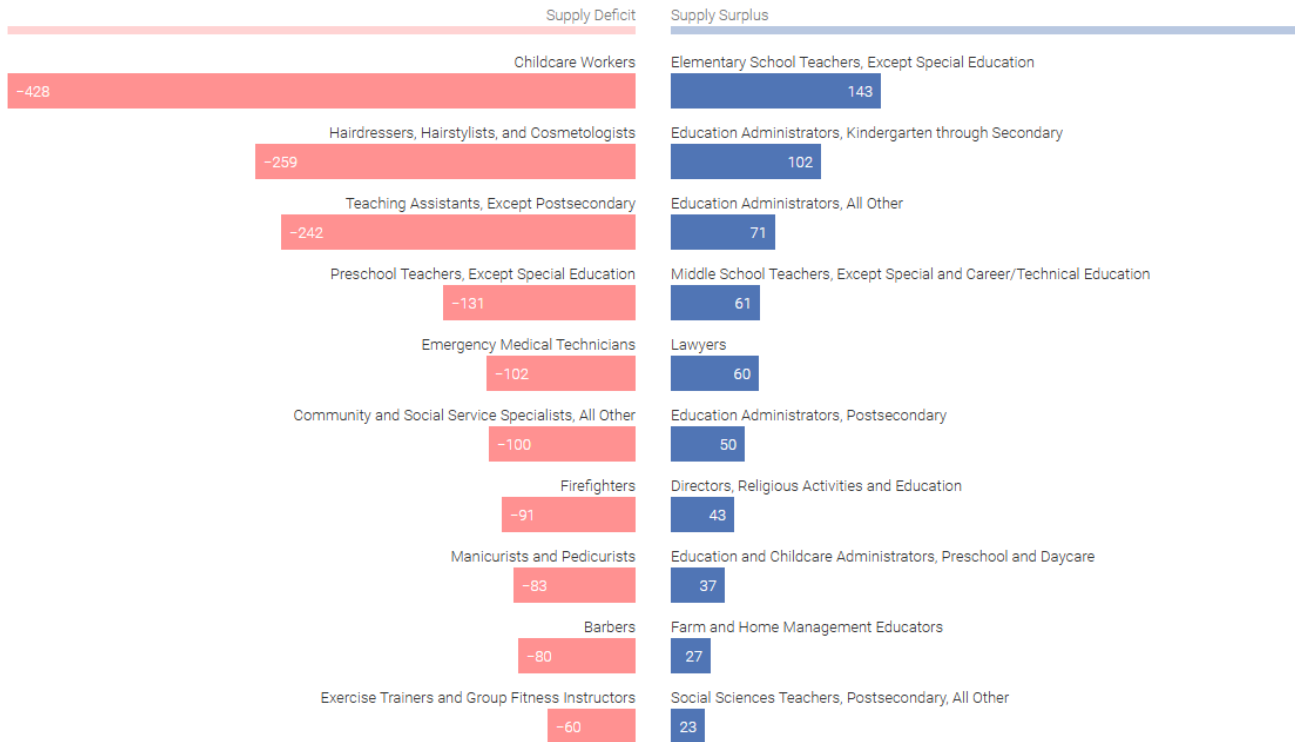
AWARD GAPS

The chart below shows the shortfall of new postsecondary graduates needed to meet local demand, benchmarked against national average volumes of graduates in the 2022-23 school year.

Minnesota faces several notable Human Services award shortages and some general misalignments:

- The Human Services occupations listed below have a local shortage of new graduates from local postsecondary programs, with local employers likely filling a large share of local job openings with talent trained outside of the region
- Education programs are underproducing the most graduates; Minnesota colleges and universities are underproducing about 428 graduates annually that are needed to fill Childcare workers positions and 259 graduates for Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologist positions
- By contrast, local education programs are slightly overproducing graduates as compared to the national average in Elementary School Educator positions (+147), Middle School Teacher roles (+61) and in a variety of educational administration roles

Award Gaps in Human Services, Minnesota, 2024Q1



ORIGIN, GATEWAY, AND TARGET OCCUPATIONS

This section offers an Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target model analysis for how to help move students from entry points into their field of interest into both likely and other aligned careers, considering automation, remote work, and the changing work environment.

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Human Services, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Target Occupations (All HW, HS, HD)

Elementary School Teachers
 Secondary School Teachers
 Lawyers (OG)
 Middle School Teachers
 Substance Abuse, Behavioral Disorder, & Mental Health Counselors (OG)

Gateway Occupations

Security Guards (HD)
 Social & Human Service Assistants (HD, AG)
 Self-Enrichment Teachers (HD)
 Exercise Trainers & Group Fitness Instructors (HD, AG)
 Court, Municipal, & License Clerks (OG)

Origin Occupations (All HD, AG)

Personal Care Aides
 Teaching Assistants (HS)
 Childcare Workers
 Preschool Teachers (HS)
 Hairdressers, Hairstylists, & Cosmetologists (HS, OG)

HW = High-Wage; HS=High-Skill; HD=High-Demand; OG=Occupation Gaps; AG=Award Gaps

Other Promising Occupations

A number of other Human Services occupations that are high-wage and high-demand, yet do not meet the high-skill threshold to be considered Target Occupations, may be promising careers for students to consider. These occupations may offer a fast track to good jobs for those interested in starting a career in the field without requiring a postsecondary credential. These occupations to consider include:

- Police & Sheriffs Patrol Officers (OG, AG)
- Correctional Officers & Jailers
- Construction & Building Inspectors
- Detectives & Criminal Investigators (OG, AG)
- Occupational Health & Safety Technicians (OG, AG)

High LQ Occupations

The following are the most highly concentrated Human Services occupations in Minnesota, relative to the national average.

Occupation	LQ
Social Workers, All Other	2.76
Special Education Teachers, Preschool	2.72
Court, Municipal, and License Clerks	2.12
Residential Advisors	1.98
Marriage and Family Therapists	1.98

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Human Services, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Mdn. Wage	Field: \$61,600	Field: \$55,100	Field: \$55,400	Field: \$53,700	Field: \$56,400	Field: \$57,000
Une mpl	Region: 2.6% Field: 2.1%	Region: 3.6% Field: 2.7%	Region: 3.2% Field: 2.4%	Region: 3.3% Field: 2.5%	Region: 2.8% Field: 2.1%	Region: 2.3% Field: 2.0%
Origin Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Care Aides Teaching Assistants, Except Postsecondary Childcare Workers Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education Hairdressers, Hairstylists, & Cosmetologists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Care Aides Teaching Assistants Childcare Workers Social & Human Service Assistants Preschool Teachers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Care Aides Teaching Assistants, Except Postsecondary Childcare Workers Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education Firefighters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Care Aides Teaching Assistants, Except Postsecondary Childcare Workers Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education Social & Human Service Assistants 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Care Aides Teaching Assistants, Except Postsecondary Childcare Workers Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education Firefighters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Care Aides Teaching Assistants, except Postsecondary Preschool Teachers, except Special Education Hairdressers, Hair Stylists, & Cosmetologists Laundry & Dry-Cleaning Workers
Gateway Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Security Guards Social & Human Service Assistants Self-Enrichment Teachers Substance Abuse, Behavioral Disorder, & Mental Health Counselors Exercise Trainers & Group Fitness Instructors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Residential Advisors Supervisors of Entertainment & Recreation Workers Community Health Workers Skincare Specialists Judicial Law Clerks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Social & Human Services Assistants Substitute Teachers, Short-Term Self-Enrichment Teachers Residential Advisors Rehabilitation Counselors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Exercise Trainers & Groups Fitness Instructors Coaches & Scouts Community & Social Service Specialists Rehabilitation Counselors First-Line Supervisors of Entertainment & Recreation Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Service Assistants Residential Advisors Community & Social Service Specialists, All Other First-Line Supervisors of Personal Service Workers Tutors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency Medical Technicians Social & Human Service Assistants Exercise Trainers & Group Fitness Instructors Security Guards Court, Municipal, & License Clerks
Target Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education Secondary School Teachers, Except Special & CTE Lawyers Middle School Teachers, Except Special & CTE Child, Family, & School Social Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Elementary School Teachers Secondary School Teachers Substance Abuse, Behavioral Disorder, & Mental Health Counselors Child, Family, & School Social Workers Middle School Teachers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Child, Family, & School Social Workers Substance Abuse, Behavioral Disorder, & Mental Health Counselors Lawyers Social & Community Service Manager Educational, Guidance, & Career Counselors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Elementary School Teachers Secondary School Teachers, Except Special & CTE Middle School Teachers, Except Special & CTE Substance Abuse, Behavioral Disorder, & Mental Health Counselors Child, Family, & School Social Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Substance Abuse, Behavioral Disorder, & Mental Health Counselors Child, Family, & School Social Workers Substitute Teachers, Short-Term Social & Community Service Managers Coaches & Scouts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Substance Abuse, Behavioral Disorder, & Mental Health Counselors Child, Family, & School Social Workers Substitute Teachers, Short-Term Lawyers Paramedics

High Location Quotient (LQ) Occupations for Human Services, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
LQ > 1.20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Social Workers, All Other Special Education Teachers, Preschool Marriage & Family Therapists Geography Teachers, Postsec. Area, Ethnic, & Cultural Studies Teachers, Postsec. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gambling Surveillance Officers & Gambling Investigators Social Workers, All Other Court, Municipal, & License Clerks Residential Advisors Special Education Teachers, Preschool 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funeral Home Managers Special Education Teachers, Preschool Social Workers, All Other Court, Municipal, & License Clerks Morticians, Undertakers, & Funeral Arrangers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Special Education Teachers, Preschool Funeral Home Managers Social Workers, All Other Court, Municipal, & License Clerks Residential Advisors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funeral Home Managers Special Education Teachers, Preschool Court, Municipal, & License Clerks Gambling Surveillance Officers & Gambling Investigators Social Workers, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Emergency Medical Technicians Paramedics Special Education Teachers, Preschool Funeral Home Managers Social Workers, All Other

Arts, Communications, and Information Systems

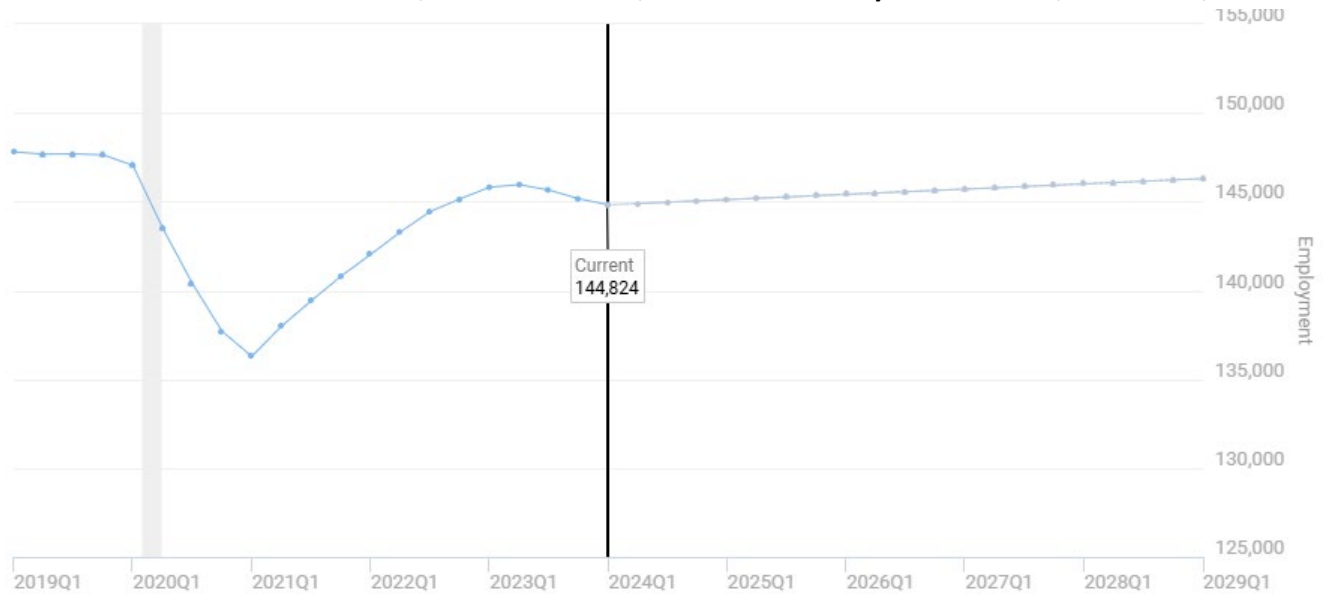
Arts, Communications, and Information Systems is a diverse career field with artistic careers as well as Information Technology career paths. The specific career clusters included in this field are:

- Arts, Audio/Video Technology, and Communications
- Information Technology

EMPLOYMENT FORECAST

Over the next five years, Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Field employment is forecast to grow by 0.4% annually, dropping moderately from last year's forecast (0.6%).

Baseline 5-Year Forecast for Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Careers, Minnesota, 2024Q1



TOP OCCUPATIONS

A total of 144,824 people are employed in Arts, Communications, and Information Systems roles statewide, accounting for about 5% of all Minnesota employment. This is the smallest CTE Career Field in Minnesota. Among the top ten occupations, there are a variety of forecasts, from the most optimistic for Software Developers (+1.8%) to the sharpest decline in Printing Press Operators (-1.6%).

Top Ten Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Occupations by Employment Volume, Minnesota, 2024Q1

6-Digit Occupation	Empl	Median Wages	LQ	Historical 5-Year Empl Change	Forecast 5-Year Demand	Forecast Annual Change
Software Developers	35,278	\$127,600	1.16	4,463	13,451	1.8%
Computer User Support Specialists	13,500	\$65,700	0.98	972	4,431	0.0%
Computer Systems Analysts	12,482	\$110,700	1.26	-516	3,906	0.4%
Computer Network Support Specialists	6,332	\$75,900	1.92	-106	2,180	0.2%
Graphic Designers	6,155	\$62,300	1.21	-359	2,352	-0.3%
Printing Press Operators	5,455	\$47,000	1.91	-984	2,233	-1.6%
Computer Occupations, All Other	5,450	\$101,100	0.66	260	1,795	0.3%
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	5,033	\$101,500	0.79	-371	1,298	-0.3%
Musicians and Singers	3,072	\$72,900	0.94	-781	1,890	-0.3%
Writers and Authors	2,931	\$73,500	1.01	-465	1,388	-0.1%
Arts, Communications, & Information Systems (CTE Field)	144,824	\$91,300	1.03	-2,979	55,065	0.4%

"Forecast 5-Year Demand" is the projected need for new entrants into an occupation over the next five years. New entrants are needed due to expected growth and to replace workers who left the occupation due to factors such as retirement or switching careers.

"Forecast Annual Change" is the expected baseline (most pessimistic) yearly change in employment due to national, long-term trend projections (per the BLS) as well as local factors such as industry mix, labor force participation rates, and population growth (as computed and modeled by RealTime Talent in JobsEQ).

TOP INDUSTRIES

The largest share of talent in Minnesota working in Arts, Communications, and Information Systems roles are employed by Computer Systems Design and Related Services Companies (14.8%) or Management of Companies and Enterprises (8.1%). Overall, employment in this field is relatively spread out across many different industries.

Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Field Employment by Industry, Minnesota, 2024Q1

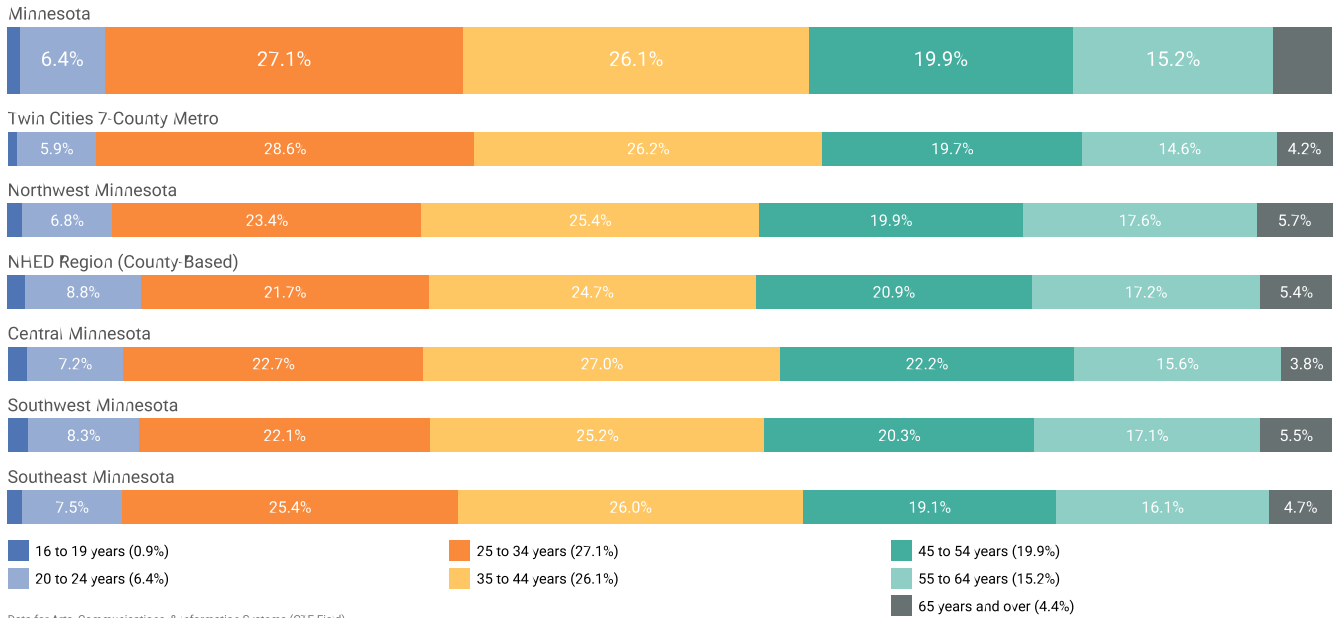
Industry Title	% of Career Field Empl	Career Field Empl	10-Year Separations	10-Year Empl Change	10-Year Total Demand
Computer Systems Design and Related Services	14.8%	21,386	13,486	4,012	17,498
Management of Companies and Enterprises	8.1%	11,788	7,420	840	8,259
Printing and Related Support Activities	5.7%	8,184	7,390	-1,691	5,699
Independent Artists, Writers, and Performers	4.0%	5,826	5,647	-82	5,565
Software Publishers	3.5%	5,031	3,174	1,006	4,180
Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing	2.9%	4,149	2,368	164	2,532
Insurance Carriers	2.7%	3,978	2,364	191	2,555
Newspaper, Periodical, Book, and Directory Publishers	2.7%	3,912	3,417	-206	3,211
Depository Credit Intermediation	2.5%	3,667	2,160	250	2,410
Wired and Wireless Telecommunications (except Satellite)	2.5%	3,593	2,911	0	2,911
Management, Scientific, and Technical Consulting Services	2.4%	3,513	2,366	371	2,737
Computing Infrastructure Providers, Data Processing, Web Hosting, and Related Services	2.3%	3,361	2,122	571	2,694
Employment Services	2.2%	3,211	2,102	51	2,153
Religious Organizations	2.1%	3,091	3,194	-114	3,080
Other Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	2.1%	3,072	2,499	128	2,626
Advertising, Public Relations, and Related Services	2.0%	2,945	2,582	171	2,753
Professional and Commercial Equipment and Supplies Merchant Wholesalers	1.9%	2,688	1,637	60	1,697
Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	1.8%	2,623	1,758	-81	1,677
Web Search Portals, Libraries, Archives, and Other Information Services	1.5%	2,119	1,361	568	1,929
Architectural, Engineering, and Related Services	1.3%	1,865	1,133	85	1,218
All Others	31.0%	44,824	33,150	154	33,303

CAREER FIELD DEMOGRAPHICS

- The Arts, Communications, and Information Systems field is predominantly male (72.6%) and white (75.8%), as well as non-Hispanic/Latine (97.2%)
 - This is the most diverse career field by race
- The MSP Metro has the youngest workforce, with the smallest share of workers 45 years old and older

Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Workforce Age by Region

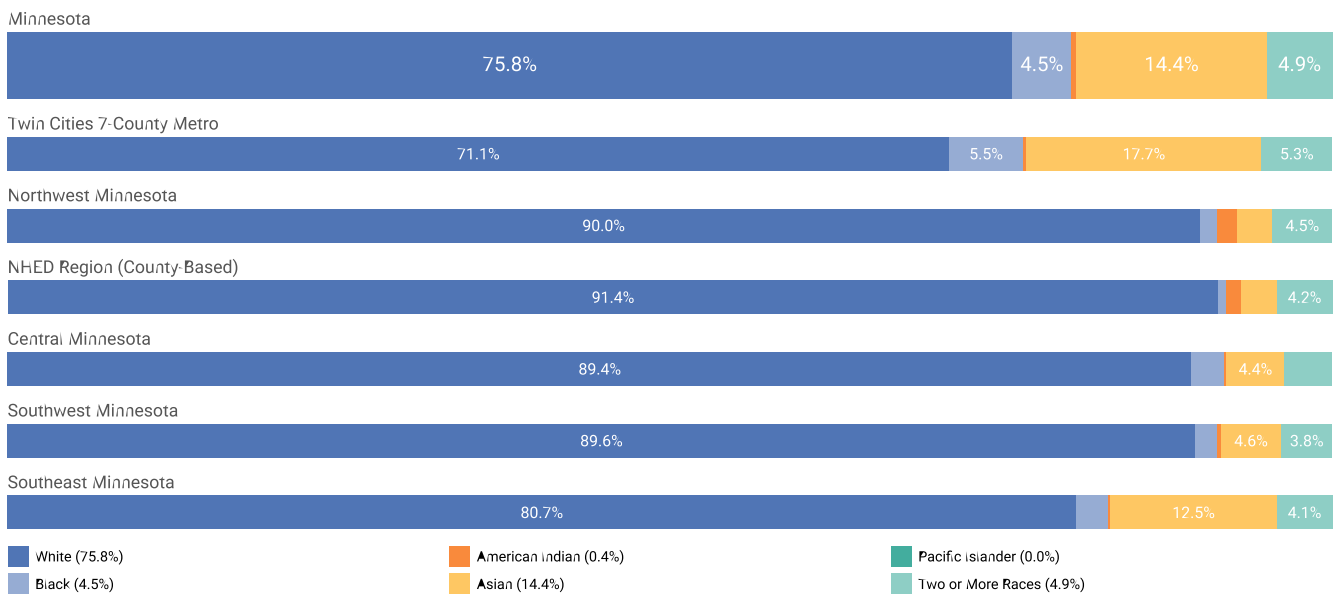
Age



Data for Arts, Communications, & Information Systems (CTE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Workforce Race by Region

Race

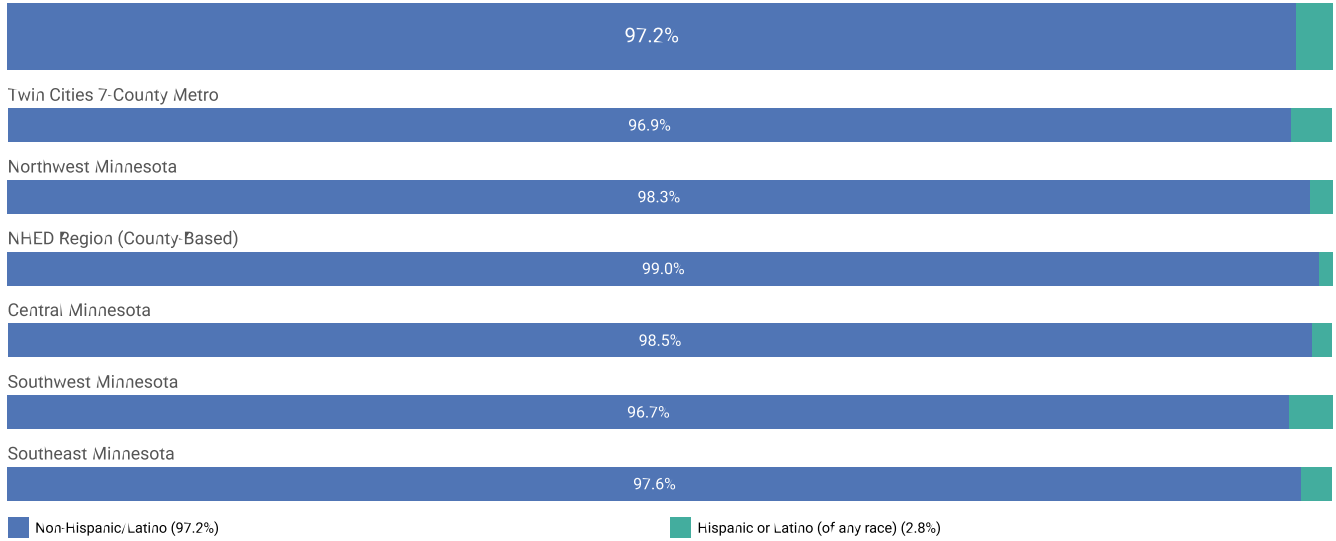


Data for Arts, Communications, & Information Systems (CTE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Workforce Ethnicity by Region

Ethnicity

Minnesota

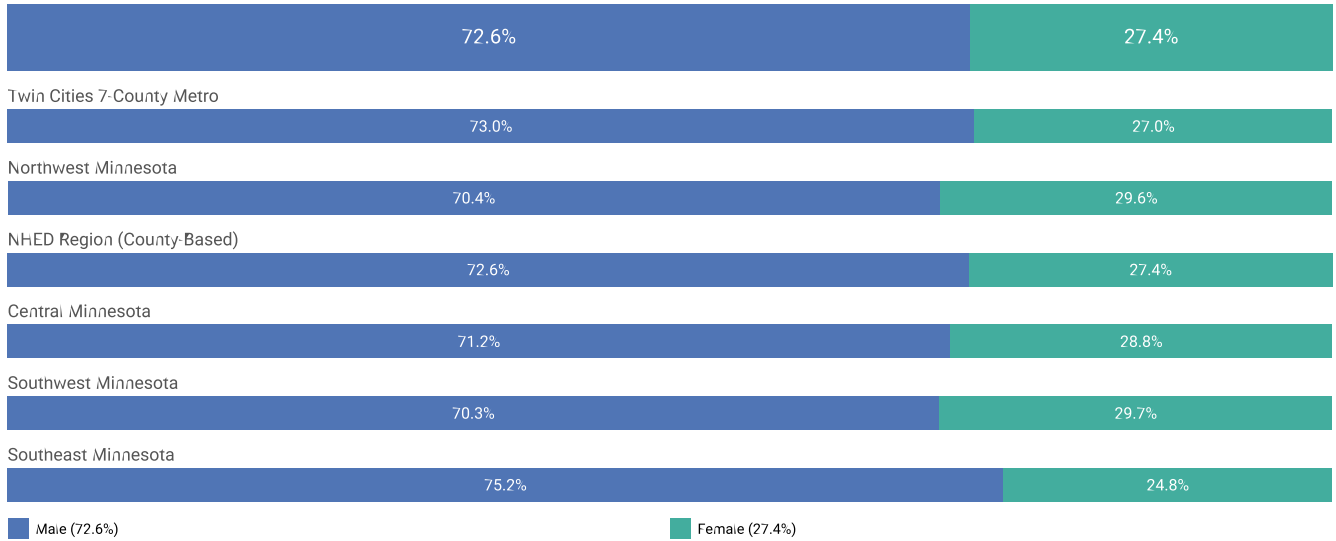


Data for Arts, Communications, & Information Systems (CTE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Arts, Communications, and Information Systems Workforce Gender by Region

Gender

Minnesota



Data for Arts, Communications, & Information Systems (CTE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

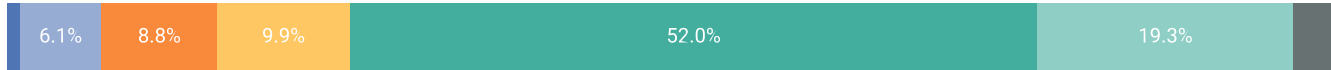
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT AND REQUIREMENTS

The charts below illustrate the estimated educational attainment of current workers in this career field, followed by the typical education and training requirements in the field.

- Workers in the Arts, Communication, and Information Systems field across the state of Minnesota have attained high levels of education, with over 80% having at least a two-year degree
- Regional educational attainments in this career field vary in terms of percentage of workers with some college or a two-year degree; The MSP Metro has the smallest share (15.1%), followed by the Southeast (22.0%); These regions also have the highest percentage of workers with a bachelor’s degree or higher
- The Northwest and Southwest regions have the largest percentage of workers in the field with either some college or a two-year degree as their highest level of educational attainment at approximately 30% each
- With the exception of Southwest Minnesota (66.9%), all other regions’ share of occupation in this career field requiring a two-year degree or higher exceeds 70%

Educational Attainment

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



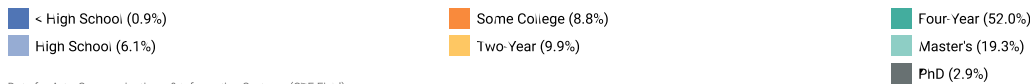
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota

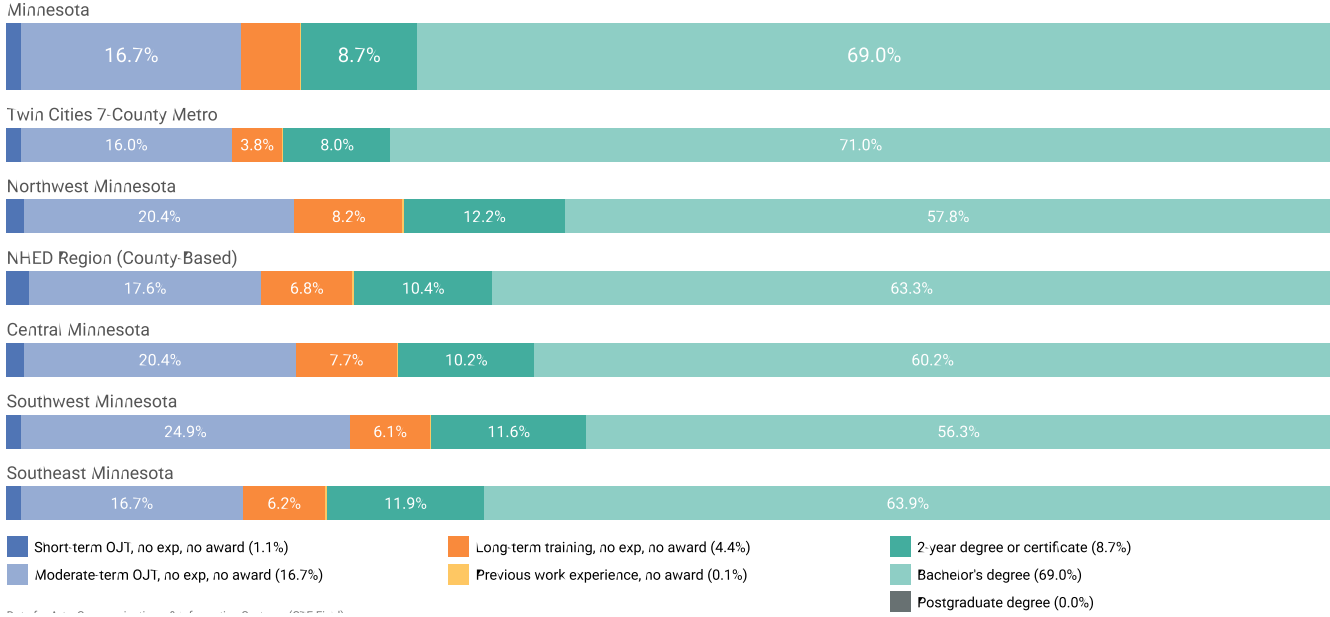


Southeast Minnesota



Data for Arts, Communications, & Information Systems (CTE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Education and Training Requirements

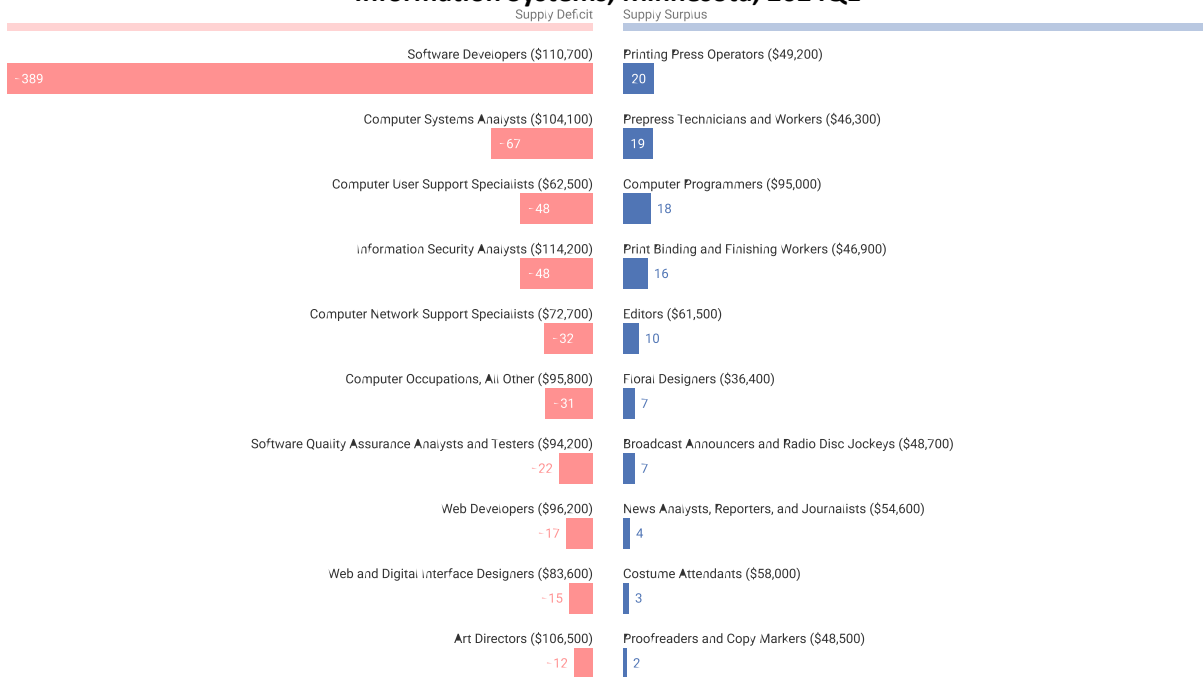


OCCUPATION GAPS

The chart below shows the potential average annual talent shortages over ten years.

Software Developers are the top occupation of shortage in this field, falling short at least almost 400 skilled workers needed annually (averaged over the next ten years) to meet employer demand. This major talent shortage is primarily due to employment growth which is outpacing the growth in supply of trained software professionals in this region. The Computer Systems Analyst role has the second greatest forecasted shortage and Art Directors are also newly forecast to have shortages. Shortage estimates have shrunk moderately and surplus estimates have remained similar to 2023.

Annual Average Occupation Gaps (i.e. Talent Shortages) for the next 10 Years in Arts, Communications. And Information Systems, Minnesota, 2024Q1



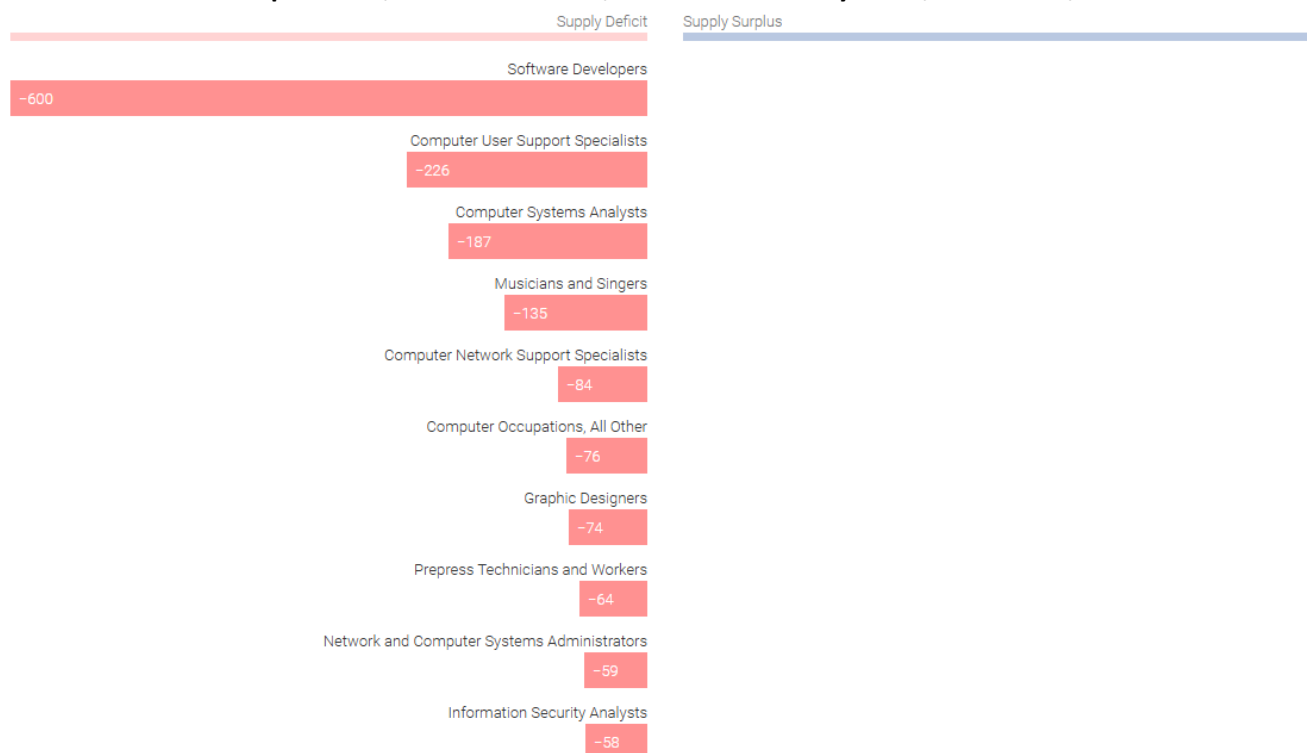
AWARD GAPS

The chart below shows the shortfall of new postsecondary graduates needed to meet local demand, benchmarked against national average volumes of graduates in the 2022-23 school year.

Minnesota is underproducing graduates in several Arts, Communications, and Information Systems programs in addition to showing some general misalignments:

- There are no occupations in the field forecasting award surpluses at the statewide level
- All occupations in the field have an undersupply or sufficient volume of postsecondary graduates from local institutions
- Minnesota colleges and universities are underproducing trained Software Developers, Musicians, Graphic Designers, Computer User Support Specialists, and more when compared to national trends

Award Gaps in Arts, Communications, and Information Systems, Minnesota, 2024Q1



ORIGIN, GATEWAY, AND TARGET OCCUPATIONS

This section offers an Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target model analysis for how to help move students from entry points into their field of interest into both likely and other aligned careers, considering automation, remote work, and the changing work environment.

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Arts, Communications, and Information Systems, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Target Occupations (All HW, HS, HD, AG)

Software Developers (OG)
 Computer User Support Specialists (OG)
 Computer Systems Analysts (OG)
 Computer Network Support Specialists (OG)
 Graphic Designers

Gateway Occupations

Printing Press Operators (AG)
 Photographers (OG, AG)
 Prepress Technicians & Workers (HS, AG)
 Print Binding & Finishing Workers
 Audio & Video Technicians (HS, OG, AG)

Origin Occupations

Floral Designers (AG)
 News Analysts, Reporters, & Journalists (HS)
 Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys (HS, AG)
 Disk Jockeys, Except Radio (AG)
 Artists & Related Workers, All Other (OG, AG)

HW = High-Wage; HS=High-Skill; HD=High-Demand; OG=Occupation Gaps; AG=Award Gaps

Other Promising Occupations

Another Arts, Communications, and Information Systems occupation that is high-wage and high-demand, yet does not meet the high-skill threshold to be considered a Target Occupation, may be a promising career for students to consider. This occupation may offer a fast track to good jobs for those interested in starting a career in the field without requiring a postsecondary credential. This occupation to consider is:

- Telecommunications Line Installers and Repairers (OG, AG)

High LQ Occupations

The following are the most highly concentrated Arts, Communications and Information Systems occupations in Minnesota, relative to the national average.

Occupation	LQ
Prepress Technicians & Workers	3.49
Print Binding & Finishing Workers	2.14
Computer Network Support Specialists	1.92
Printing Press Operators	1.91
Desktop Publishers	1.85

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Arts, Communications, and Information Systems, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Mdn. Wage	Field: \$96,000	Field: \$76,200	Field: \$69,300	Field: \$72,800	Field: \$70,800	Field: \$86,600
Une mpl	Region: 2.6% Field: 2.1%	Region: 3.6% Field: 2.6%	Region: 3.2% Field: 2.3%	Region: 3.3% Field: 2.4%	Region: 2.8% Field: 2.3%	Region: 2.3% Field: 1.9%
Origin Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> News Analysts, Reporters, & Journalists Floral Designers Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys Disc Jockeys, Except Radio Artists & Related Workers, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Photographers Audio & Video Technicians Floral Designers Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys Prepress Technicians & Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Printing Press Operators Photographers Floral Designers Prepress Technicians & Workers Print Binding & Finishing Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Photographers Prepress Technicians & Workers Floral Designers Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys News Analysts, Reporters, & Journalists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Printing Press Operators Prepress Technicians & Workers Print Binding & Finishing Workers Photographers Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Photographers Producers & Directors Floral Designers Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys News Analysts, Reporters, & Journalists
Gateway Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Printing Press Operators Photographers Prepress Technicians & Workers Print Binding & Finishing Workers Audio & Video Technicians 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Printing Press Operators Producers & Directors News Analysts, Reporters, & Journalists Print Binding & Finishing Workers Camera Operators, Television, Video, & Film 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Editors Broadcast Technicians Proofreaders & Copy Markers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Printing Press Operators Print Binding & Finishing Workers Audio & Video Technicians Broadcast Technicians Proofreaders & Copy Markers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Actors Fine Artists Incl. Painters, Sculptors & Illustrators Entertainers & Performers, Sports & Related Workers, All Other Proofreaders & Copy Makers Agents & Business Managers of Artists, Performers, & Athletes 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Printing Press Operators Editors Audio & Video Technicians Prepress Technicians & Workers Print Binding & Finishing Workers
Target Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software Developers Computer User Support Specialists Computer Systems Analysts Computer Occupations, All Other Network & Computer Systems Administrators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software Developers Computer Systems Analysts Computer Network Support Specialists Computer Occupations, All Other Telecommunications Equipment Installers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software Developers Computer Systems Analysts Telecommunications Equipment Installers & Repairers Computer Occupations, All Other Web & Digital Interface Designers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software Developers Computer User Support Specialists Computer Systems Analysts Graphic Designers Computer Network Support Specialists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software Developers Web & Digital Interface Designers Web Developers Makeup Artists, Theatrical & Performance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Software Developers Computer Systems Analysts Telecommunications Equipment Installers Web & Digital Interface Designers Web Developers

High Location Quotient (LQ) Occupations for Arts, Communications, and Information Systems, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
LQ > 1.20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prepress Technicians & Workers Print Binding & Finishing Workers Desktop Publishers Computer Network Support Specialists Printing Press Operators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys Prepress Technicians & Workers Computer Network Support Specialists Dancers Artists & Related Workers, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prepress Technicians & Workers Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys Floral Designers Print Binding & Finishing Workers Commercial & Industrial Designers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prepress Technicians & Workers Print Binding & Finishing Workers Printing Press Operators Commercial & Industrial Designers Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prepress Technicians & Workers Print Binding & Finishing Workers Printing Press Operators Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys Desktop Publishers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sound Engineering Technicians Prepress Technicians & Workers Computer Network Support Specialists Broadcast Announcers & Radio Disc Jockeys

Business, Management, and Administration

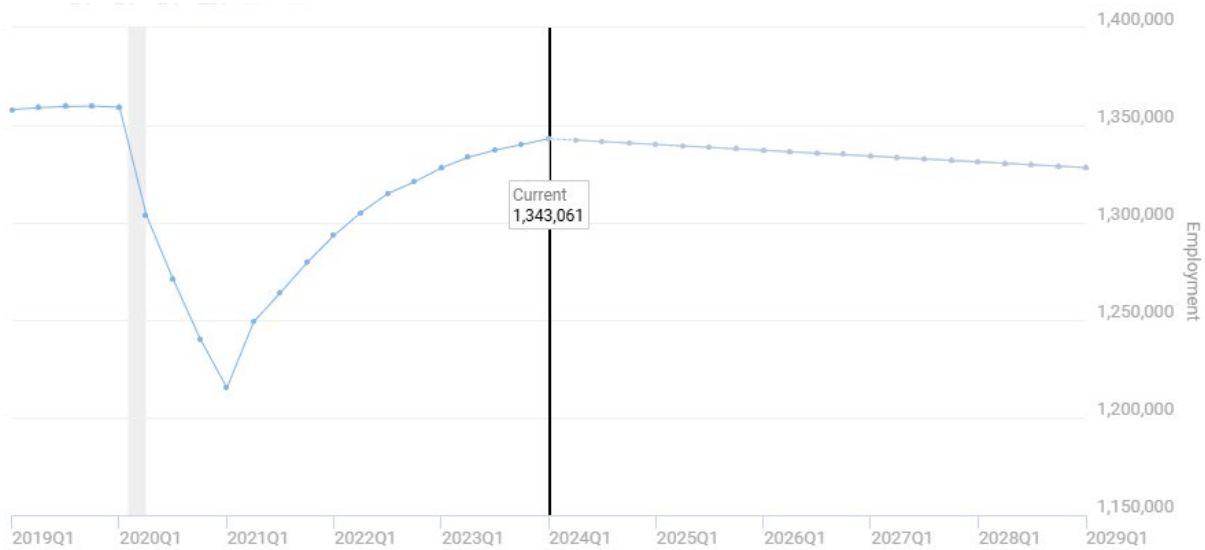
Business, Management, and Administration is a diverse career field with the following career clusters:

- Hospitality and Tourism
- Finance
- Marketing
- Business, Management, and Administration

EMPLOYMENT FORECAST

Over the next five years, Business, Management, and Administration Field employment is forecast to decline by -0.4%, a slightly worse forecast than the -0.3% decline projected one year ago.

Baseline 5-Year Forecast for Business, Management, and Administration Careers, Minnesota 2024Q1



TOP OCCUPATIONS

A total of 1,343,061 people are employed in Business, Management and Administration Systems roles in Minnesota, accounting for about 43% of all statewide employment. The sole occupation in the top ten predicted to grow is Stockers and Order Fillers (+0.2%).

Top Ten Business, Management, and Administration Systems Occupations by Employment Volume in Minnesota, 2024Q1

6-Digit Occupation	Empl	Median Wages	LQ	Historical 5-Year Empl Change	Forecast 5-Year Demand	Forecast Annual Change
General and Operations Managers	75,588	\$100,800	1.13	11,371	29,593	0.0%
Retail Salespersons	69,234	\$36,000	0.98	-8,289	46,702	-0.6%
Cashiers	61,806	\$33,100	0.97	-3,429	51,801	-1.4%
Customer Service Representatives	58,126	\$48,300	1.05	747	33,975	-1.1%
Fast Food and Counter Workers	55,592	\$32,200	0.85	-3,595	61,275	-0.4%
Office Clerks, General	55,100	\$47,800	1.09	-4,068	28,193	-1.1%
Stocker and Order Fillers	44,723	\$39,700	0.82	4,477	36,635	0.2%
Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	44,135	\$39,700	0.97	-655	29,575	-0.4%
Waiters and Waitresses	39,748	\$26,400	0.93	-4,138	38,235	-0.8%
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	35,945	\$50,500	0.94	-1,396	15,645	-1.7%
Business, Management, & Administration (CTE Field)	1,343,061	\$61,700	0.98	-14,967	785,428	-0.4%

"Forecast 5-Year Demand" is the projected need for new entrants into an occupation over the next five years. New entrants are needed due to expected growth and to replace workers who left the occupation due to factors such as retirement or switching careers.

"Forecast Annual Change" is the expected baseline (most pessimistic) yearly change in employment due to national, long-term trend projections (per the BLS) as well as local factors such as industry mix, labor force participation rates, and population growth (as computed and modeled by RealTime Talent in JobsEQ).

TOP INDUSTRIES

In Minnesota, the industry with the greatest share of Business, Management, and Administration talent is Restaurants (12.7%). Beyond Restaurants, current Business, Management and Administration employment is relatively spread out over many different industries, each touching less than 5% of statewide talent.

Business, Management, and Administration Field Employment by Industry, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Industry Title	% of Career Field Empl	Career Field Empl	10-Year Separations	10-Year Empl Change	10-Year Total Demand
Restaurants and Other Eating Places	12.7%	170,847	310,968	-4,973	305,996
Management of Companies and Enterprises	4.3%	57,909	52,312	489	52,801
Depository Credit Intermediation	3.1%	41,984	35,142	-2,815	32,327
Warehouse Clubs, Supercenters, and Other General Merchandise Retailers	2.9%	39,026	56,957	-2,634	54,324
Grocery and Convenience Retailers	2.8%	38,214	59,752	-2,452	57,301
Insurance Carriers	2.1%	27,763	23,963	-1,454	22,508
Management, Scientific, and Technical Consulting Services	2.1%	27,682	24,175	999	25,174
Traveler Accommodation	2.0%	26,232	38,721	-451	38,270
Gasoline Stations	2.0%	26,195	43,182	-2,509	40,673
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	1.8%	24,173	31,080	-1,046	30,034
Elementary and Secondary Schools	1.7%	23,428	29,283	-2,234	27,049
Agencies, Brokerages, and Other Insurance Related Activities	1.7%	23,257	20,763	466	21,229
General Medical and Surgical Hospitals	1.6%	21,496	24,947	-1,612	23,335
Building Material and Supplies Dealers	1.5%	20,419	28,038	-581	27,457
Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support	1.4%	19,004	21,187	-1,415	19,772
Other Amusement and Recreation Industries	1.4%	18,282	32,780	653	33,432
Employment Services	1.4%	18,223	20,404	-1,054	19,350
Offices of Physicians	1.3%	17,277	18,731	-1,024	17,707
Department Stores	1.2%	16,751	24,501	-1,174	23,328
Accounting, Tax Preparation, Bookkeeping, and Payroll Services	1.2%	16,223	14,195	-934	13,261
All Others	49.8%	668,676	717,874	-30,819	687,055

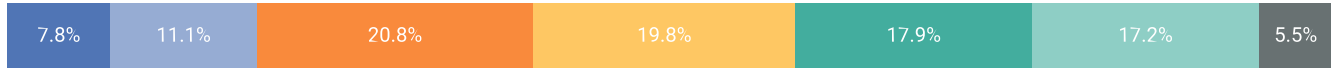
CAREER FIELD DEMOGRAPHICS

- The Business, Management, and Administration field is evenly balanced by gender overall, with 45.9% of the workforce identifying as male
- While Minnesota’s Business, Management, and Administration workforce is about as diverse by ethnicity as the state’s population overall (with 5.4% Hispanic/Latine workers), it is less diverse by race, at 83.4% white

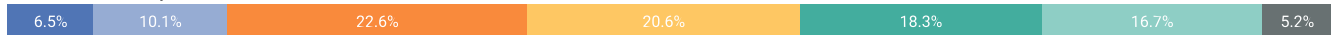
Business, Management, and Administration Workforce Age by Region

Age

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



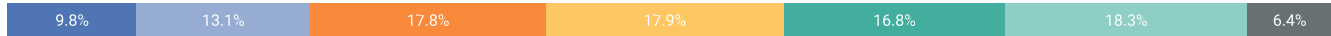
NHED Region (County-Based)



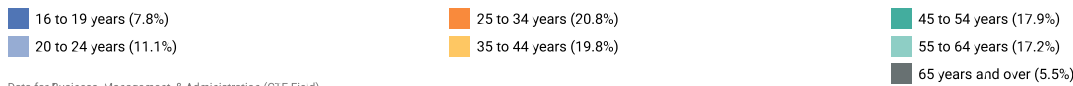
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota



Data for Business, Management, & Administration (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Business, Management, and Administration Workforce Race by Region

Race

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



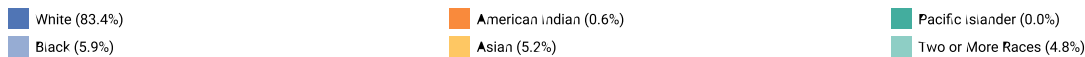
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota

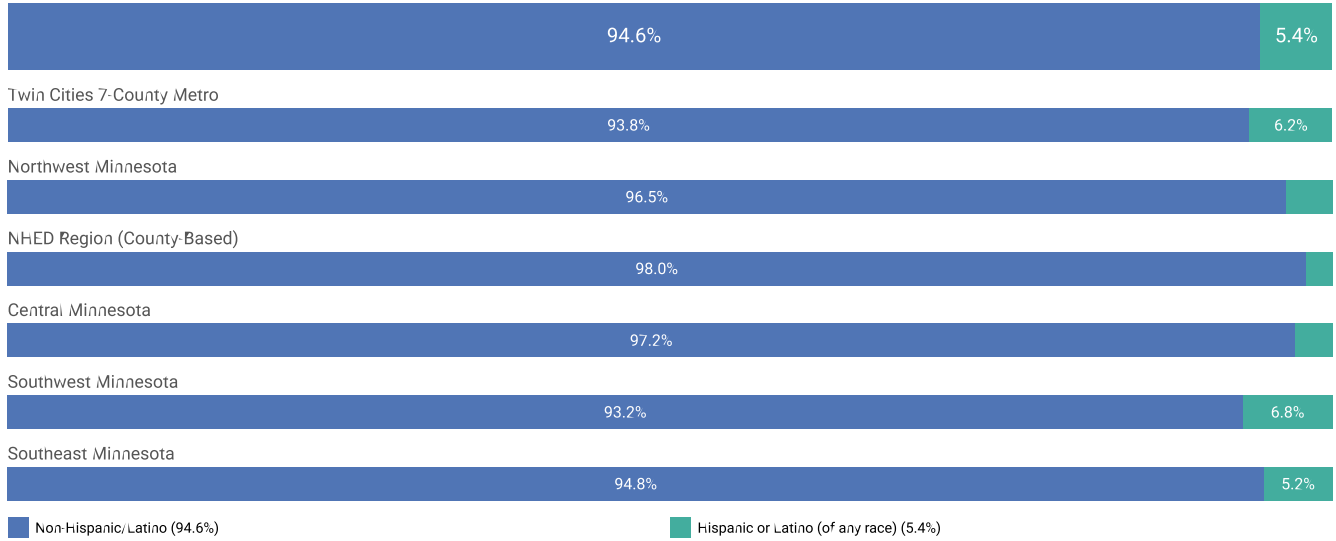


Data for Business, Management, & Administration (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Business, Management, and Administration Workforce Ethnicity by Region

Ethnicity

Minnesota

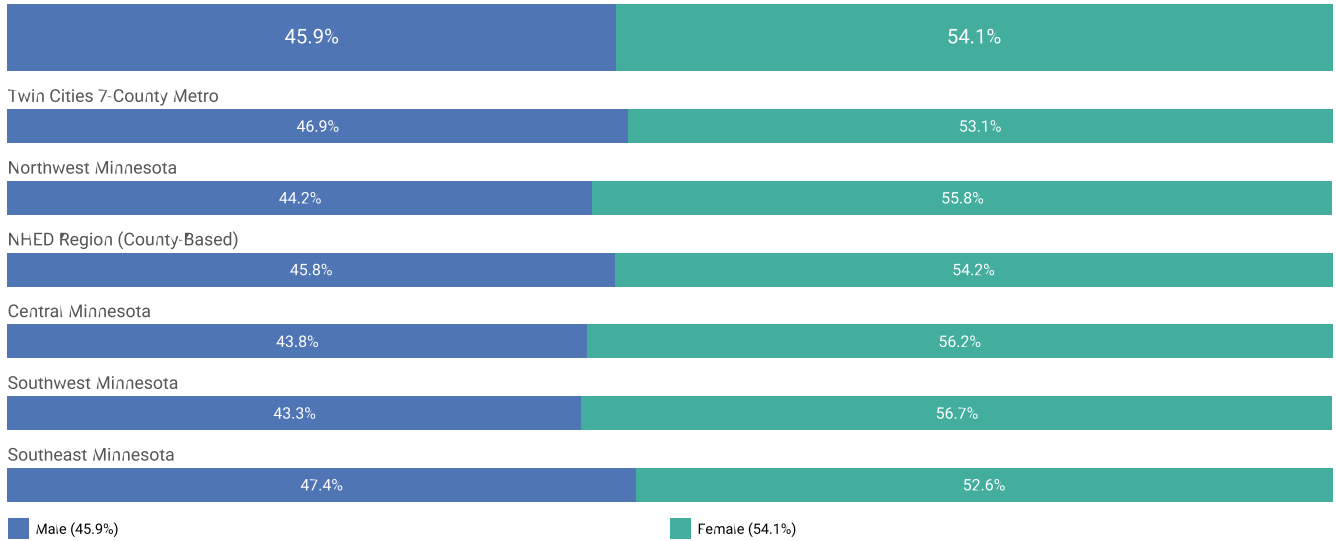


Data for Business, Management, & Administration (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Business, Management, and Administration Workforce Gender by Region

Gender

Minnesota



Data for Business, Management, & Administration (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

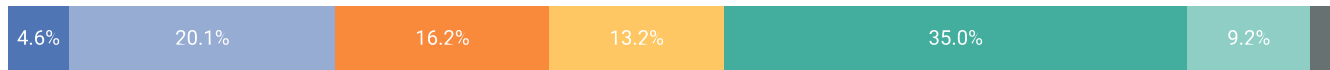
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT AND REQUIREMENTS

The charts below illustrate the estimated educational attainment of current workers in this career field, followed by the typical education and training requirements in the field.

- With the exception of the MSP Metro region, the level of educational attainment for workers in the Business, Management, and Administration career field is fairly similar among regions
 - All five regions outside the MSP Metro have a workforce in this field where approximately 25% of workers have attained a high school diploma as their highest level of education, more than 30% have obtained some college or a two-year degree, and another 30% have attained at least a four-year degree
 - The MSP Metro region has a significantly larger percentage of their field's workforce with at least a four-year degree (over 50%), and a lower percentage with their highest education being high school (16%) or some college or a two-year degree (25.1%)
 - By contrast, the education and training requirements for roles in this career field require significantly less attainment than the workforce currently holds; only slightly more than 20% of the jobs across the regions (with the exception of the MSP Metro which is 30%) require a bachelor's degree or higher and only a tiny fraction of the jobs require a two-year degree
 - The majority of roles in this field across the regions require less than a two-year degree (more than 70% in all regions except the MSP Metro)

Educational Attainment

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



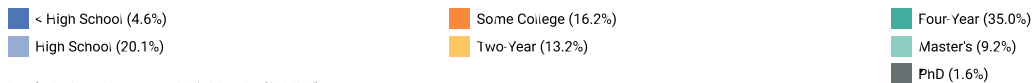
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota

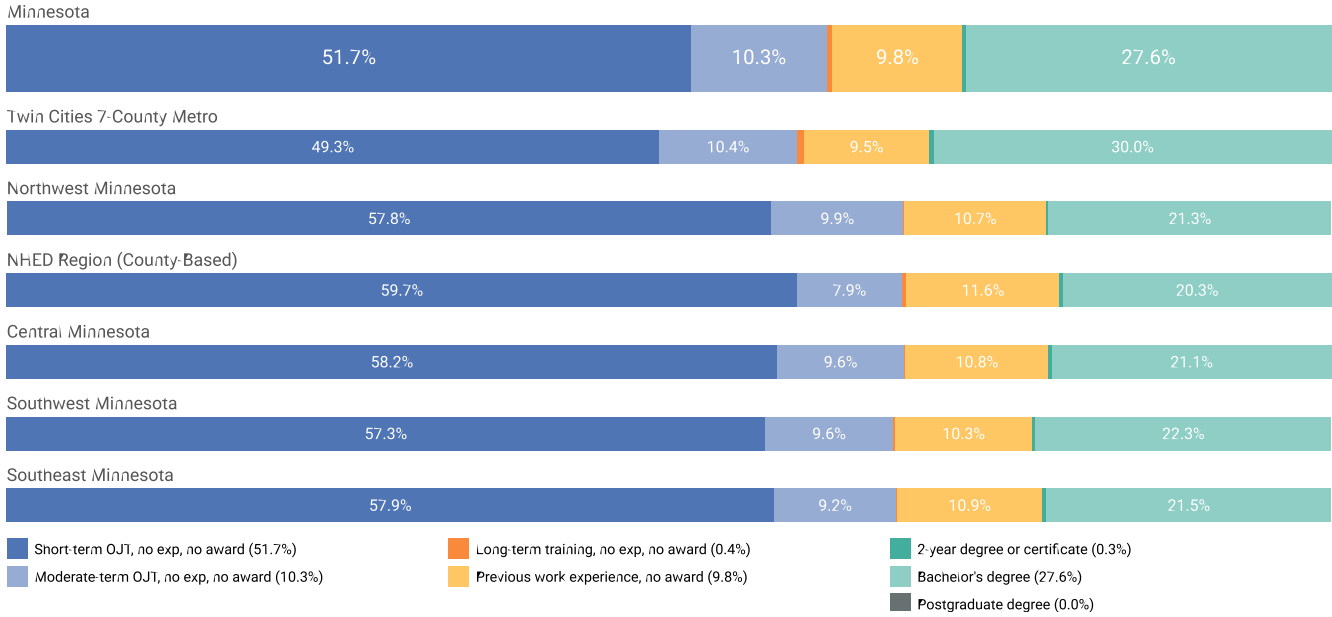


Southeast Minnesota



Data for Business, Management, & Administration (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Education and Training Requirements

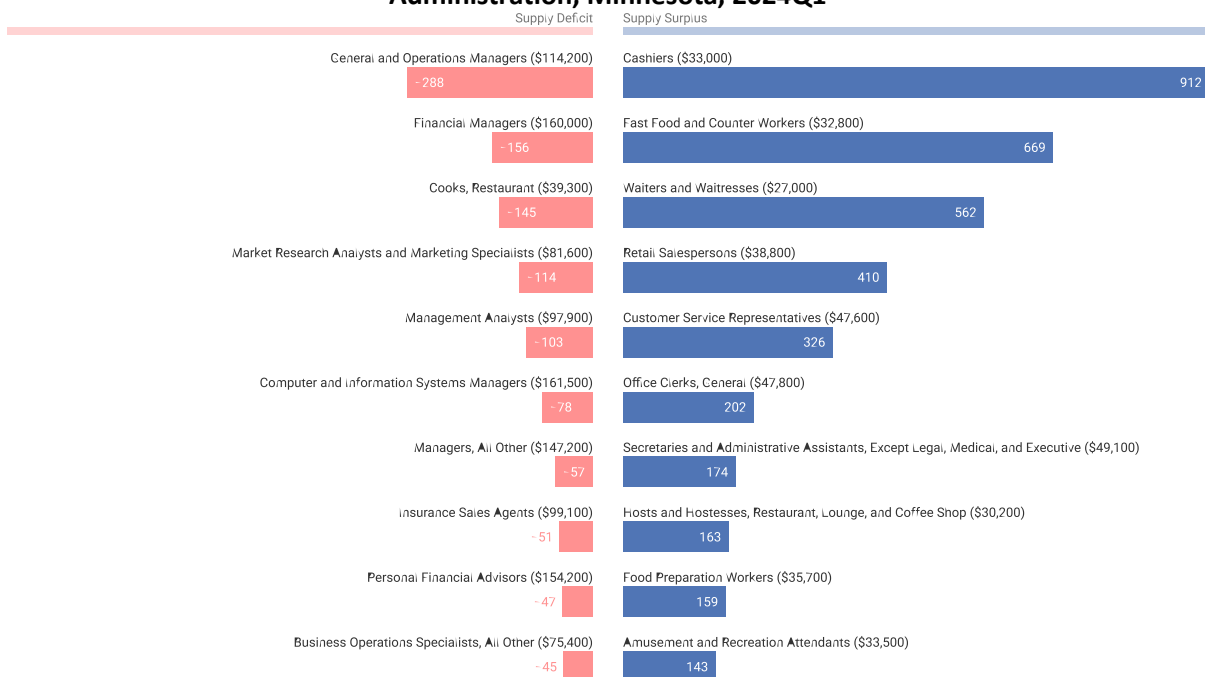


OCCUPATION GAPS

The chart below shows the potential average annual talent shortages over ten years.

Many management roles indicate significant shortages in the years ahead, for example, the General and Operations Manager talent pool in this region will likely fall short at least 288 skilled workers needed annually to meet employer demand. Occupations shortage forecasts have remained consistent in comparison to 2023 estimates. Hospitality related occupations other than management positions are forecasting relatively large surpluses over the next ten years.

Annual Average Occupation Gaps (i.e. Talent Shortages) for the next 10 Years in Business, Management, and Administration, Minnesota, 2024Q1



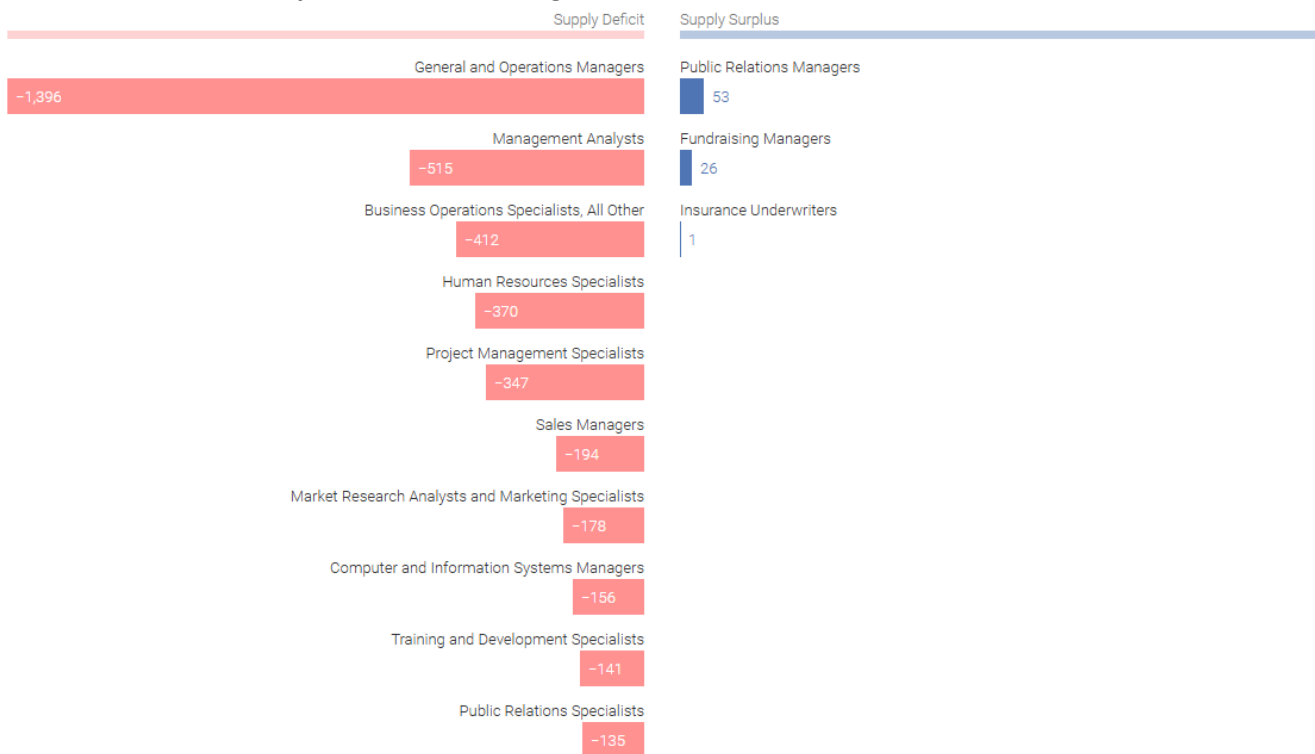
AWARD GAPS

The chart below shows the shortfall of new postsecondary graduates needed to meet local demand, benchmarked against national average volumes of graduates in the 2022-23 school year.

Minnesota faces several shortages in Business, Management and Administration awards:

- Award gaps are continuing to grow in most cases for occupations in this field. Most notably, regional colleges and universities are underproducing around 1,369 graduates annually that are needed to fill General and Operations Manager positions. Award gaps for Chief Executives has fallen off the top ten for 2023
- There are few areas of surplus in this field in terms of awards; surpluses are increasing for Public Relations Managers and Fundraising Managers

Award Gaps in Business, Management, and Administration, Minnesota, 2024Q1



ORIGIN, GATEWAY, AND TARGET OCCUPATIONS

This section offers an Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target model analysis for how to help move students from entry points into their field of interest into both likely and other aligned careers, considering automation, remote work, and the changing work environment.

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Business, Management, and Administration, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Target Occupations (All HW, HS, HD, OG, AG)

General & Operations Managers
 Accountants & Auditors
 Market Research Analysts & Marketing Specialists
 Management Analysts
 Business Operations Specialists

Gateway Occupations (All HD)

Customer Service Representatives (AG)
 Office Clerks, General (AG)
 Secretaries & Administrative Assistants
 Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks (HS, AG)
 Supervisors of Retail Workers

Origin Occupations (All HD)

Retail Salespersons (HD)
 Cashiers
 Fast Food & Counter Workers (HD)
 Stockers & Order Fillers
 Janitors & Cleaners, Except Maids & Housekeeping Cleaners

HW = High-Wage; HS=High-Skill; HD=High-Demand; OG=Occupation Gaps; AG=Award Gaps

Other Promising Occupations

A number of other Business, Management, and Administration occupations that are high-wage and high-demand, yet do not meet the high-skill threshold to be considered Target Occupations, may be promising careers for students to consider. These occupations may offer a fast track to good jobs for those interested in starting a career in the field without requiring a postsecondary credential. Occupations to consider include:

- First-Line Supervisors of Office & Administrative Support Workers (AG)
- Insurance Sales Agents (OG, AG)
- Executive Secretaries & Executive Administrative Assistants
- Property, Real Estate, & Community Association Managers (OG, AG)
- Claims Adjusters, Examiners, & Investigators (AG)

High LQ Occupations

The following are the most highly concentrated Business, Management, and Administration occupations in Minnesota, relative to the national average.

Occupation	LQ
Gambling Service Workers, All Other	8.48
Gambling & Sports Book Writers & Runners	3.35
Chief Executives	1.81
Food Servers, Nonrestaurant	1.76
Actuaries	1.68

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Business, Management, and Administration, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Mdn. Wage	Field: \$66,600	Field: \$48,700	Field: \$50,300	Field: \$51,100	Field: \$51,700	Field: \$54,800
Une mpl	Region: 2.6% Field: 2.8%	Region: 3.6% Field: 4.1%	Region: 3.2% Field: 3.5%	Region: 3.3% Field: 3.6%	Region: 2.8% Field: 3.2%	Region: 2.3% Field: 2.8%
Origin Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retail Salespersons Fast Food & Counter Workers Cashiers Janitors & Cleaners, Except Maids & Housekeeping Cleaners Stockers & Order Fillers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Retail Salespersons Cashiers Fast Food & Counter Workers Waiters & Waitresses Office Clerks, General 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cashiers Retail Salespersons Fast Food & Counter Workers Office Clerks, General Stockers & Order Fillers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cashiers Retail Salespersons Fast Food & Counter Workers Office Clerks, General Stockers & Order Fillers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cashiers Retail Salespersons Fast Food & Counter Workers Office Clerks, General Stockers & Order Fillers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cashiers Retail Salespersons Fast Food & Counter Workers Stockers & Order Fillers Janitors & Cleaners, Except Maids & Housekeeping Cleaners
Gateway Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Customer Service Representatives Office Clerks, General Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Supervisors of Retail Workers Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks Billing & Posting Clerks Supervisors of Housekeeping & Janitorial Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Secretaries & Administrative Assistants First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks Shipping, Receiving, & Inventory Clerks Office & Administrative Support Workers, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks Billing & Posting Clerks Loan Interviewers & Clerks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Secretaries & Administrative Assistants First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks Billing & Posting Clerks Office & Administrative Support Workers, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Office Clerks, General Customer Service Representatives Receptionists & Information Clerks Secretaries & Administrative Assistants Bookkeeping, Accounting, & Auditing Clerks
Target Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General & Operations Managers Accountants & Auditors Market Research Analysts & Marketing Specialists Management Analysts Business Operations Specialists, All Others 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General & Operations Managers Accountants & Auditors Managers, All Other Business Operations Specialists Management Analysts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Financial Managers Management Analysts Securities, Commodities, & Financial Services Sales Agents Public Relations Specialists Computer & Information Systems Managers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> General & Operations Managers Accountants & Auditors Managers, All Other Market Research Analysts & Marketing Specialists Business Operations Specialists, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accountants & Auditors Human Resources Specialists Financial Managers Management Analysts Computer & Information Systems Managers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Human Resources Specialists Financial Managers Management Analysts Computer & information System Managers Securities, Commodities, & Financial Services Sales Agents

High Location Quotient (LQ) Occupations for Business, Management, and Administration, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
LQ > 1.20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gambling Service Workers, All Other Actuaries Gambling & Sports Book Writers & Runners Labor Relations Specialists Brokerage Clerks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gambling Service Workers, All Other Gambling & Sports Book Writers & Runners Gambling Cage Workers Gambling Change Persons & Booth Cashiers First-Line Supervisors of Gambling Services Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gambling Service Workers, All Other Gambling & Sports Book Writers & Runners Chief Executives Gambling Cage Workers First-Line Supervisors of Gambling Services Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gambling Service Workers, All Other Gambling & Sports Book Writers & Runners First-Line Supervisors of Gambling Services Workers Bartenders Food Servers, Nonrestaurant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gambling Service Workers, All Other Gambling & Sports Book Writers & Runners Gambling Cage Workers Gambling Change Persons & Booth Cashiers First-Line Supervisors of Gambling Services Workers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gambling Service Workers, All Other Telephone Operators Food Servers, Nonrestaurant Receptionists & Information Clerks Billing & Posting Clerks

Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology

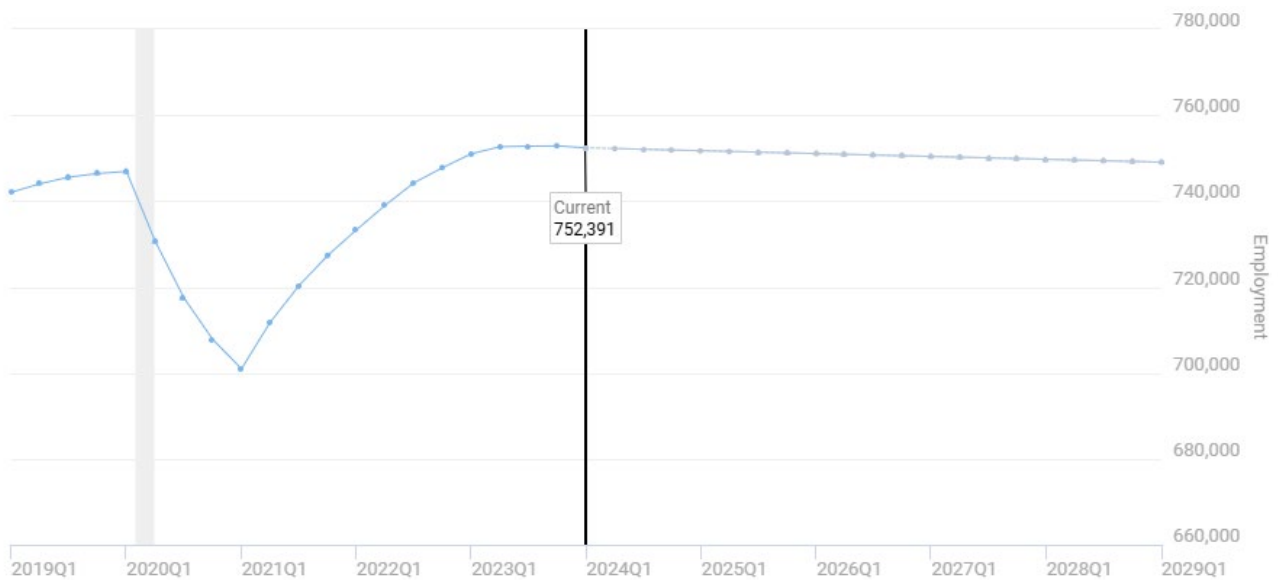
Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology is a wide career field with the following career clusters:

- Transportation, Distribution, and Logistics
- Architecture and Construction
- Manufacturing
- Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics

EMPLOYMENT FORECAST

Over the next five years, this career field's employment is forecast to decline slightly (-0.2% annually), a slightly more pessimistic forecast than the -0.1% estimated in 2023Q2.

5-Year Forecast for Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology Careers, Minnesota 2024Q1



TOP OCCUPATIONS

A total of 752,391 people are employed in Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology roles statewide, accounting for about 24% of all Minnesota employment. While most of the top ten occupations are forecast to remain steady or decline, Light Truck Drivers, Industrial Engineers, and Construction Laborers are predicted to grow slightly (by 0.2% to 0.6%).

Top Ten Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology Occupations by Employment Volume, Minnesota, 2024Q1

6-Digit Occupation	Empl	Median Wages	LQ	Historical 5-Year Empl Change	Forecast 5-Year Demand	Forecast Annual Change
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	52,718	\$45,800	0.96	1,524	34,032	0.0%
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	39,884	\$61,600	0.96	1,915	20,627	0.0%
Maintenance and Repair Workers, General	29,904	\$56,100	0.98	250	13,180	-0.1%
Construction Laborers	28,589	\$57,900	1.04	2,534	12,464	0.2%
Team Assemblers	26,885	\$44,500	1.15	1,064	13,194	-1.3%
Light Truck Drivers	20,677	\$49,200	0.96	332	11,465	0.5%
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	19,835	\$44,200	0.89	300	12,713	0.0%
Carpenters	19,519	\$67,000	1.09	-383	7,694	-0.2%
Industrial Engineers	15,154	\$100,800	2.40	2,278	4,683	0.6%
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	13,993	\$75,500	1.08	156	6,023	-0.4%
Engineering, Manufacturing, & Technology (CTE Field)	752,391	\$62,600	0.99	10,341	362,167	-0.2%

"Forecast 5-Year Demand" is the projected need for new entrants into an occupation over the next five years. New entrants are needed due to expected growth and to replace workers who left the occupation due to factors such as retirement or switching careers.

"Forecast Ann Change" is the expected baseline (most pessimistic) yearly change in employment due to national, long-term trend projections (per the BLS) as well as local factors such as industry mix, labor force participation rates, and population growth (as computed and modeled by RealTime Talent in JobsEQ).

TOP INDUSTRIES

Many different industries employ Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology talent in Minnesota. Locally, the industries with the greatest share of this field's talent are Building Equipment Contractors (4.3%) and Employment Services (3.6%). Most industries employing talent in this field touch less than 1% of total talent skilled in this field, suggesting that education and training programs will need to build broad strategies that cross each of these sectors.

Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology Field Employment by Industry, Minnesota, 2024Q1

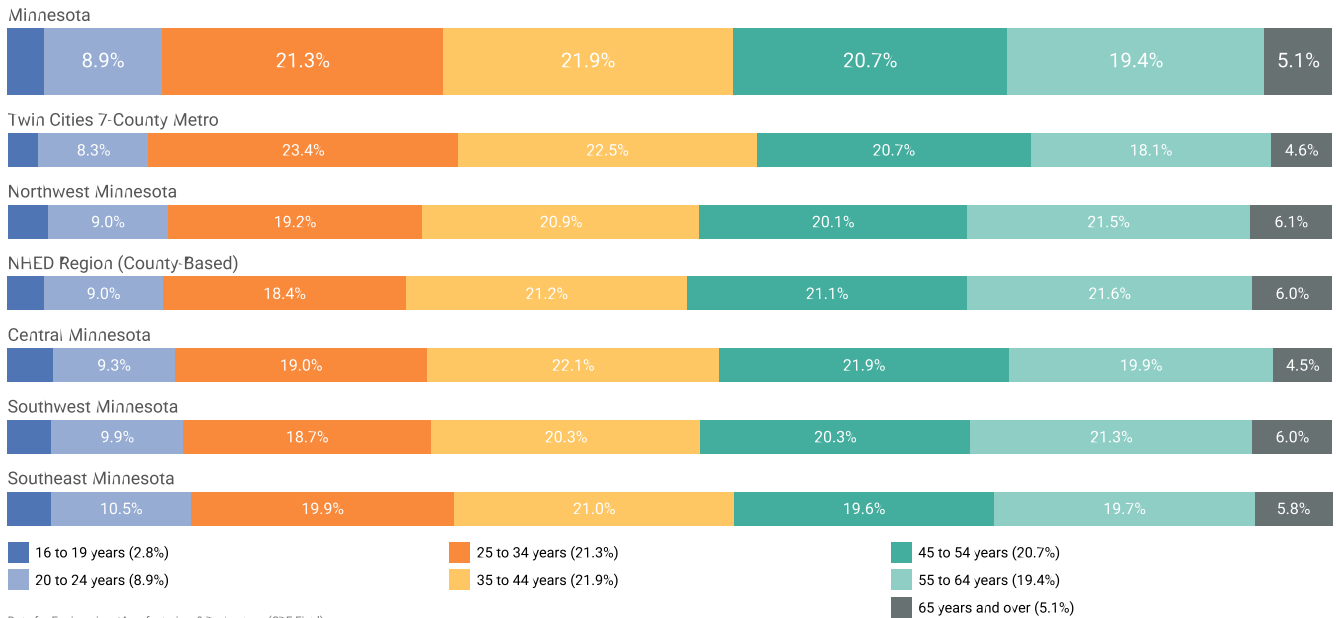
Industry Title	% of Career Field Empl	Career Field Empl	10-Year Separations	10-Year Empl Change	10-Year Total Demand
Building Equipment Contractors	4.3%	32,675	28,185	-28	28,158
Employment Services	3.6%	26,938	30,576	-478	30,098
General Freight Trucking	2.6%	19,605	20,288	-163	20,125
Building Finishing Contractors	2.6%	19,398	15,355	-404	14,951
Architectural, Engineering, and Related Services	2.2%	16,874	12,416	-323	12,094
Other Specialty Trade Contractors	2.2%	16,854	14,621	-3	14,619
Foundation, Structure, and Building Exterior Contractors	2.1%	15,988	13,161	-195	12,966
Residential Building Construction	2.1%	15,761	12,755	-89	12,666
Automotive Repair and Maintenance	2.0%	15,197	14,405	-213	14,192
Animal Slaughtering and Processing	2.0%	15,111	17,364	-540	16,824
Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support	2.0%	14,980	13,978	-131	13,847
Navigational, Measuring, Electromedical, and Control Instruments Manufacturing	1.9%	14,540	12,024	-802	11,221
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	1.9%	14,172	16,837	-215	16,622
Couriers and Express Delivery Services	1.8%	13,492	15,785	1,582	17,367
Highway, Street, and Bridge Construction	1.8%	13,357	11,230	-214	11,016
Medical Equipment and Supplies Manufacturing	1.7%	13,139	12,603	-637	11,966
Plastics Product Manufacturing	1.7%	12,556	12,463	-401	12,063
Nonresidential Building Construction	1.6%	12,034	9,632	-222	9,410
Machine Shops; Turned Product; and Screw, Nut, and Bolt Manufacturing	1.5%	11,558	11,176	-169	11,006
Management of Companies and Enterprises	1.5%	11,287	9,731	534	10,265
All Others	56.7%	426,873	432,890	-9,561	423,329

CAREER FIELD DEMOGRAPHICS

- The Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology field is heavily male (81.3%) and white (84.3%)
- However, the field is fairly diverse by ethnicity, with workers of Latine/Hispanic ethnicity making up 8.0% of the workforce
- This field has seen a notable share of its workforce retire in recent years; 45.2% of workers this field are 45 years or older

Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology Workforce Age by Region

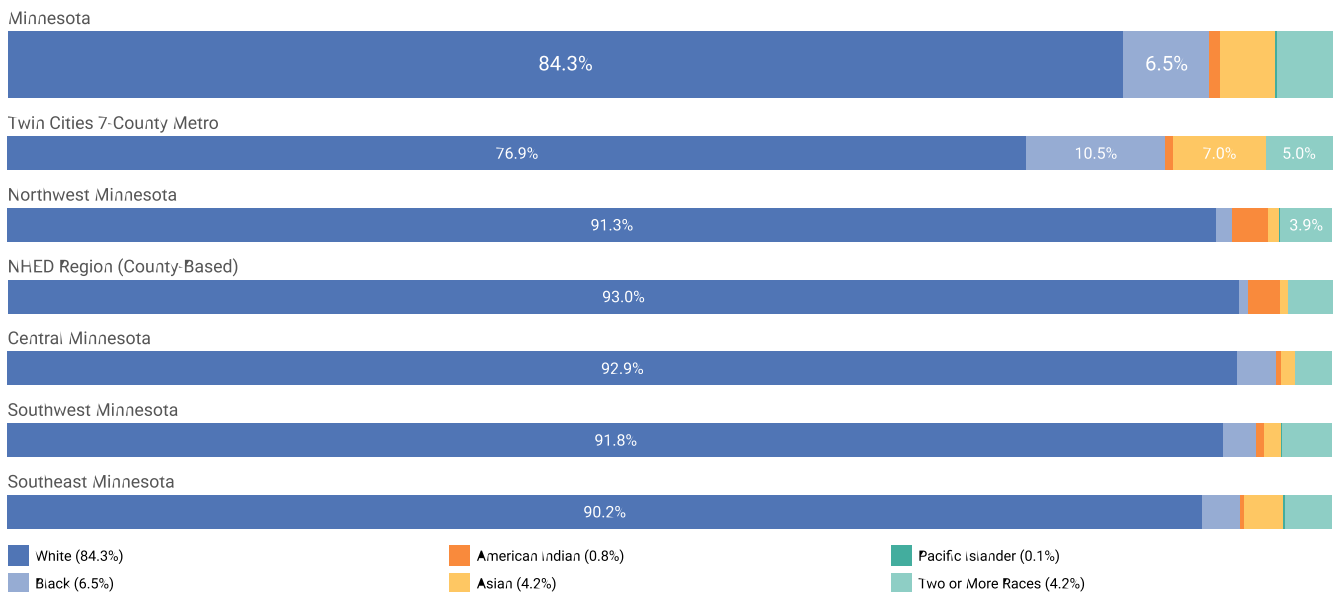
Age



Data for Engineering, Manufacturing, & Technology (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®, Data as of 2024Q1.

Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology Workforce Race by Region

Race

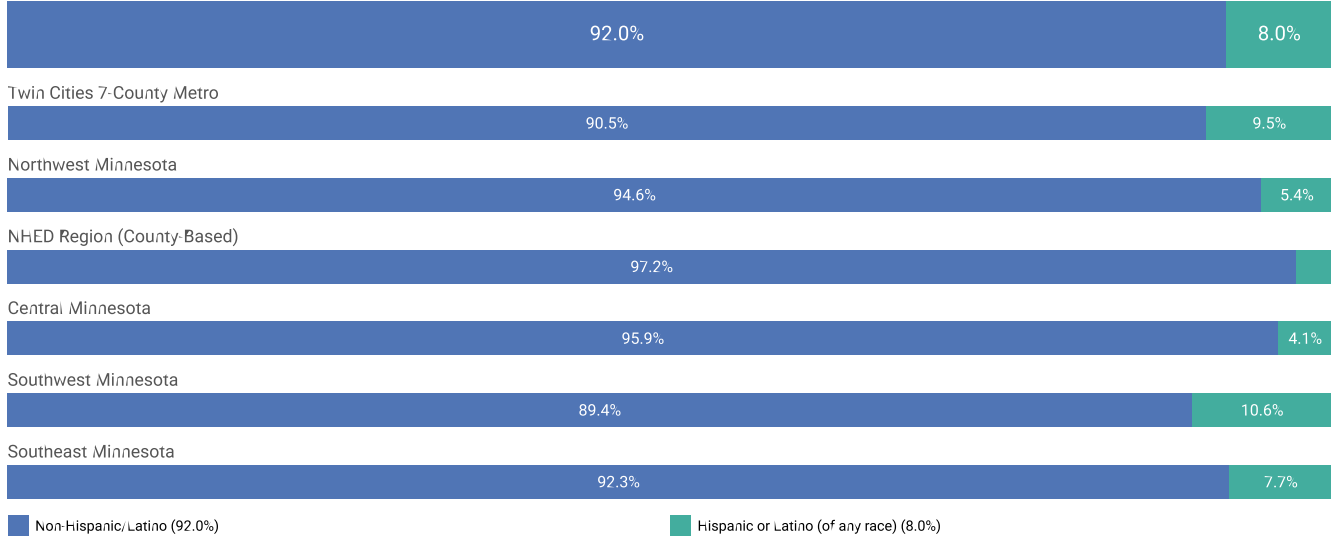


Data for Engineering, Manufacturing, & Technology (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®, Data as of 2024Q1.

Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology Workforce Ethnicity by Region

Ethnicity

Minnesota

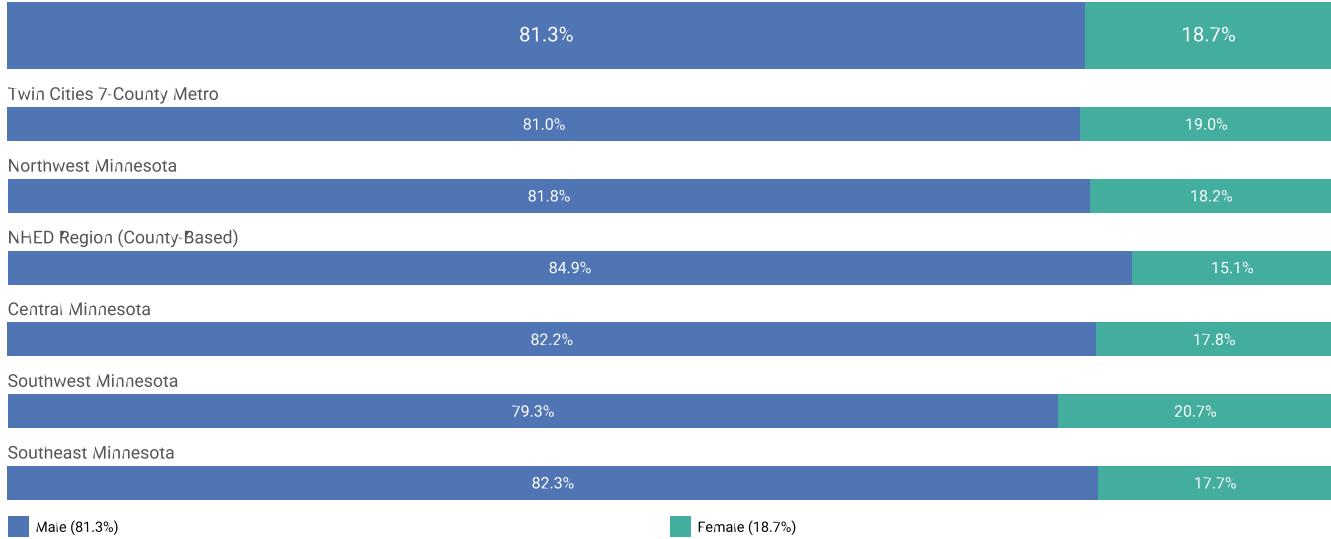


Data for Engineering, Manufacturing, & Technology (CTE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology Workforce Gender by Region

Gender

Minnesota



Data for Engineering, Manufacturing, & Technology (CTE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT AND REQUIREMENTS

The charts below illustrate the estimated educational attainment of current workers in this career field, followed by the typical education and training requirements in the field.

- Educational attainment for the workforce across Minnesota in the Engineering, Manufacturing, and Transportation field matches local demand
 - This career field has a high percentage of the workforce who have obtained a high school diploma or less in every region, from a high of 50% of workers in the Southwest region, to a low of 39% in the MSP Metro
 - Similarly at the high end of the education scale, 31.5% of the MSP Metro Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology workforce holds a bachelor's degree or higher, while just 14.3% of the workers in the Northwest region do
 - With the exception of the MSP Metro (about 13%) and Northeast Minnesota (about 10%), less than 10% of local roles typically require a 4-year degree of higher
 - The majority of the educational and training requirements for this career field (over 75%) require no degree or award

Educational Attainment

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota



< High School (10.0%)

High School (34.3%)

Some College (17.5%)

Two-Year (14.4%)

Four-Year (18.4%)

Master's (4.2%)

PhD (1.2%)

Data for Engineering, Manufacturing, & Technology (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Education and Training Requirements

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota



- Short-term OJT, no exp, no award (27.3%)
- Moderate-term OJT, no exp, no award (29.9%)
- Long-term training, no exp, no award (12.5%)
- Previous work experience, no award (7.9%)
- 2-year degree or certificate (11.5%)
- Bachelor's degree (10.6%)
- Postgraduate degree (0.3%)

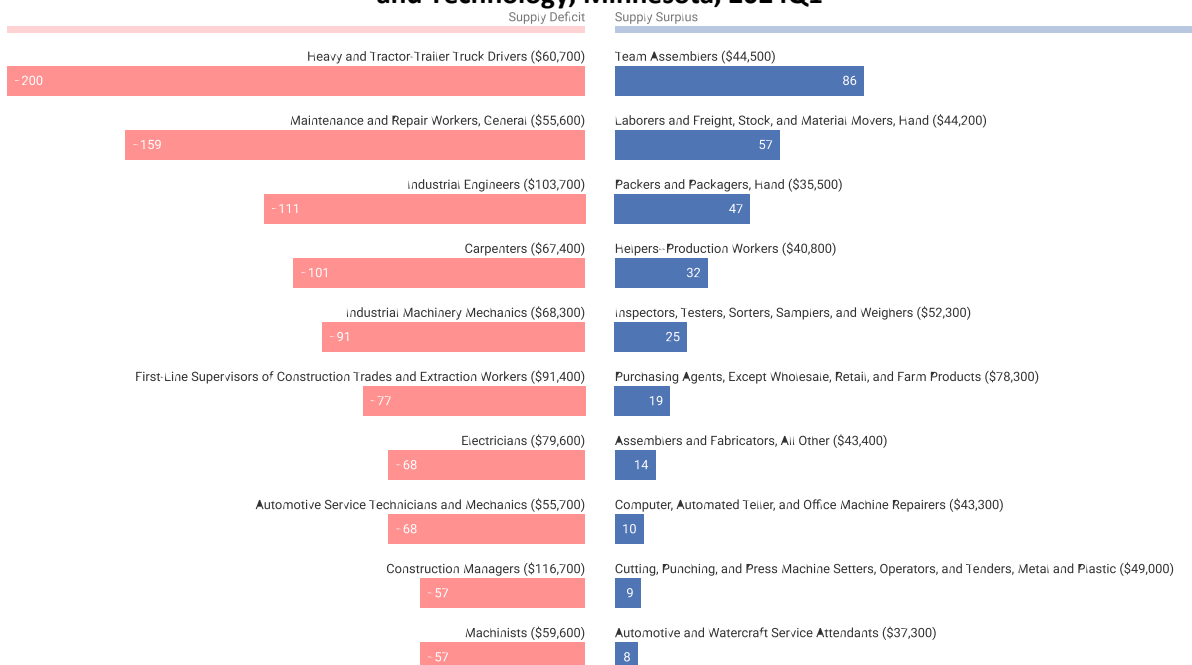
Data for Engineering, Manufacturing, & Technology (CIE Field)
Source: JobsEQ®, Data as of 2024Q1.

OCCUPATION GAPS

The chart below shows the potential average annual talent shortages over ten years.

Several management, maintenance, construction, and automotive roles continue to signal increased shortages in the years ahead. The Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Driver forecasted shortage continued to grow from last year's estimate and is now falling short at least 200 workers needed annually to meet employer demand. The only occupation in the top ten whose shortage shrank was Industrial Engineers, but that occupation is still forecasted to be short 111 workers annually. Surplus awards are falling in almost all occupations in this field as well with occupations like CNC Operators, and Cleaners of Vehicles falling out of the top ten.

Annual Average Occupation Gaps (i.e. Talent Shortages) for the next 10 Years in Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology, Minnesota, 2024Q1



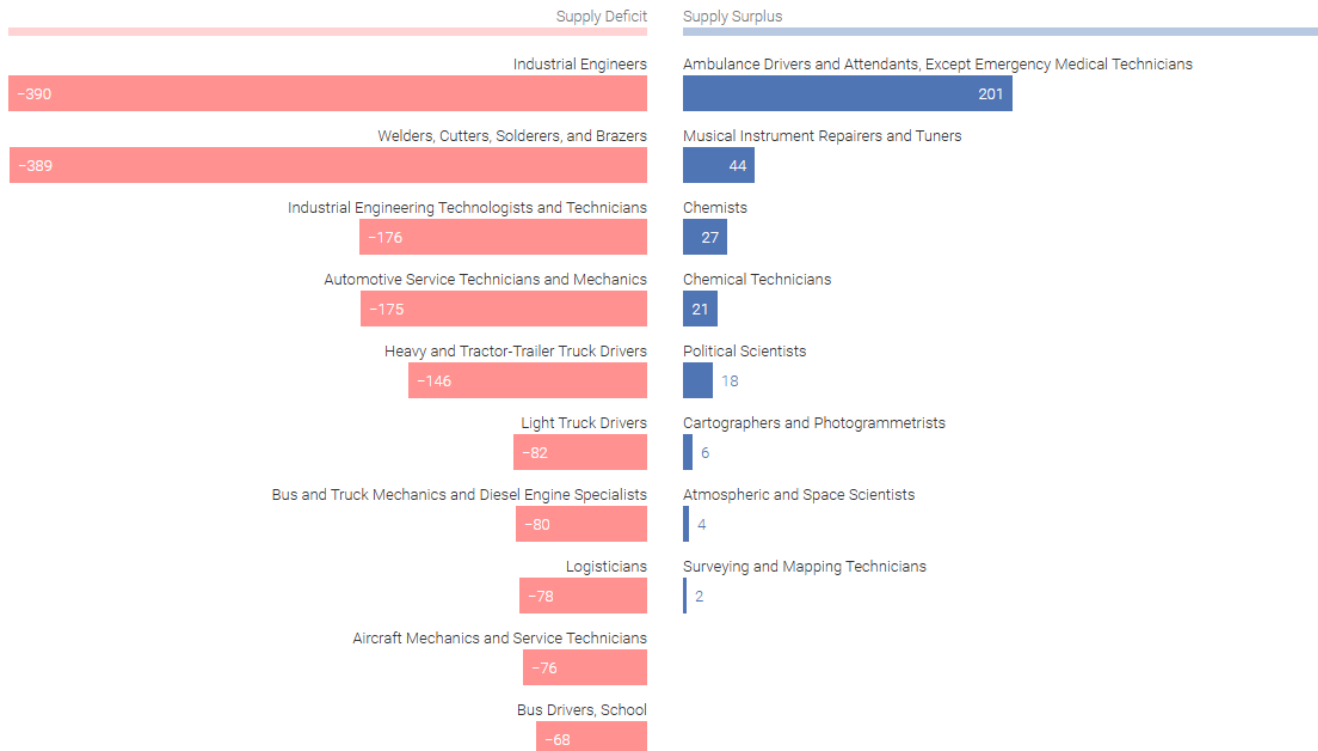
AWARD GAPS

The chart below shows the shortfall of new postsecondary graduates needed to meet local demand, benchmarked against national average volumes of graduates in the 2022-23 school year.

Minnesota faces many Engineering, Manufacturing and Technology award shortages and generates a surplus of graduates in six specialized occupations:

- Postsecondary institutions based in the state continue to underproduce Industrial Engineers, Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers as well as Automotive Service Technicians and Mechanics, among other occupations, as compared with national volumes of new graduates for a state of equivalent size and industry mix
- Occupations such as Ambulance Drivers, Musical Instrument Repairers and Tuners, and Chemists show higher awards conferred in the state than what is currently needed in the local talent market; these programs likely serve other parts of the Midwest where talent demand is high but relevant programs may not exist

Award Gaps in Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology, Minnesota, 2024Q1



ORIGIN, GATEWAY, AND TARGET OCCUPATIONS

This section offers an Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target model analysis for how to help move students from entry points into their field of interest into both likely and other aligned careers, considering automation, remote work, and the changing work environment.

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Target Occupations (All HW, HS, HD)

Heavy & Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers (OG, AG)
 Industrial Engineers (OG, AG)
 Automotive Service Technicians & Mechanics (OG, AG)
 Construction Managers (OG, AG)
 Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, & Farm Products

Gateway Occupations

Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Material Movers, Hand (HD)
 Light Truck Drivers (HD, AG)
 Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, & Weighers (HD)
 School Bus Drivers (HD, AG)
 Industrial Truck & Tractor Operators (AG)

Origin Occupations

Team Assemblers
 Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers (HD, AG)
 Packers & Packagers, Hand
 Packaging & Filling Machine Operators & Tenders (OG)
 Cleaners of Vehicles & Equipment (HD)

HW = High-Wage; HS=High-Skill; HD=High-Demand; OG=Occupation Gaps; AG=Award Gaps

Other Promising Occupations

Several additional Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology occupations that are high-wage and high-demand, yet do not meet the high-skill threshold to be considered Target Occupations, may be promising careers for students to consider. These occupations may offer a fast track to good jobs for those interested in starting a career in the field without requiring a postsecondary credential. These occupations include:

- Maintenance & Repair Workers, General (OG)
- Construction Laborers
- First-Line Supervisors of Production & Operating Workers (OG)
- First-Line Supervisors of Construction Trades & Extraction Workers (OG)
- Electricians (OG)

High LQ Occupations

The following are the most highly concentrated Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology occupations in Minnesota, relative to the national average.

Occupation	LQ
Underground Mining Machine Operators, All Other	4.51
Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians	2.92
Industrial Engineering Technologists & Technicians	2.81
Shoe Machine Operators & Tenders	2.70
Slaughterers & Meat Packers	2.55

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Mdn. Wage	Field: \$67,100	Field: \$62,000	Field: \$54,200	Field: \$57,400	Field: \$55,300	Field: \$57,900
Unempl	Region: 2.6% Field: 3.2%	Region: 3.6% Field: 4.2%	Region: 3.2% Field: 3.7%	Region: 3.3% Field: 3.7%	Region: 2.8% Field: 3.3%	Region: 2.3% Field: 2.9%
Origin Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Packers & Packers, Hand • Packaging & Filling Machine Operators & Tenders • Cleaners of Vehicles & Equipment • Shuttle Drivers & Chauffeurs • Couriers & Messengers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laborers & Freight, Stock Movers • Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers • Team Assemblers • Packers & Packers, Hand • Shuttle Drivers & Chauffeurs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Material Movers, Hand • Team Assemblers • Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers • Food Batchmakers • Packaging & Filling Machine Operators & Tenders 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laborers & Freight, Stock, & Material Movers • Team Assemblers • Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers • Packers & Packers, Hand • Packaging & Filling Machine Operators & Tenders 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laborers & Freight, Stock & Material Movers • Team Assemblers • Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers • Packers & Filling Machine Operators & Tenders • Slaughterers & Meat Packers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laborers & Freight, Stock Movers • Team Assemblers • Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers • Slaughterers & Meat Packers • Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers
Gateway Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Laborers & Freight, Stock & Material Movers, Hand • Team Assemblers • Light Truck Drivers • Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers • Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, & Weighers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Light Truck Drivers • School Bus Drivers • Industrial Truck & Tractor Operators • Computer Numerically Controlled Tool Operators • Automotive Body & Related Repairers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Light Truck Drivers • Automotive Service Technicians & Mechanics • School Bus Drivers • Industrial Truck & Tractor Operators • Painters, Construction & Maintenance 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Light Truck Drivers • School Bus Drivers • Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, & Weighers • Cabinetmakers & Bench Carpenters • Industrial Truck & Tractor Operators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Light Truck Drivers • Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, & Weighers • Industrial Truck & Tractor Operators • Production Workers, All Other • Cutting, Punching, & Press Machine Setters, Operators, & Tenders 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maintenance & Repair Workers, General • Construction Laborers • Automotive Service Technicians & Mechanics • Light Truck Drivers • School Bus Drivers
Target Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heavy & Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers • Industrial Engineers • Automotive Services Technicians & Mechanics • Construction Managers • Purchasing Agents 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heavy & Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers • Construction Managers • Industrial Engineers • HVAC Mechanics • Civil Engineers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heavy & Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers • Industrial Engineers • Construction Managers • HVAC Mechanics & Installers • Mechanical Engineers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heavy & Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers • Automotive Service Technicians & Mechanics • Industrial Engineers • Construction Managers • HVAC Mechanics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Industrial Engineers • Mechanical Engineers • Logisticians • CNC Tool Programmers • Data Scientists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Heavy & Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers • Industrial Engineers • HVAC Mechanics & Installers • Mechanical Engineers • Logisticians

High Location Quotient (LQ) Occupations for Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
LQ > 1.20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians • Industrial Engineering Technologists & Technicians • Medical Appliance Technicians • Photographic Process Workers a& Processing Machine Operators • Timing Device Assemblers & Adjusters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Underground Mining Machine Operators, All Other • Loading & Moving Machine Operators, Underground Mining • Extraction Workers, All Other • Continuous Mining Machine Operators • Rail Yard Engineers, Dinkey Operators, & Hostlers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fiberglass Laminators & Fabricators • Slaughterers & Meat Packers • Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, & Tenders, Except Sawing • Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders • Food Batchmakers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nuclear Power Reactor Operators • Nuclear Technicians • Nuclear Engineers • Recreational Vehicle Service Technicians • Cabinetmakers & Bench Carpenters 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shoe Machine Operators & Tenders • Slaughterers & Meat Packers • Shoe & Leather Workers & Repairers • Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers • Nuclear Power Reactor Operators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slaughterers & Meat Packers • Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers • Ambulance Drivers & Attendants • Food Processing Workers, All Other • Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders

Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources

Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources is a wide career field that includes eight career pathways:

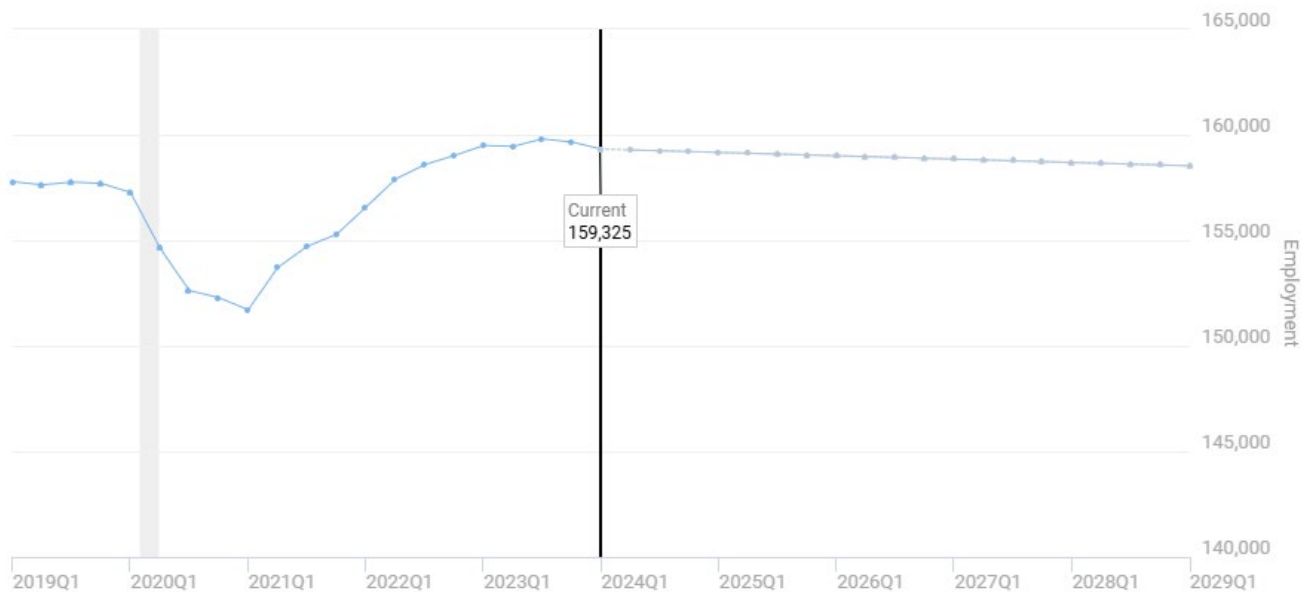
- Food Products and Processing Systems
- Plant Systems
- Animal Systems
- Natural Resources Systems
- Agribusiness Systems
- Environmental Services Systems
- Power, Structural and Technical Systems
- Biotechnology Systems

These roles represent positions that are at least 50% or more concentrated in Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources industries, and as such exclude some occupations that are critical to the industry but may have smaller in-industry employment numbers (such as Ag Loan Officers, Ag Financing, or some trades). This career field is the only one of the six Career and Technical Education career fields that has overlapping occupations with other fields.

EMPLOYMENT FORECAST

Over the next five years, this career field's employment is forecast to decline by about -0.2% in Minnesota, holding steady from last year's forecast.

5-Year Forecast for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources Careers, Minnesota, 2024Q1



TOP OCCUPATIONS

A total of 159,325 people are employed in Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources roles statewide, accounting for about 5% of all Minnesota employment. This is the second smallest career field in the state. While most occupations are forecast to remain flat or decline, Animal Caretakers are projected to grow by 1.1% annually over the next five years.

Top Ten Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources Occupations by Employment Volume, Minnesota, 2024Q1

6-Digit Occupation	Empl	Median Wages	LQ	Historical 5-Year Empl Change	Forecast 5-Year Demand	Forecast Annual Change
Farmers, Ranchers, and Other Agricultural Managers	23,976	\$68,500	1.68	-3,307	10,325	-1.2%
Landscaping and Groundskeeping Workers	19,835	\$44,200	0.89	300	12,713	0.0%
Plumbers, Pipefitters, and Steamfitters	9,133	\$85,000	0.98	456	3,829	-0.1%
Farmworkers and Laborers, Crop, Nursery, and Greenhouse	6,821	\$37,500	0.63	688	4,655	-0.6%
Food Batchmakers	6,068	\$39,400	1.85	596	4,585	0.2%
Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	5,832	\$72,900	0.73	956	2,485	0.2%
Animal Caretakers	5,674	\$34,700	0.88	817	5,654	1.1%
Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, and Aquacultural Animals	5,546	\$37,100	1.97	-58	3,607	-1.0%
Meat, Poultry, and Fish Cutters and Trimmers	4,142	\$40,300	1.56	-326	2,330	-0.3%
Bakers	3,437	\$40,300	0.83	144	2,496	0.0%
Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources (CTE Field)	159,325	\$60,900	0.99	1,545	87,067	-0.2%

"Forecast 5-Year Demand" is the projected need for new entrants into an occupation over the next five years. New entrants are needed due to expected growth and to replace workers who left the occupation due to factors such as retirement or switching careers.

"Forecast Annual Change" is the expected baseline (most pessimistic) yearly change in employment due to national, long-term trend projections (per the BLS) as well as local factors such as industry mix, labor force participation rates, and population growth (as computed and modeled by RealTime Talent in JobsEQ).

TOP INDUSTRIES

Many different industries employ Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources talent in Minnesota. Locally, the industries with the greatest share of this field's talent are Animal Production (Proprietors) (8.9%), Services to Buildings and Dwellings (8.5%), and Building Equipment Contractors (7.8%). Overall, employment in this field is relatively spread out across many different industries.

Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources Field Employment by Industry, Minnesota, 2024Q1

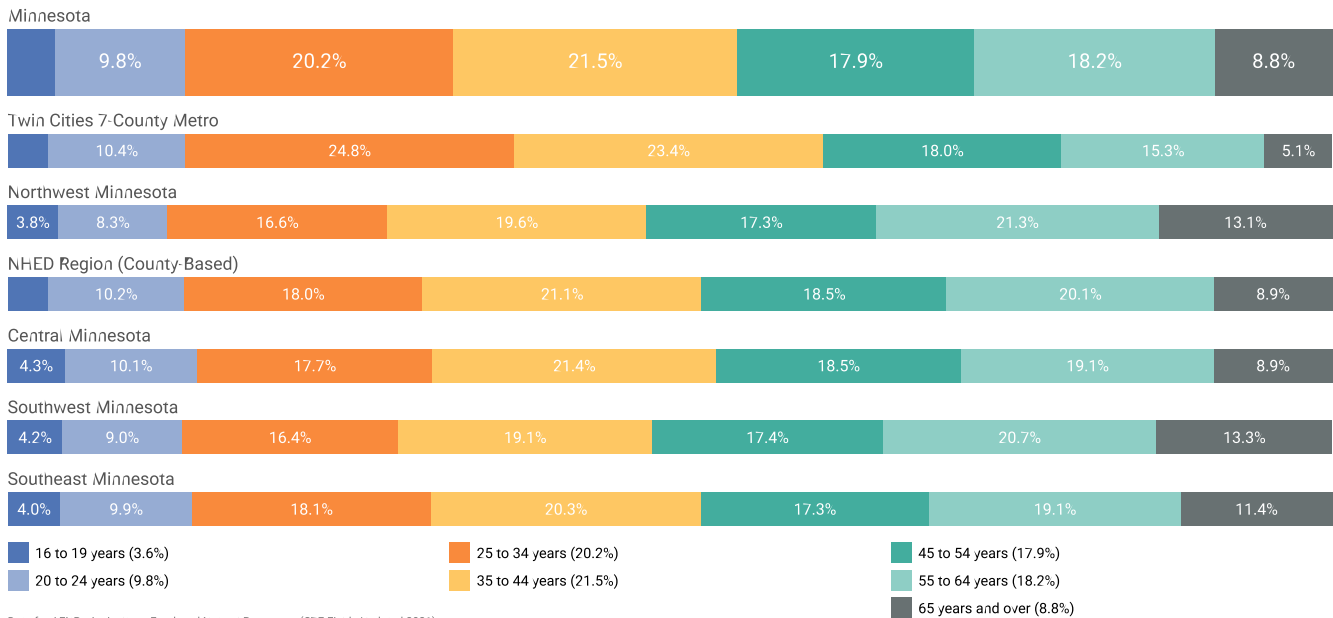
Industry Title	% of Career Field Empl	Career Field Empl	10-Year Separations	10-Year Empl Change	10-Year Total Demand
Animal Production (Proprietors)	8.9%	14,188	13,721	-1,912	11,809
Services to Buildings and Dwellings	8.5%	13,520	16,601	-166	16,435
Building Equipment Contractors	7.8%	12,498	10,716	33	10,750
Other Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	4.4%	6,997	7,871	1,186	9,057
Crop Production (Proprietors)	3.5%	5,516	5,476	-730	4,746
Executive, Legislative, and Other General Government Support	3.3%	5,280	5,324	-116	5,208
Animal Slaughtering and Processing	2.9%	4,631	5,545	-115	5,429
Cattle Ranching and Farming	2.6%	4,195	5,286	-326	4,959
Other Personal Services	2.6%	4,100	7,327	607	7,934
Architectural, Engineering, and Related Services	2.3%	3,639	3,159	-55	3,104
Electric Power Generation, Transmission and Distribution	2.2%	3,487	2,724	-281	2,443
Other Amusement and Recreation Industries	2.2%	3,444	4,380	180	4,560
Colleges, Universities, and Professional Schools	2.0%	3,119	2,966	-65	2,901
Grocery and Convenience Retailers	1.9%	3,098	3,786	-194	3,593
Hog and Pig Farming	1.7%	2,742	3,411	-282	3,129
Greenhouse, Nursery, and Floriculture Production	1.6%	2,535	3,387	16	3,402
Restaurants and Other Eating Places	1.5%	2,403	3,124	15	3,139
Poultry and Egg Production	1.4%	2,281	2,895	-146	2,749
Oilseed and Grain Farming	1.4%	2,170	2,838	-81	2,757
Wired and Wireless Telecommunications (except Satellite)	1.3%	2,079	2,035	110	2,145
All Others	36.0%	57,403	64,712	-615	64,098

CAREER FIELD DEMOGRAPHICS

- The Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources field remains predominantly male (72.4%) and white (88.3%), but with significant variation across the eight career pathways
- In Southwest Minnesota, 11.4% of the workforce is of Hispanic/Latine ethnicity; in the MSP Metro, 10.5% are of Hispanic/Latine ethnicity—much higher than other regions of the state

Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources Workforce Age by Region

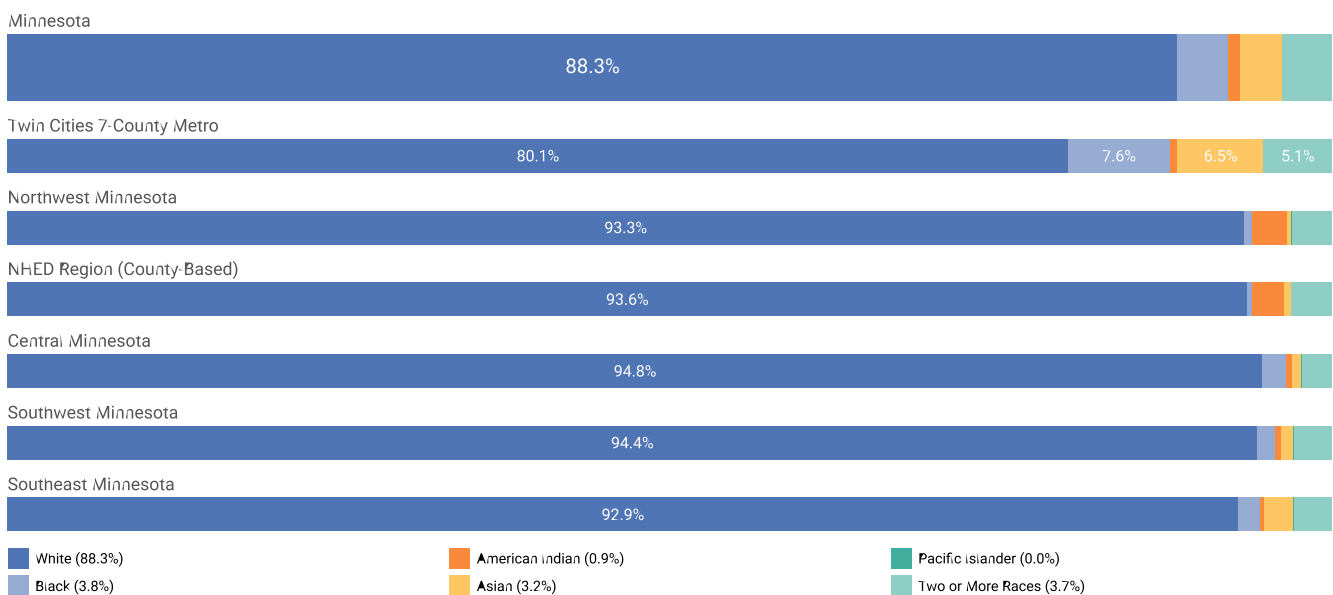
Age



Data for AFNR - Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources (C1E Field - Updated 2021)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources Workforce Race by Region

Race

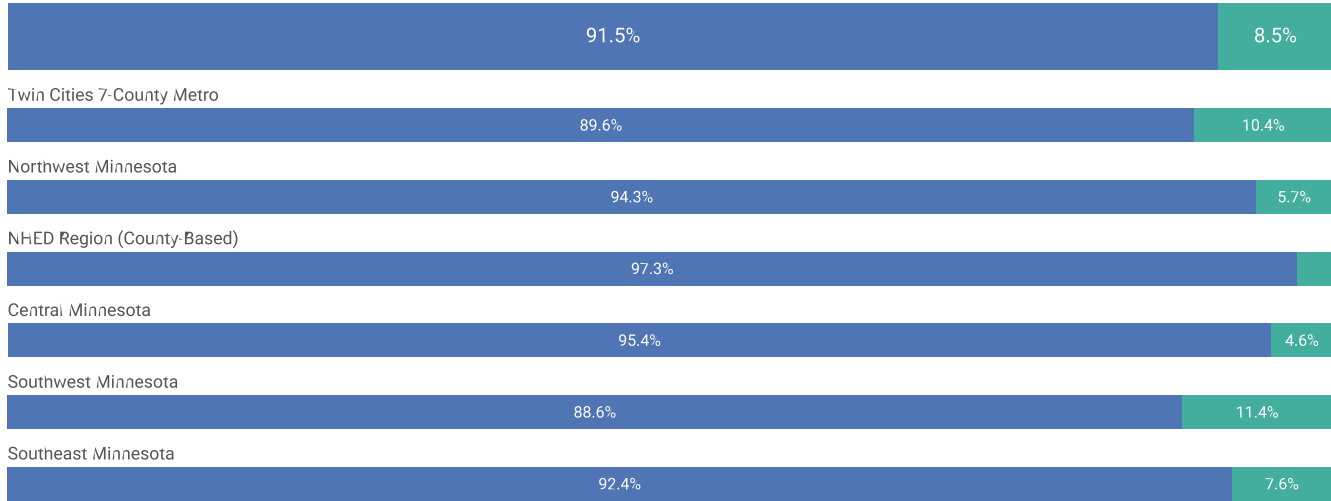


Data for AFNR - Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources (C1E Field - Updated 2021)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources Workforce Ethnicity by Region

Ethnicity

Minnesota



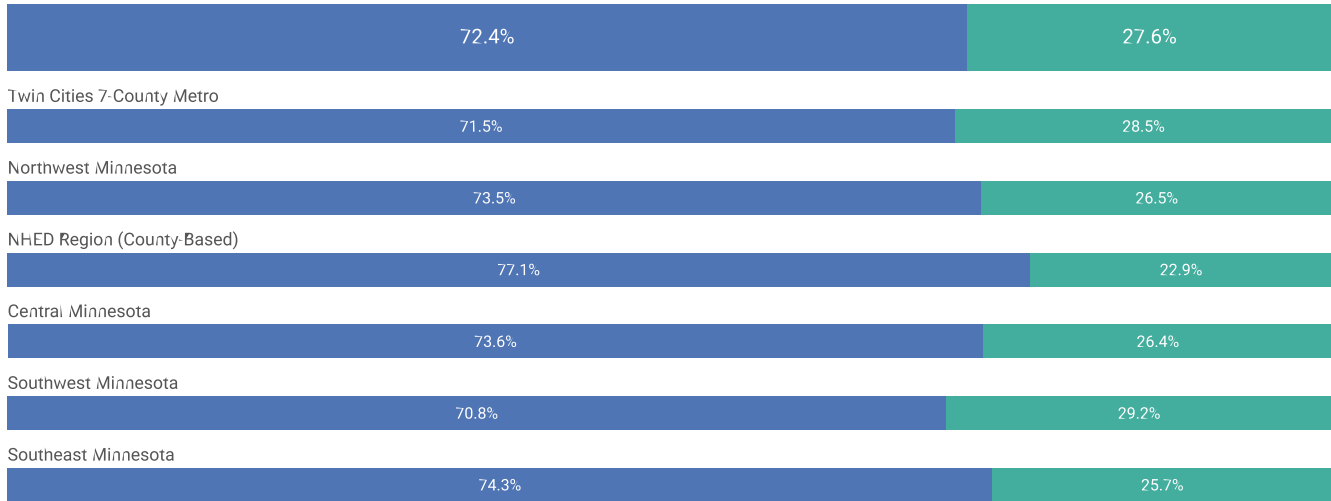
■ Non-Hispanic/Latino (91.5%) ■ Hispanic or Latino (of any race) (8.5%)

Data for AFNR - Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources (CIE Field - Updated 2021)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources Workforce Gender by Region

Gender

Minnesota



■ Male (72.4%) ■ Female (27.6%)

Data for AFNR - Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources (CIE Field - Updated 2021)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

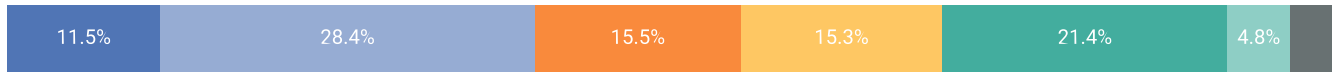
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT AND REQUIREMENTS

The charts below illustrate the estimated educational attainment of current workers in this career field, followed by the typical education and training requirements in the field.

- The Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources career field has the highest percentage of its workforce across the state with less than a high school diploma (11.5% on average); Northeast Minnesota has the smallest percentage in this category (9.2%), while Southwest Minnesota has the highest (13.1%)
- The MSP Metro and Southeast Minnesota have a higher percentage of workers with at least a four-year degree
- At the high end, just 16.4% of the jobs in this career field in the MSP Metro require a four-year degree or higher. In all the other regions this statistic is 10% or less
- In the Central region, 85.4% of the jobs require less than a 2-year degree and in the Northwest and Southwest regions over 30% of the roles require previous work experience but no award

Educational Attainment

Minnesota



Twin Cities 7-County Metro



Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



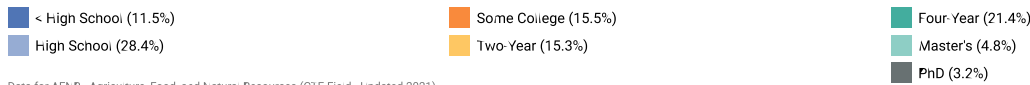
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



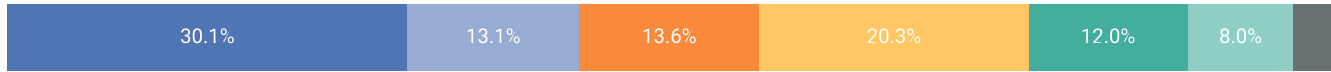
Southeast Minnesota



Data for AFNR - Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources (CIE Field - Updated 2021)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

Education and Training Requirements

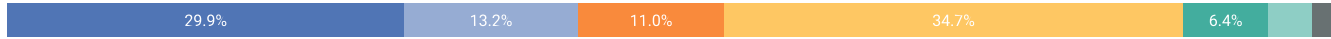
Minnesota



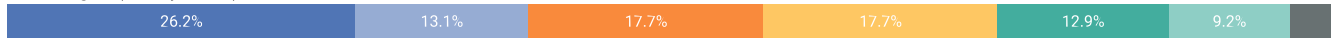
Twin Cities 7-County Metro



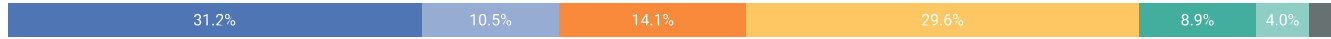
Northwest Minnesota



NHED Region (County-Based)



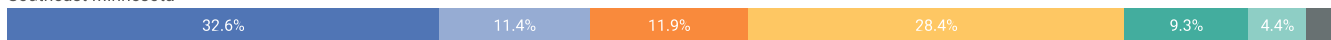
Central Minnesota



Southwest Minnesota



Southeast Minnesota



- Short-term OJT, no exp, no award (30.1%)
- Moderate-term OJT, no exp, no award (13.1%)
- Long-term training, no exp, no award (13.6%)
- Previous work experience, no award (20.3%)
- 2-year degree or certificate (12.0%)
- Bachelor's degree (8.0%)
- Postgraduate degree (2.9%)

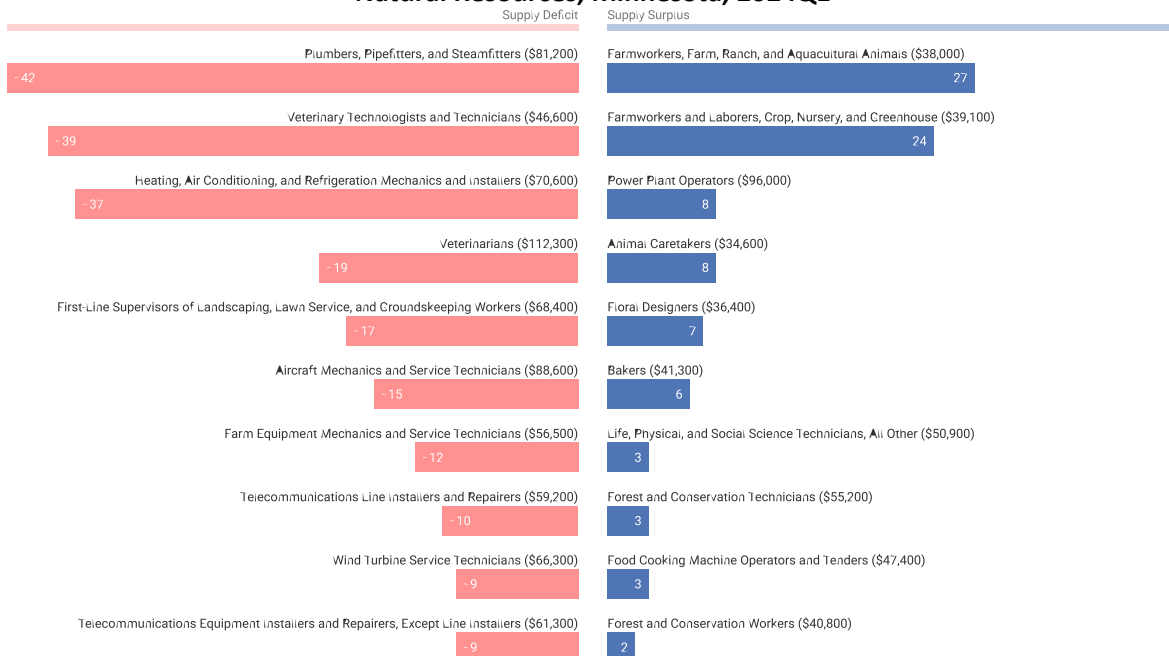
Data for AFNR - Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources (CIE Field - Updated 2021)
Source: JobsEQ®. Data as of 2024Q1.

OCCUPATION GAPS

The chart below shows the potential average annual talent shortages over ten years.

Occupation shortage forecasts in this field have persisted since 2022, worsening for several roles including Plumbers and Pipefitters. All of the occupations in the top ten showing a supply deficit in 2022 remain in the top ten for 2024. It is a similar story on the surplus side, with most occupations staying in the top ten, but with shrinking numbers. Retirements and growing demand unmet by the local talent supply chain are both contributing factors. There is continued demand for replacement talent to fill job openings that will be challenging to meet with the supply of local talent currently available.

Annual Average Occupation Gaps (i.e. Talent Shortages) for the next 10 Years in Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, Minnesota, 2024Q1



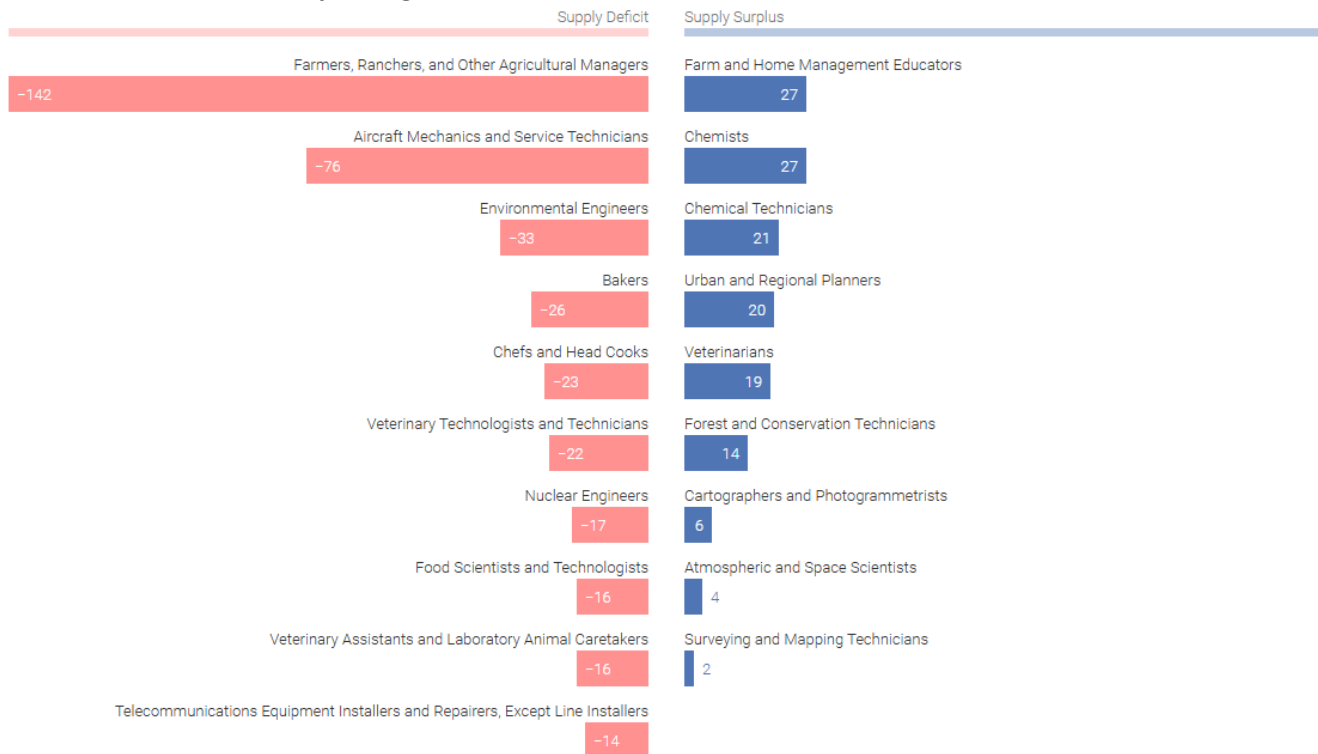
AWARD GAPS

The chart below shows the shortfall of new postsecondary graduates needed to meet local demand, benchmarked against national average volumes of graduates in the 2022-23 school year.

Minnesota faces some moderate Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources postsecondary award shortages and generates a surplus of graduates in other areas:

- Minnesota colleges and universities are underproducing at least 142 graduates annually that are needed to fill Farmers, Ranchers, and Other Agricultural Manager positions open with employers based in Minnesota, a significant expansion of the graduate deficit from the prior year (-68) tied to growing demand
- Aircraft Mechanics and Service Technicians and Environmental Engineer postsecondary awards also lag national volumes considerably and contribute to statewide talent shortages
- Only seven occupations have a higher supply of local postsecondary graduates from aligned local programs than the national average for a state of similar size and industry composition. Occupations with a higher relative share of postsecondary completions in the local talent market are examples of programs that serve other parts of the state or Midwest region where talent demand is high but relevant programs may not exist

Award Gaps in Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, Minnesota, 2024Q1



ORIGIN, GATEWAY, AND TARGET OCCUPATIONS

This section offers an Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target model analysis for how to help move students from entry points into their field of interest into both likely and other aligned careers, considering automation, remote work, and the changing work environment.

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, Minnesota, 2024Q1

Target Occupations (All HW, HS, HD)

HVAC Mechanics (OG)
 Telecommunications Equipment Installers (OG, AG)
 Veterinarians (OG)
 Chemists
 Environmental Scientists & Specialists (OG, AG)

Gateway Occupations

Veterinary Technologists & Technicians (HS, HD, OG, AG)
 Butchers & Meat Cutters (OG)
 Agricultural Equipment Operator (HD, AG)
 Life, Physical, & Social Science Technicians (HS, HD, AG)
 Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders (HD)

Origin Occupations

Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers (HD, AG)
 Farmworkers & Laborers, Crop, Nursery, & Greenhouse (AG)
 Food Batchmakers (HD, OG, AG)
 Animal Caretakers (HD, AG)
 Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals

HW = High-Wage; HS=High-Skill; HD=High-Demand; OG=Occupation Gaps; AG=Award Gaps

Other Promising Occupations

A number of other Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources occupations that are high-wage and high-demand, yet do not meet the high-skill threshold to be considered Target Occupations, may be promising careers for students to consider. These occupations may offer a fast track to good jobs for those interested in starting a career in the field without requiring a postsecondary credential. These occupations to consider include:

- First-Line Supervisors of Landscaping, Lawn Service, & Groundskeeping Workers (OG, AG)
- Chefs & Head Cooks (OG, AG)
- Refuse & Recyclable Material Collectors (AG)
- Farm Equipment Mechanics & Service Technicians (OG, AG)
- Telecommunications Line Installers & Repairers (OG, AG)

High LQ Occupations

The following are the most highly concentrated Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources occupations in Minnesota, relative to the national average.

Occupation	LQ
Animal Scientists	3.07
Hydrologists	2.14
Foresters	2.11
Farm Equipment Mechanics & Service Technicians	2.08
Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders	2.05

Origin-to-Gateway-to-Target Occupations for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
Mdn. Wage	Field: \$67,600	Field: \$59,600	Field: \$54,300	Field: \$58,700	Field: \$57,700	Field: \$59,400
Une mpl	Region: 2.6% Field: 2.8%	Region: 3.6% Field: 3.4%	Region: 3.2% Field: 2.9%	Region: 3.3% Field: 3.0%	Region: 2.8% Field: 2.6%	Region: 2.3% Field: 2.3%
Origin Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Animal Caretakers Food Batchmakers Bakers Farmworkers & Laborers, Crop, Nursery, & Greenhouse Veterinary Assistants & Laboratory Animal Caretakers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers Animal Caretakers Veterinary Technologists & Technicians Bakers Farmworkers & Laborers, Crop, Nursery, & Greenhouse 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers Farmworkers & Laborers, Crop, Nursery, & Greenhouse Food Batchmakers Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers Farm Workers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals Farmworkers & Laborers, Crop, Nursery, & Greenhouse Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers Food Batchmakers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers Food Batchmakers Farmworkers & Laborers, Crop, Nursery, & Greenhouse Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals Food Batchmakers Farm Workers & Laborers, Crop, Nursery, & Greenhouse
Gateway Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Landscaping & Groundskeeping Workers Veterinary Technologists & Technicians Butchers & Meat Cutters Biological Technicians Life, Physical, & Social Science Technicians, All Other 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Logging Equipment Operators Butchers & Meat Cutters Biological Technicians Outdoor Power Equipment Mechanics Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, & Applicators, Vegetation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agricultural Equipment Operators Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders Logging Equipment Operators Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, & Applicators, Vegetation Outdoor Power Equipment & Other Small Engine Mechanics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders Outdoor Power Equipment & Other Small Engine Mechanics Food & Tobacco Roasting, Baking, & Drying Machine Operators & Tenders Logging Equipment Operators Animal Breeders 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Butchers & Meat Cutters Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, & Applicators, Vegetation Graders & Sorters, Agricultural Products Outdoor Power Equipment & Other Small Engine Mechanics 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Butchers & Meat Cutters Refuse & Recyclable Material Collectors Agricultural Equipment Operators Chemical Technicians Outdoor Power Equipment & Other Small Engine Mechanics
Target Occupations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HVAC Mechanics & Installers Chemists Veterinarians Chemical Technicians Food Science Technicians 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HVAC Mechanics Telecommunications Equipment Installers Environmental Scientists & Specialists Chemical Technicians Surveyors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HVAC Mechanics & Installers Telecommunications Equipment Installers & Repairers Environmental Scientists & Specialists Urban & Regional Planners Biological Science Teachers, Postsecondary 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HVAC Mechanics Veterinarians Telecommunications Equipment Installers & Repairers Nuclear Engineers Environmental Scientists & Specialists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Veterinarians Food Science Technicians Biological Technicians Biological Science Teachers, Postsecondary Wind Turbine Service Technicians 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HVAC Mechanics Telecommunications Equipment Installers Biological Technicians Conservation Scientists Wind Turbine Service Technicians

High Location Quotient (LQ) Occupations for Agriculture, Food, and Natural Resources, By Region 2024Q1

	MSP Metro	Northeast	Northwest	Central	Southwest	Southeast
LQ > 1.20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hydrologists Animal Scientists Foresters Stationary Engineers & Boiler Operators Food Scientists & Technologists 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mining & Geological Engineers, Including Mining Safety Engineers Logging Equipment Operators Logging Workers, All Other Fallers Stationary Engineers & Boiler Operators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Farmers, Ranchers, & Other Agricultural Managers Farm Equipment Mechanics & Service Technicians Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders Animal Scientists Food Batchmakers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Nuclear Power Reactor Operators Nuclear Technicians Animal Breeders Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals Nuclear Engineers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals Animal Breeders Farm Equipment Mechanics & Service Technicians Animal Scientists Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Meat, Poultry, & Fish Cutters & Trimmers Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, & Aquacultural Animals Animal Breeders Food Cooking Machine Operators & Tenders Farmers, Ranchers, & Other Agricultural Managers

Conclusion

Minnesota continues to experience a persistent labor shortage in critical career fields and has seen slower workforce growth in the past two years compared to other states due to retirement-related departures. Demand for talent in Architecture, Engineering, Health Science, and other Life Sciences continues to grow significantly, with the diversity of Minnesota's industries remaining one of its greatest economic strengths. Minnesota's highly educated workforce is a critical asset for addressing future talent gaps, as many occupations forecasting shortages typically require an associate or bachelor's degree, although interest in skills-based hiring and developments in Learning and Employment Records (LERs) may shift the landscape of career opportunities rapidly for individuals with related experience and skillsets.

Minnesota lags 2019 pre-pandemic employment volumes by only about 4,000 workers and is currently exceeding pre-pandemic employment forecast expectations. However, despite a steady recovery for the region since 2021 and improving employment forecasts for all six career fields compared to last year's estimates, Minnesota is likely to experience an overall employment decline of about -0.1% on average annually over the next five years due in large part to the aging of the local workforce. With a rapidly aging workforce in Health Science Technology, Human Services, and Engineering, Manufacturing, and Technology—the three career fields most closely aligned to Minnesota's top industries by economic contribution—talent shortages have persisted and will continue to be exacerbated without an influx of new talent into these careers.

FAQ

What is a location quotient?

A location quotient (LQ) is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation.

What is a cluster?

A cluster is a geographic concentration of interrelated industries or occupations. If a regional cluster has a location quotient of 1.25 or greater, the region is considered to possess a competitive advantage in that cluster.

What is the CTE Career Field, Cluster, and Pathway taxonomy used in this report?

Career clusters and pathways have been identified for this report by the Source: National Career Clusters® Framework external site implemented by Department of Defense ASVAB Career Exploration Program, Advance CTE and viewable on ONET <https://www.onetonline.org/find/career?c=8>, updated to the 2020 SOC classification system. A summary of these six career fields and associated clusters and pathways can be found at https://www.minnstate.edu/system/cte/consortium_resources/documents/pos-career-wheel-8x11-2016.pdf. This report uses the prior Framework currently in use nationally, *not* the Modern Framework, which was released in October 2024.

What is separation demand?

Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. The total projected demand for an occupation is the sum of the separation demand and the growth demand (which is the increase or decrease of jobs in an occupation expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs in that occupation).

What is the difference between industry wages and occupation wages?

Industry wages and occupation wages are estimated via separate data sets, often the time periods being reported do not align, and wages are defined slightly differently in the two systems (for example, certain bonuses are included in the industry wages but not the occupation wages). It is therefore common that estimates of the average industry wages and average occupation wages in a region do not match exactly.

What is NAICS?

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is used to classify business establishments according to the type of economic activity. The NAICS Code comprises six levels, from the “all industry” level to the 6-digit level. The first two digits define the top level category, known as the “sector,” which is the level examined in this report.

What is SOC?

The Standard Occupational Classification system (SOC) is used to classify workers into occupational categories. All workers are classified into one of over 804 occupations according to their occupational definition. To facilitate classification, occupations are combined to form 22 major groups, 95 minor groups, and 452 occupation groups. Each occupation group includes detailed occupations requiring similar job duties, skills, education, or experience.

What is CIP?

The Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) is a taxonomy of academic programs developed by the US Department of Education. Colleges and universities across the country assign CIP codes to their academic programs. CIP codes are also often assigned to courses, certificates, and degrees.

Where can I learn more about the sources that were used in this report?

Lightcast offers a suite of labor market data analysis tools that are used to analyze candidate profiles and educational data from NCES IPEDS to track program graduate data and estimate talent pool availability. These tools scrape millions of candidate profiles and model skills, credentials, and employment experience to link where talent is located to where talent is in demand.

Chmura JobsEQ is a labor market data analysis tool that provides employment, unemployment, and education data from sources like the Bureau of Labor Statistics, Census Bureau, and NCES IPEDS and models this data at detailed geographic levels. This tool is utilized by RealTime Talent to model alternate forecasts impacted by COVID-19 to show possible future-state talent gaps, award gaps, and optimistic employment growth.

Who created this report?

This report was developed by RealTime Talent for Minnesota State in November 2024. If you have questions about the data found in this report, or are interested in learning more, please contact Catherine Jett at catherine@realtimetalentmn.org or visit the RealTime Talent website at www.realtimetalent.org

Data Notes

Chmura JobsEQ Source Details

- Occupation employment by default indicates employment by place of work. Occupation employment is as of 2024Q1 and based on industry employment and local staffing patterns calculated by JobsEQ and utilizing BLS OES data. Employment forecasts are by RealTime Talent using models provided by JobsEQ and are consistent with BLS national-level 10-year forecasts. Occupation wages (mean, median, and percentiles) are derived from BLS OES data as of 2023 and represent the average for all Covered Employment. Entry-level and experienced wages are derived from these source data, computed by JobsEQ.
- Industry employment is as of 2024Q1 and based upon BLS QCEW data that are imputed by JobsEQ where necessary and supplemented by additional sources including Census ZBP data.
- Education and training requirements are from the BLS. Educational attainment mix and other occupation demographics data are modeled by JobsEQ for 2024Q1 using regional occupation employment from JobsEQ, ZCTA-level demographics data from the Census Bureau, and national occupation-demographics patterns from the BLS.
- Postsecondary awards are per the NCES and for the 2022-2023 academic year. Any programs shown are linked with the occupation(s) being analyzed via the program-occupation crosswalk, which may not be comprehensive. Any programs shown reflect only data reported to the NCES; reporting is required of all Title IV schools. Training providers that do not report data to the NCES are not reflected.
- The sections on Employer Demand include Job ads data from TalentNeuron, which allows for greater specificity on education, experience level, and employer names. Since many extraneous factors can affect short-term volume of online job postings, time-series data can be volatile and should be used with caution. All ad counts represent deduplicated figures.
- Occupation gaps are modeled by JobsEQ, indicating long-term potential supply and demand mismatches in a region due, in part, to job demand and labor pool dynamics, including educational attainment and projected growth.
- Occupation employment by place of residence is as of 2024Q1 and modeled by JobsEQ based upon occupation employment by place of work and commuting patterns. Commuting patterns are derived from source data from the Census Bureau, occupation-specific commuting tendencies, and updated to reflect more recent population and employment estimates.
- Annual demand is the sum of the annual projected growth demand and separation demand. Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. Growth demand is the increase or decrease of jobs expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs.
- Figures may not sum due to rounding.

Job Posting Source Details

- **Chmura JobsEQ:** General job ads data from the Regional Overview section of the report are based on online job posts from the Real-Time Intelligence (RTI) data set, produced by JobsEQ and gleaned from over 45,000 websites. Data reflect ads active during October 2024 and advertised for any Zip Code Tabulation Area in or intersecting with the region for which this report was produced. Historical ad volume is revised as additional data are made available and processed.
- **TalentNeuron:** Detailed job posting data insights provided in the Job Postings section of the report are aggregated using TalentNeuron (<https://www.talentneuron.com/>), a job posting aggregation tool which allows for greater specificity on education, experience level, and employer names. This report summarizes information from postings newly advertised between November 1, 2023, and October 31, 2024. Since many extraneous factors can affect short-term volume of online job postings, time-series data can be volatile and should be used with caution. All ad counts represent deduplicated figures.
 - Demand: TalentNeuron scrapes approximately 1.3 million job postings daily, which are cleaned, deduplicated, and aggregated on the platform daily.
 - Skills: TalentNeuron categorizes and tags skill and experience data from individual job postings for analysis at the aggregate level. The platform recognizes over 30,000 unique individual skills.
 - Salary: TalentNeuron AI algorithms scrape job postings for salaries which are added to a historical database. As not all job postings include salaries, statistical analysis is used to predict or model the likely salary offer, which is vetted against U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics employment wage data.

Definitions and Methodology

High-Wage

High-Wage occupations are defined as occupations that have average annual wages greater than the overall regional median wage (\$54,100 in the state as of 2024Q1).

High-Skill

High-Skill occupations are those that typically require a certificate or other formal credential for employment. Occupation by educational attainment are regional data modeled by JobsEQ using U.S. Census Bureau Educational Attainment data projected to 2024Q1 along with source data from the BLS.

High-Demand

High-Demand occupations are defined as occupations that fulfill two or more of the following demand criteria: 1) high growth, 2) high total demand, 3) low unemployment, 4) high unemployment-to-posting ratio, and/or 5) high posting volume.

D1: 5-Yr Growth

An occupation is considered to have high growth in that occupation has forecasted 5-year growth that is greater than the overall regional forecasted 5-year pessimistic growth model.

D2: Total Demand

An occupation is considered to have high total demand if the total 5-year forecast employment growth, transfers, and exits combined is greater than 50% of total employment in that occupation as of 2024Q1 (i.e. high long-term demand)

D3: Unempl <3%

An occupation is considered to have low unemployment if the estimated unemployment rate for the occupation is below 3% in the region as of 2024Q1 (i.e. high employer retention demand)

D4: Posting Ratio

An occupation is considered to have a strained unemployment-to-posting ratio if the estimated volume of unemployed individuals regionally exceeds the number of online job postings advertised in the month of October 2024 (i.e. ratio of unemployed-to-posts is greater than 1; low talent supply)

D5: Posting Volume

An occupation is considered to have high posting volumes if the volume of online job postings in August 2024 was greater than 200 in the region, the occupation is considered to have high job posting volumes (i.e. high immediate employer demand).

Occupation Gaps

Occupation gaps are developed by JobsEQ and use a multitude of data sources. Employment supply and demand projections are based on a starting date of 2024Q1 using baseline low-growth forecasts modeled from the Bureau of Labor Statistics (more pessimistic forecast outlook than utilized in D1 and D2). The potential supply shortfall is an underlying force that the market needs to resolve one way or another, such as by employers recruiting from further distances for these occupations, wages going up to attract more candidates, and/or increased demand and wages enticing more local residents to get training for these occupations. While this is an important analysis for determining local occupation needs, the occupation gap should be considered along with other regional data including growth and separation forecasts, unemployment rates, wage trends, and award and skill gap analyses.

Award Gaps

This metric illustrates the difference between the number of awards conferred (which are post-secondary certificates or degrees) and the occupation demand in your region. Negative values represent the gap, or shortage, of degrees being awarded in the region to meet the demand for the occupations selected. The positive values represent the surplus of awards meaning that the number of awards awarded are greater than the target range of demand for the region. Awards data are based upon degrees conferred for the academic year 2022-2023 and are provided by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES). Occupation employment data are derived from the most recent four quarters of industry employment (from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, updated quarterly) and the industry/occupation matrix available for the region. Occupation training concentrations and shortfalls are calculated by JobsEQ. The percent college educated are provided by the BLS per the Employment Projections Program.

Location Quotient

Location quotient is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation. [Click here to see the formula for LQ.](#) Occupations with a LQ greater than or equal to 1.2 have been flagged in this analysis of having a unique specialization in the region.